

IMMOBILIARE GRANDE DISTRIBUZIONE SOCIETA' DI INVESTIMENTO IMMOBILIARE QUOTATA S.P.A.

Registered office in Ravenna (RA), Via Agro Pontino n. 13,

Headquarters in Bologna, Via Trattati Comunitari Europei 1957-2007 n. 13,

Tax ID, VAT no. 00397420399 and Ravenna Company Register no. 88573

Share capital subscribed and paid-in: EUR 599,760,278.16



Half-Year Financial Report **at 30/06/2017**

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Corporate and supervisory bodies

Board of Directors	Office held	Executive	Non executive	Independent	Chairman's committee	Control and Risk committee	Compensation and Nominations committee	Related Party Transaction Committee
Elio Gasperoni	Chairman	x			x			
Fernando Pellegrini	Vice Chairman		x		x			
Claudio Albertini	CEO	x			x			
Aristide Canosani	Director		x					
Gilberto Coffari	Director		x					
Luca Dondi Dall'Orologio	Director			x				
Leonardo Caporioni	Director		x					
Matteo Cidonio	Director			x				x
Elisabetta Gualandri	Director			x		x	x	
Milva Carletti	Director			x			x	
Rossella Saoncella	Director			x		x		x
Andrea Parenti	Director			x			x	x
Livia Salvini	Director			x		x		

Board of statutory auditors	Office held	Standing	Alternate
Anna Maria Allievi	Chairman	X	
Roberto Chiusoli	Auditor	X	
Pasquina Corsi	Auditor	X	
Pierluigi Brandolini	Auditor		X
Isabella Landi	Auditor		X
Andrea Bonechi	Auditor		X

Supervisory board

Fabio Carpanelli (Chairman), Alessandra De Martino, Riccardo Sabadini.

External auditors







PricewaterhouseCoopers S.p.A.







Financial reporting officer

Grazia Margherita Piolanti

1. The IGD Group's Interim Management Statement

1.1. Financial and Economic Highlights at 30 June 2017

 <p>€71.6 mn</p> <p>Core business revenues</p> <p>+6.0%</p>	 <p>€50.0 mn</p> <p>Core business Ebitda</p> <p>+6.9%</p> <p>Margin 69.8% (+60bps)</p> <p>Margin from freehold 79.5% (+90bps)</p>
 <p>31,9 € mn</p> <p>Funds From Operations (FFO)</p> <p>+17.8%</p> <p>FFO per share 0.039</p>	 <p>€48.9 mn</p> <p>Group Net Profit</p> <p>+84.6%</p>
 <p>€2,210.4 mn</p> <p>Portfolio Market Value</p> <p>+1.5% (LFL +0.7%)</p>	 <p>€1.31 per share</p> <p>Epra NNNAV</p> <p>+1.6% vs 1.29 FY2016</p>

 <p>€1,076.8 mn</p> <p>Net Debt</p> <p>€ 1,055.4 mn as at 31/12/2016</p>	 <p>2.9%</p> <p>Average cost of debt</p> <p>3.3% as at 31/12/2016</p>
 <p>2.8x</p> <p>Interst Cover Ratio (ICR)</p> <p>2.2x as at 31/12/2016</p>	 <p>94.5%</p> <p>Hedging on long term debt + bond</p> <p>93.8% as at 31/12/2016</p>
 <p>48.5 %</p> <p>Loan to value</p> <p>48.3% as at 31/12/2016</p>	 <p>0.98</p> <p>Gearing</p> <p>0.97 as at 31/12/2016</p>

1.2. Introduction

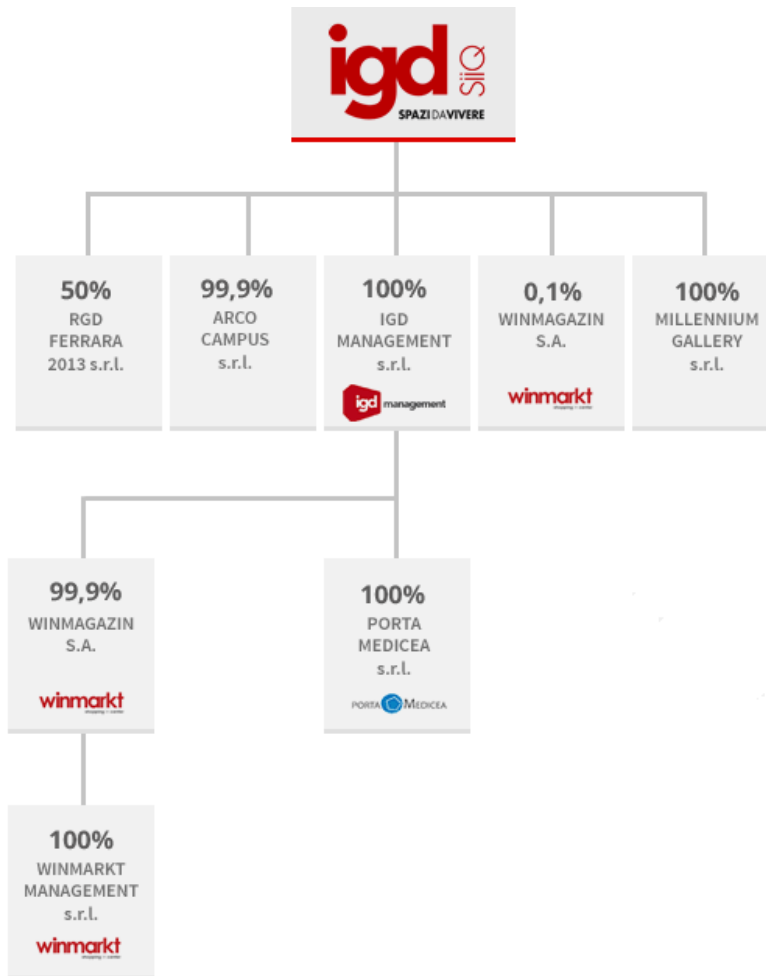
The Immobiliare Grande Distribuzione Group's Consolidated Half-Year Financial Report at 30 June 2017 was prepared pursuant to Art. 154-ter of Legislative Decree 58/1998 and in accordance with the valuation criteria and measurements established by the IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) adopted by the European Commission as per the procedure established in Art. 6 of EC Regulation n°1606/2002 issued by the European Parliament and the Council on 19 July 2002, and in particular with IAS 34 – Interim Financial Reporting. The Half-Year Financial Report, along with the notes to the accounts, consolidates the income statements and statements of financial position at 30 June 2017 of IGD Siiq S.p.A. and other Group companies described in the section on the scope of consolidation.

Alternative performance indicators

This report contains alternative performance indicators with respect to the conventional indicators required of audited financial statements which comply with IAS/IFRS. The alternative performance indicators do stem from financial statements prepared on an IAS/IFRS-compliant basis, but have also been calculated using other sources or alternative methods, where so indicated, which may not comply with the accounting standards used in financial statements subject to financial audit and may not reflect the requirements for reporting, recognition and presentation associated with these standards. The indicators viewed as important to the understanding of the Group's financial statements include like-for-like revenue, core business Ebitda, core business Ebitda margin, FFO, net financial position, interest cover ratio, average cost of debt (net of recurring and non-recurring transaction costs), gearing ratio, Loan to value, net asset value (NAV) and triple net asset value (NNNAV). The methods used to calculate these indicators are described in the Glossary.

1.3. The IGD Group

IGD was the first company in Italy to obtain SIIQ (Società di Investimento Immobiliare Quotata or real estate investment trust) status in 2008 and is still the only retail real estate company that qualifies as a SIIQ. Most of the Group's real estate assets are in Italy (93%). In Romania IGD owns the Winmarkt chain of shopping centers through WinMagazin SA (7%).



IGD SIIQ's perimeter of exempt operations includes the freehold assets found in Italy. On 1 April the merger by incorporation was completed of Igd Property SIINQ S.p.A. and Punta di Ferro SIINQ S.p.A. in IGD SIIQ S.p.A.

At 30 June 2017 the Parent Company IGD SIIQ SpA also controls:

- ✓ 100% of **Millennium Gallery**, (part of the Rovereto shopping mall and a business division in the shopping center in Crema);
- ✓ 50% of **RGD Ferrara 2013**, formed on 30 September 2013, to manage the Darsena City Shopping Center in Ferrara;
- ✓ 99.9% di **Arco Campus srl**, company dedicated to the construction, leasing and management of properties used for sports, in addition to the development and dissemination of sports;
- ✓ 100% of **IGD Management srl** which, in addition to owning the CentroSarca shopping mall in Milan, also holds the majority of the operations which are not included in the SIIQ's scope of consolidation:
 - ✓ 99.9% of **WinMagazine SA**, the Romanian subsidiary, through which it controls 100% of **WinMarktManagement srl**, the company responsible for the team of Romanian managers;
 - ✓ 100% of **Porta Medicea srl**, responsible for the requalification and real estate development project of Livorno's waterfront;
 - ✓ management of the leasehold properties (Centro Nova and Centro Piave);
 - ✓ service activities which include mandates for the management of freehold and leasehold properties.

1.4. Income statement review

The first half of 2017 was characterized by the strengthening of the international economic cycle: the acceleration of investments in most economies sustained world trade which showed decided recovery compared to 2016. A few risks remain connected to the direction of economic policies and the possible repercussions for financial markets, but overall the prospects for global growth are favorable.¹

In Italy the recovery begun in 2014 continued in the first quarter of 2017 with an acceleration in trade and the GDP rising +0.4% compared to the prior quarter. This trend continued in subsequent months.²

This acceleration caused the main research institutes to increase growth estimates for 2017. GDP is expected to increase by +1.3%/1.4% by year-end. This trend will be supported mainly by investments and exports boosted by the recovery in world trade. Household spending will be fueled by higher disposable income supported also by an increase in employment³: the unemployment rate fell to 11.1% in June, returning to the levels recorded in 2012⁴.

As for IGD, in the first six months of 2017 sales of the retailers in the Group's Italian malls rose +1.3% (including the Esp extension) compared to the prior half, while footfalls fell slightly. This additional growth is compared to a 2016 during which IGD posted particularly positive operating results.

Rental income also performed well, rising 5.2% (the like-for-like increase reached +1.5% with what continues to be a marginal contribution from inflation). Pre-letting activities continued and an upside of 4.7% was recorded for the new contracts. Occupancy was stable at 97.2%.

In the first half of 2017 IGD also continued with its asset management activities: the most important event was most certainly the opening of the Centro ESP extension in Ravenna on June, 1st. This sizeable addition, which added an additional GLA of 19,000 m², provided space for 43 more stores and 8 restaurants. The more than 510,000 footfalls recorded in the first month after the opening are proof of the project's great appeal. Work also continued at the Città delle Stelle shopping center in Ascoli Piceno where a new zone in the shopping mall is being created (more than 90% pre-let) following the downsizing of the hypermarket. As part of the Porta a Mare project IGD repurchased 20% of the share capital of Porta Medicea S.r.l. and, at the same time, the CMB Group purchased 14 apartments in the residential area of Piazza Mazzini.

In Romania economic growth is proceeding at a more robust pace. In the first quarter of 2017 GDP rose by more than 5% driven, once again, by internal demand. Family spending also grew by more than 5%. This trend should continue for the entire year, even though inflation is expected to accelerate.⁵ This good economic dynamic had a positive impact on the performance of our shopping centers; occupancy, which came to 96.9% (versus 96.1% at year-end 2016) is, basically, stabilized at levels in line with the Italian assets, thanks also to the significant work done by IGD on restyling and refreshing the merchandise mix. Pre-letting and negotiations in the first six months of 2017 resulted in an upside of 2.5% on new contracts. These good results contributed to the increase in rental income which rose 7% compared to the same period of last year.

From a financial standpoint, the successful completion of the private placement in January with the US group Prudential Financial Inc testified to the Group's good credit profile (as did the Baa3 rating, with a stable outlook, assigned by Moody's in December). In April, furthermore, the IRS BNP stipulated by IGD Management at a cost of 4.38% (the most expensive in IGD's portfolio) expired and was substituted with a 10-year IRS at a cost of 0.5925%, while short term borrowing costs continued to be low (around 3 bps). All of this made it possible for IGD to further reduce the average

¹ Source: Bank of Italy – Economic bulletin n.3/2017, July 2017; IMF – World Economic Outlook Update, July 2017

² Source: Centro Studi Confindustria – Economic forecasts n.29, June 2017

³ Source: Centro Studi Confindustria – Economic forecasts n.29, June 2017; IMF – World Economic Outlook Update, July 2017

⁴ Source: Istat – Employed and unemployed, July 2017

⁵ Source: European Commission – European Economic Forecast, May 2017

cost of debt which went from the 3.3% posted year-end 2016 to 2.9% at 30 June 2017 and increase the Interest Cover Ratio from the 2.2 posted year-end 2016 to 2.8.

The above results, which will be described in greater detail later on, helped the Group record a net profit of €48.9 million, an increase of 84.6% compared to the first half of 2016, and FFO of €31.9 million, an increase of 17.8%.

	CONSOLIDATED			CORE BUSINESS			PORTA A MARE PROJECT			
	€/000	30/06/2016	30/06/2017	Δ%	30/06/2016	30/06/2017	Δ%	30/06/2016	30/06/2017	Δ%
Revenues from freehold real estate and rental activities		58,838	62,068	5.5%	58,838	62,068	5.5%	0	0	n.a.
Revenues from leasehold real estate and rental activities		6,147	6,318	2.8%	6,147	6,318	2.8%	0	0	n.a.
Total revenues from real estate and rental activities		64,985	68,386	5.2%	64,985	68,386	5.2%	0	0	n.a.
Revenues from services		2,558	3,226	26.1%	2,558	3,226	26.1%	0	0	n.a.
Revenues from trading		590	4,048	n.a.	0	0	n.a.	590	4,048	n.a.
OPERATING REVENUES		68,133	75,660	11.0%	67,543	71,612	6.0%	590	4,048	n.a.
COST OF SALE AND OTHER COSTS		(577)	(4,043)	n.a.	0	(0)	n.a.	(577)	(4,043)	n.a.
Rents and payable leases		(5,060)	(5,101)	0.8%	(5,060)	(5,101)	0.8%	0	0	n.a.
Personnel expenses		(1,940)	(2,199)	13.3%	(1,940)	(2,199)	13.3%	0	0	n.a.
Direct costs		(8,568)	(9,010)	5.2%	(8,454)	(8,875)	5.0%	(113)	(135)	19.1%
DIRECT COSTS		(15,568)	(16,310)	4.8%	(15,455)	(16,175)	4.7%	(113)	(135)	19.1%
GROSS MARGIN		51,987	55,307	6.4%	52,087	55,437	6.4%	(100)	(130)	29.6%
Headquarters personnel		(3,297)	(3,414)	3.5%	(3,260)	(3,379)	3.7%	(37)	(35)	(4.5)%
G&A Expenses		(2,261)	(2,204)	(2.5)%	(2,085)	(2,076)	(0.5)%	(176)	(128)	(27.1)%
G&A EXPENSES		(5,559)	(5,618)	1.1%	(5,346)	(5,455)	2.0%	(213)	(163)	(23.2)%
EBITDA		46,429	49,689	7.0%	46,742	49,982	6.9%	(313)	(293)	(6.3)%
<i>Ebitda Margin</i>		<i>68.1%</i>	<i>65.7%</i>		<i>69.2%</i>	<i>69.8%</i>				
Other provisions		(97)	(108)	10.9%						
Impairment and Fair Value Adjustments		358	18,933	n.a.						
Depreciation		(558)	(513)	(8.0)%						
DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENTS		(297)	18,312	n.a.						
EBIT		46,132	68,001	47.4%						
FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT		(19,645)	(17,544)	(10.7)%						
EXTRAORDINARY MANAGEMENT		(179)	(63)	(64.9)%						
PRE-TAX PROFIT		26,308	50,394	91.6%						
Taxes		(504)	(656)	30.3%						
Other taxes		366	(794)	n.a.						
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		26,170	48,944	87.0%						
(Profit)/Loss for the period related to Third parties		338	0	n.a.						
GROUP NET PROFIT		26,508	48,944	84.6%						

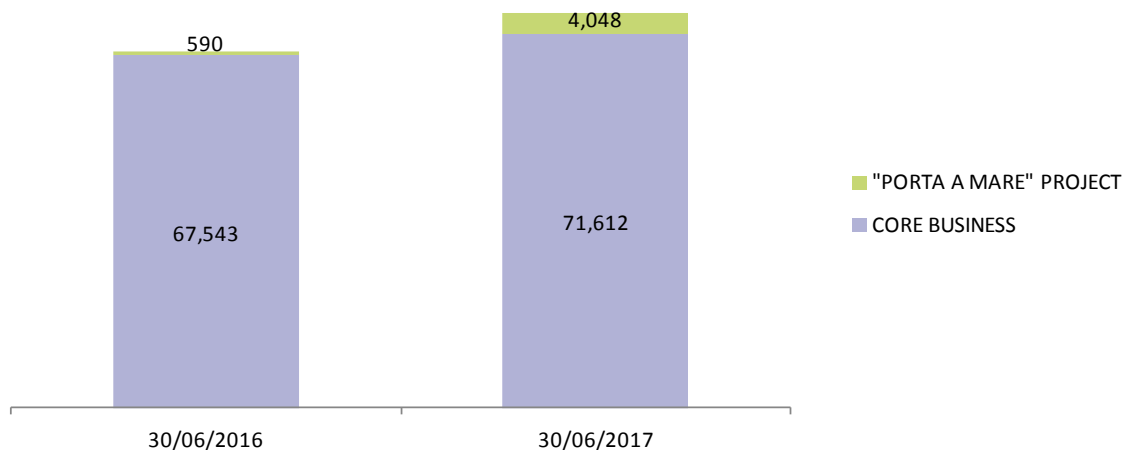
Certain cost and revenue items have been reclassified or offset which explains the difference with respect to the financial statements (please refer to operating segment information). Payroll costs include ancillary expenses.

Revenue

Consolidated operating revenue amounted to €75,660 thousand, an increase of 11.0% against the same period of the prior year.

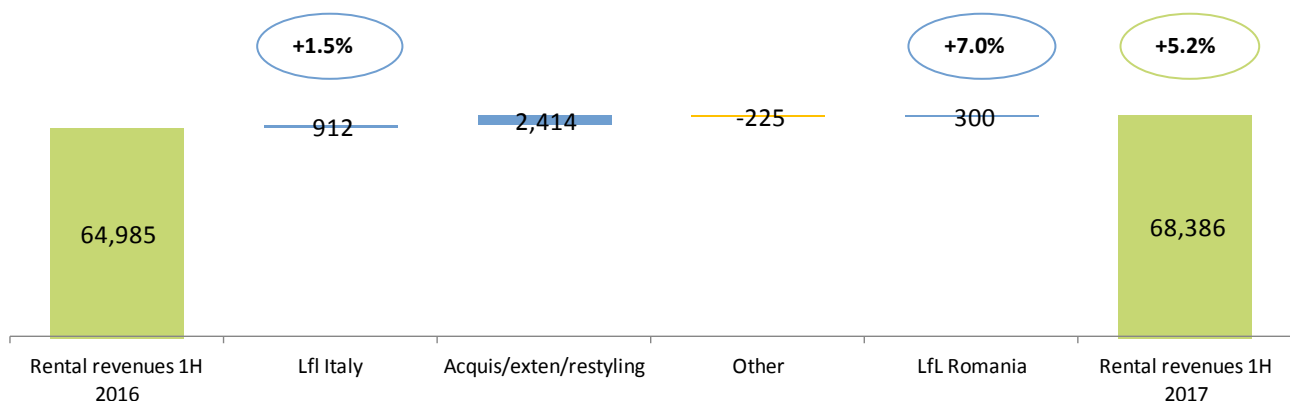
The core business revenue reached €71,612 thousand, an increase of 6.0%; the Porta a Mare project generated €4,048 thousand in trading revenue.

Total revenues



The breakdown of revenue is described below:

- ✓ **The revenue from the rental business** rose 5.2% to €68,386 thousand.



The increase of €3,401 thousand is explained:

- for €912 thousand, by like-for-like revenue in Italy (+1.5%). Malls were up (+2.1% as a result of the pre-letting completed between year-end 2016 and the first half, as well as lower discounts) and hypermarkets were up slightly compared to the prior year. 74 new contracts were signed in the period with **an average upside of +4.7%**;
- for around €2,414 thousand, by the expanded perimeter which comprises the Maremà shopping center in Grosseto opened in October and the Esp extension which was inaugurated in June 2017;
- for -€225 thousand, by non-recurring revenue generated in 2016;
- for around €300 thousand, by higher like-for-like revenue in Romania (+7%) linked to pre-letting and leases renegotiated in the period (136 leases were renewed in the period with **an average upside of +2.5%**);

- ✓ **Revenue from services** rose against first half 2016 (+26.1%). Most of this revenue comes from the facility management business (81.8% of the total or €2,641 thousand), an increase against the prior period (+9.0%) due mainly to new management mandates. Revenue from agency management rose €98 thousand as a result mainly of pre-letting at the Poseidon center and pilotage fees were €285 thousand higher than in the prior year as result of the activities related to the opening of the Esp extension.

- ✓ **Revenue from trading** generated by the Porta a Mare project amounted to €4,048 thousand and reflects the sale of 14 residential units and 14 garages. At the approval date of this half-year report 2 other sales had closed and preliminary agreements for an additional 8 residential units had been signed; the total of the units sold/pledged has, therefore, reached 78% of the total saleable area.

Cost of goods sold and other expenses

“**Cost of goods sold and other expenses**”, which amounted to €4,043 thousand, refers for €4,035 thousand to the cost of the units sold and for €8 thousand to the ancillary sales costs.

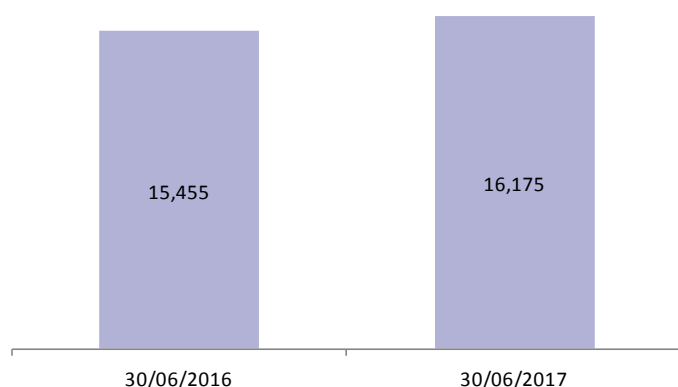
Direct costs

Direct costs, pertaining to the **core business** and including payroll costs, amounted to €16,175 thousand, an increase of 4.7% with respect to the same period of the prior year.

This increase is linked to the expanded freehold and leasehold perimeter which resulted in an increase in property taxes (IMU), direct personnel costs and pilotage costs (explained by the activities which also generated revenue). There was a decrease in provisions for doubtful accounts (given the improved economic environment).

The costs pertaining to the core business fell as a percentage of revenue from the 22.9% recorded in first half of 2016 to 22.6%.

Core business direct cost



The direct costs for the Porta a Mare project, which amounted to €135 thousand, consist primarily in the IMU property tax (€73 thousand) and condominium fees.

Review of margins by business unit

The divisional gross margin rose by 6.4% from the €51,987 thousand posted at 30 June 2016 to €55,307 thousand at 30 June 2017. The table below shows the trend in divisional gross margins by business unit:

	CONSOLIDATED			CORE BUSINESS			PORTA A MARE PROJECT		
	30/06/2016	30/06/2017	Δ%	30/06/2016	30/06/2017	Δ%	30/06/2016	30/06/2017	Δ%
Margin from freehold properties	50,870	54,056	6.3%	50,870	54,056	6.3%	0	0	n.a.
Margin from leasehold properties	1,030	1,184	14.9%	1,030	1,184	14.9%	0	0	n.a.
Margin from services	187	197	5.0%	187	197	5.0%	0	0	n.a.
Margin from trading	(100)	(130)	30.0%	0	0	n.a.	(100)	(130)	30.0%
Gross margin	51,987	55,307	6.4%	52,087	55,437	6.4%	(100)	(130)	30.0%

SBU 1 - Property leasing - margin from freehold properties: this margin amounted to €54,056 thousand, versus €50,870 thousand in the prior year (+6.3%). In percentage terms, this activity continues to feature a significant margin of 87.1% which is also higher than the prior year (increase in revenue and largely stable costs)

SBU 1 - Property leasing – margin on leasehold properties: this margin reached €1,184 thousand. As a percentage of revenue this margin reached 18.7%, an increase against the same period of the prior year (16.8%) linked mainly to the growth in revenue and the decrease in costs.

SBU 2 - Services - margin from service businesses: the margin from services amounted to €197 thousand. As a percentage of revenue the margin fell from the 7.3% posted in the prior year to 6.1%. The decline is attributable to the Esp pilotage costs which diluted the total margin.

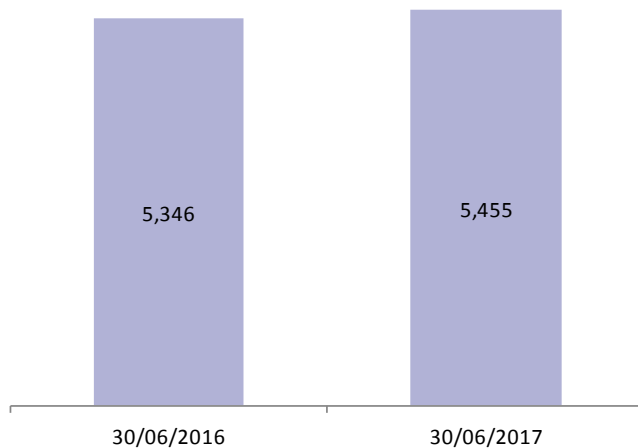
SBU 3 – Development and trading – margin from trading: the margin from the “Porta a Mare” project in Livorno reached €5 thousand and after direct costs (linked largely to the property taxes (IMU) on the undeveloped properties) the result was negative for €130 thousand.

General expenses

General expenses for the core business, including payroll costs at headquarters came to €5,455 thousand, an increase (+2.0%) against the €5,346 thousand posted in the prior year. While payroll costs were higher (as a result of the corporate welfare project and variable compensation), other operating costs were down. These costs represent 7.6% of core business revenue, lower than the 7.9% posted in the prior year.

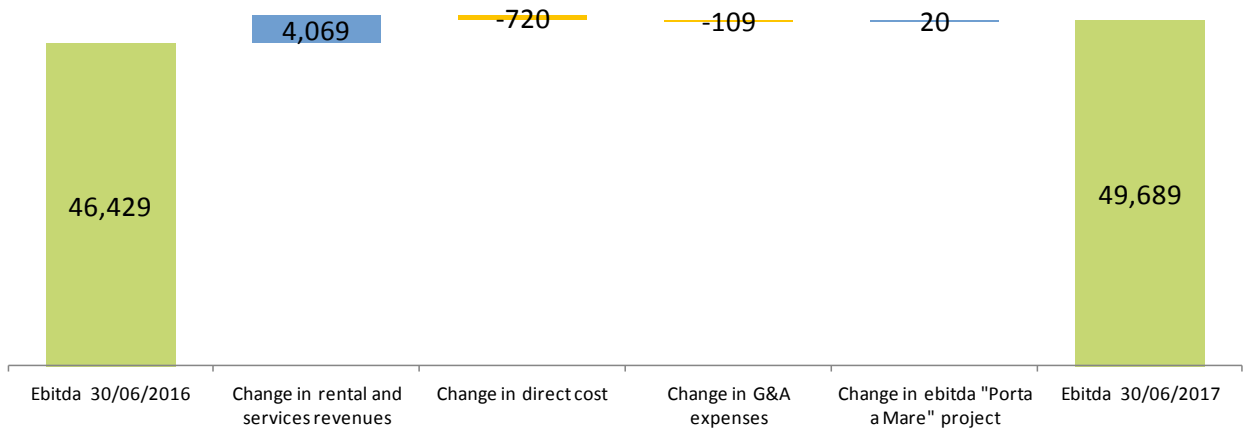
General expenses for the Porta a Mare project amounted to €163 thousand (including payroll costs), a decrease of 23.2% with respect to the prior year.

Core business G&A expenses



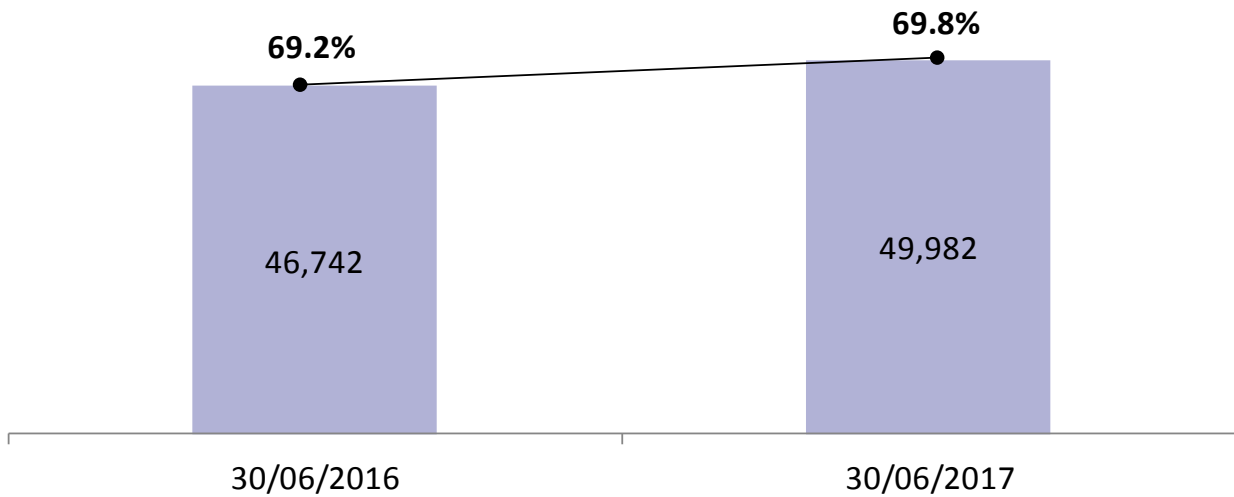
EBITDA

Core business **EBITDA** amounted to €49,982 thousand in the first half of 2017, an increase of 6.9% with respect to the same period of the prior year, while total EBITDA rose by 7.0% to €49,689 thousand. The changes in the components of total EBITDA during the period are shown below.



As mentioned above, total EBITDA was impacted substantially by the increase in core business revenue (as a result also of the expanded perimeter), offset by the less than proportional increase in direct costs and general expenses. The core business **EBITDA MARGIN** came in at 69.8%, an increase of 0.6 percentage points with respect to the same period of the prior year.

Core business ebitda and ebitda margin

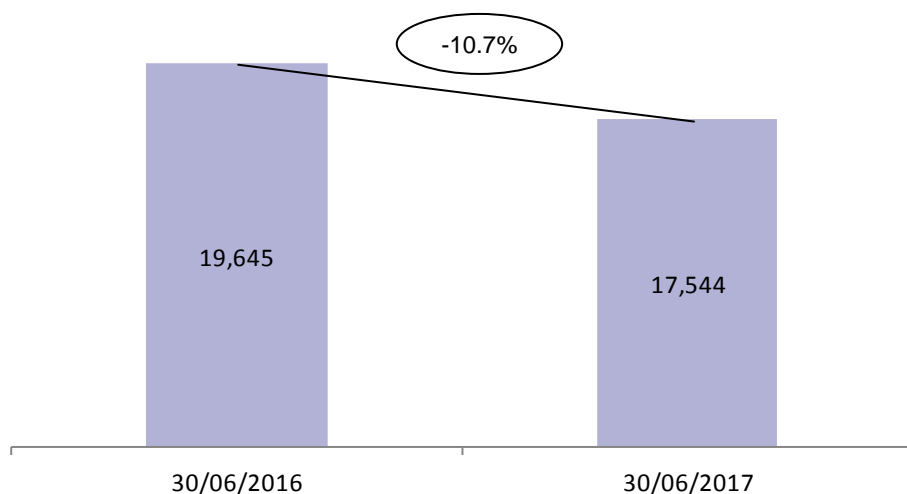


EBIT

EBIT amounted to €68,001 thousand, an increase of 47.4% against the same period 2016. In addition to the above mentioned rise in EBITDA, the result reflects the positive balance of write-downs and fair value adjustments (+€18,933 thousand versus +€358 thousand in first half 2016).

Net financial income (expense)

Financial management



Financial expense fell from the €19,645 thousand recorded at 30 June 2016 to €17,544 thousand at 30 June 2017. The decrease, of around €2,101 thousand, is attributable mainly to lower interest expense due to the early repayment of loans from BNP and Banco Popolare di Verona the previous year and the termination of a mortgage loan at its natural maturity in December 2016, as well as a decrease in the use of short-term credit facilities and a decline in interest rates. Costs for interest rate swaps (IRS) also decreased. The drop in financial expense was partially offset by the costs associated with the €300 million bond issued on 31 May 2016 and the €100 million bond issued on 11 January 2017, as well as the rating costs and the fees for the expiring Committed Revolving Credit Facilities.

For the first half of 2017, the average cost of debt (without considering recurring and non-recurring transaction costs) was 2.91%, down from 3.23% the previous year, while the weighted average effective cost of debt went from 3.69% to 3.21%.

For more information please refer to the explanatory notes (note 9 of the Condensed interim consolidated financial statements).

Equity investments/non-recurring transactions

The result posted in the half, -€63 thousand, is attributable mainly to the results posted by equity investments accounted for using the equity method.

Taxes

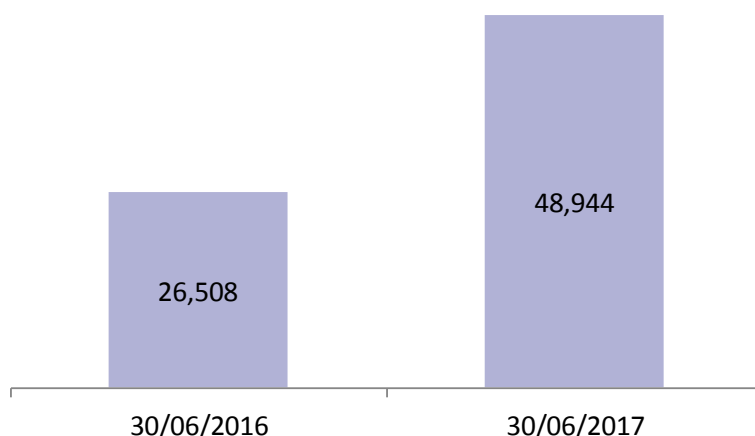
Income Taxes	30/06/2017	6/30/2016	Change
Current taxes	656	504	152
Deferred tax assets and liabilities	794	(366)	1,160
Total income taxes of the period	1,450	138	1,312

The tax burden, current and deferred, reached €1,450 thousand at 30 June 2017, an increase of €1,312 against 30 June 2016. The change is attributable primarily to the adjustment made to deferred tax assets and liabilities in order to align the fair value with the tax assessed value of a few real estate investments held by subsidiaries.

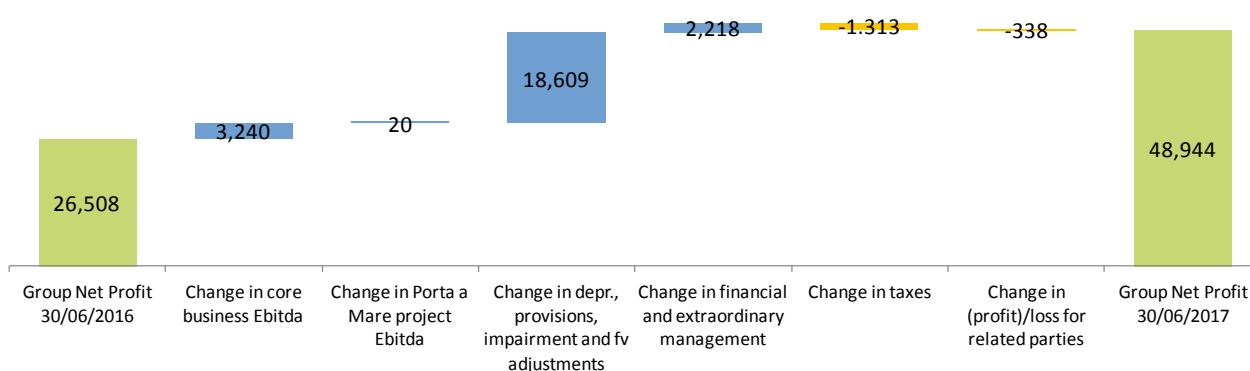
Group net profit

As a result of the above the Group's net profit came to €48,944 thousand, an increase of 84.6% against the €26,508 thousand recorded in first half 2016.

Group Net Profit



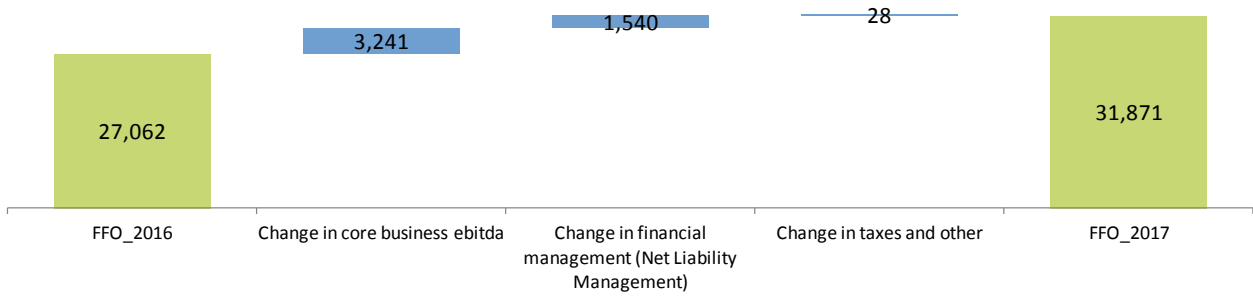
The change in net profit compared to the same period of the prior year is shown below.



Core business FFO

FFO (Funds from Operations), an indicator used widely in the real estate sector (REITs), which measures the cash flow generated by a company's core business came to €31,871 at 30 June 2017, an increase of €4,809 thousand or 17.8% with respect to the same period of the prior year explained by the higher core business Ebitda and the drop in financial expense described above.

Funds from Operations	1H_2016	1H_2017	Δ vs 2016	Δ%
Core business EBITDA	46,742	49,982	3,241	6.9%
Adj Financial Management	-19,088	-17,548	1,540	-8.1%
Adj Extraordinary Management	-125	0	125	n.a.
Adj current taxes of the period	-466	-563	-97	20.9%
FFO	27,062	31,871	4,809	17.8%



1.5. Statement of financial position and financial review

The IGD Group's statement of financial position at 30 June 2017 can be summarized as follows:

Sources-funds	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Δ	%
Fixed assets	2,127,766	2,050,728	77,038	3.76%
Assets under construction and advances	40,458	75,004	(34,546)	(46.06%)
Intangible assets	12,709	12,720	(11)	(0.09%)
Other tangible assets	10,535	11,049	(514)	(4.65%)
Sundry receivables and other non-current assets	89	89	0	0.00%
Equity investments	1,702	1,685	17	1.01%
NWC	36,986	56,378	(19,392)	(34.40%)
Funds	(7,297)	(7,494)	197	(2.63%)
Sundry payables and non-current liabilities	(23,176)	(24,656)	1,480	(6.00%)
Net deferred tax (assets)/liabilities	(23,985)	(21,901)	(2,084)	9.52%
Total use of funds	2,175,787	2,153,602	22,185	1.03%
Total shareholders' equity	1,076,359	1,060,701	15,658	1.48%
Non-controlling interest in capital and reserves	0	8,725	(8,725)	(100.00%)
Net (assets) liabilities for derivative instruments	22,671	28,748	(6,077)	(21.14%)
Net Debt	1,076,757	1,055,428	21,329	2.02%
Total sources	2,175,787	2,153,602	22,185	1.03%

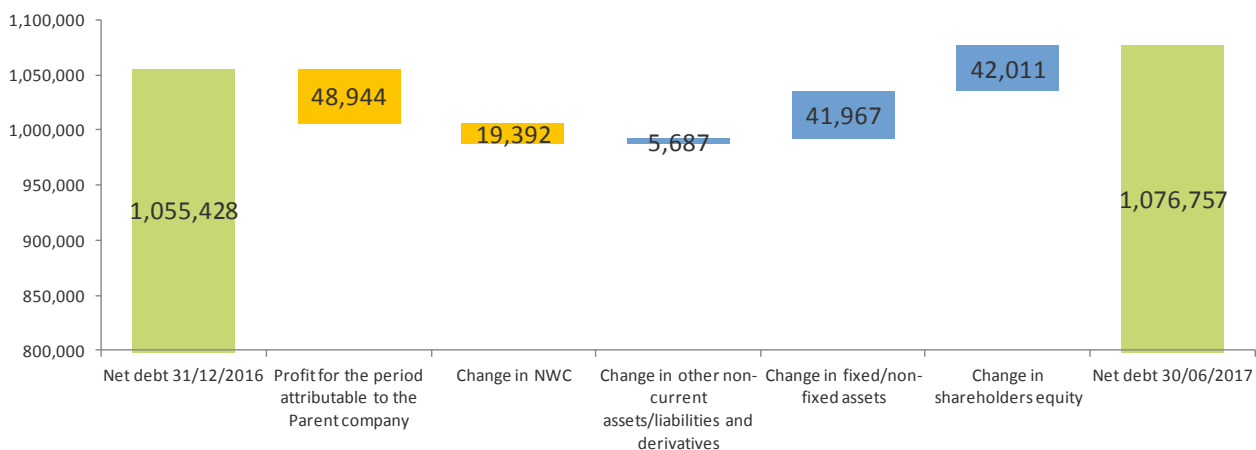
The principal changes in the first half of 2017, compared to 31 December 2016, are summarized below:

- ✓ **Investment property**, the increase of €77,038 thousand is explained primarily by:
 - ✓ for €55,256 thousand, the reclassification of the Esp extension, inaugurated on 1 June 2017, as investment property;
 - ✓ fair value adjustments of investment property which was revalued in the amount of €28,091 thousand and written down by €6,801 thousand for a net positive impact of €21,290 thousand;
 - ✓ for around €644 thousand, the fit-out and extraordinary maintenance work at shopping centers, in particular Città delle Stelle (Ascoli), Centro Borgo, and Le Maioliche.

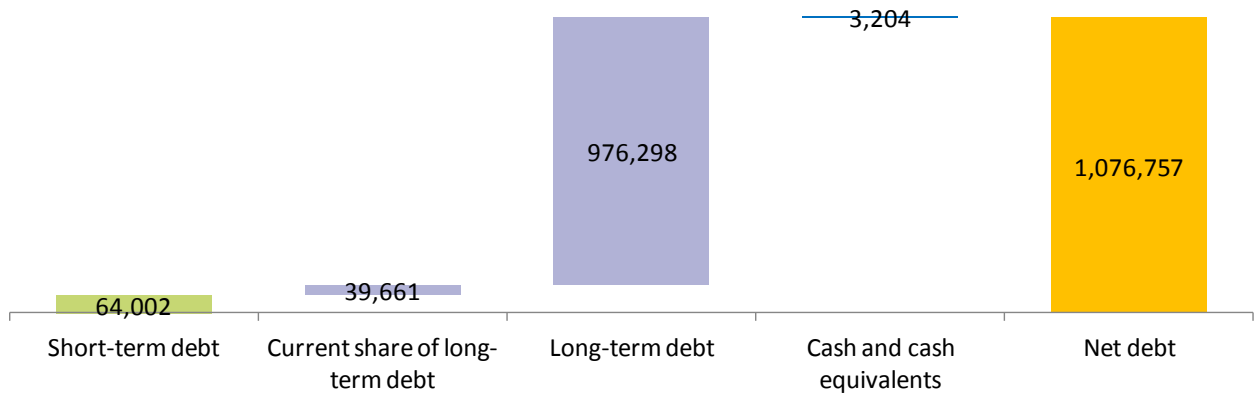
- ✓ **Work in progress**, the decrease of €34,546 thousand is explained primarily by:
 - ✓ for -€55,256 thousand, the reclassification of work in progress as investment property which pertained primarily to the Esp extension;
 - ✓ for around €21,199 thousand, the investments made in the period, including: (i) work on the expansion of the Gran Rondò mall in Crema which amounted to around €1,916 thousand; (ii) continuation of work on Officine Storiche which came to approximately €692 thousand; (iii) the work done on the ESP extension in Ravenna which amounted to €16,061 thousand; (iv) earthquake protection work at Centro d'Abruzzo, Portogrande, Darsena, Città delle Stelle and Le Porte di Napoli which came to around €672 thousand; (v) restyling at the malls in the Darsena and Città delle Stelle centers which totaled around €244 thousand (vi) extraordinary maintenance and fit outs at a few malls in Romania which amounted to around €1,417 thousand and €197 thousand in other minor improvements relating primarily to work on the roof at the Katanè shopping center and Centro Sarca;
 - ✓ for €162 thousand, the writedowns of the Portogrande and Officine Storiche expansion projects (Porta a Mare project).

- ✓ **Other plant, property and equipment and intangible assets changed** in the period due primarily to amortization and depreciation recognized in the period.

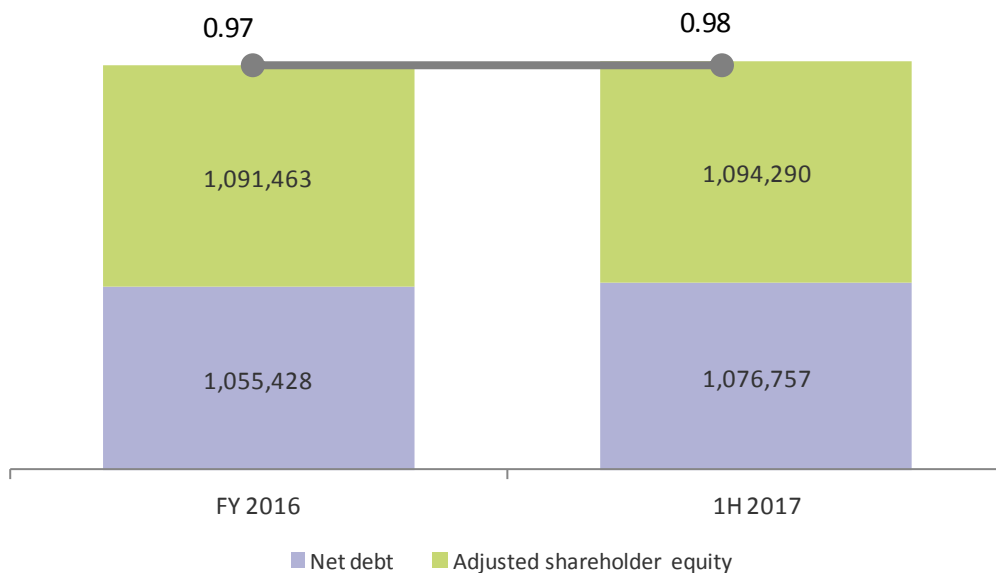
- ✓ **Net working capital** showed a decrease of €19,392 thousand against 31 December 2016 explained primarily by:
 - (i) a decrease in inventory for work in progress of €5,860 thousand as a result of the sale of 14 residential units and 14 garages and the writedown to adjust carrying amount to the lower of cost and appraised fair value;
 - (ii) a decrease in current assets of around €5,992 thousand explained primarily by the use of VAT credits;
 - (iii) an increase in trade payables of €4,130 thousand invoiced in the half but which are not yet due;
 - (iv) an increase in tax liabilities of around €2,244 thousand, relating primarily to withholding charged on the dividends paid by the Parent Company;
 - (v) an increase in other current liabilities of €1,946 thousand due mainly to invoices issued during the half but not pertaining to the period, as well as advances received in connection to preliminary sales agreements.
- ✓ **Provisions** increased by €197 thousand due primarily to the payment of variable compensation in the period.
- ✓ **Non-current debt and other liabilities** increased by €1,480 thousand due primarily to the reclassification as current of the portion of the substitute tax payable within a year.
- ✓ **Net deferred tax assets and liabilities**, went from €21,901 thousand to €23,985 thousand due primarily to tax misalignments relating to (i) adjustments to the fair value of investment properties and projects which are not included in the SIQ perimeter (ii) taxed provisions, and (iii) hedges (IRS).
- ✓ The Group's **net equity** amounted to €1,076,359 thousand at 30 June 2017. The change of +€15,658 thousand is explained primarily by:
 - for €36,587 thousand, the distribution of the dividend for 2016;
 - adjustment of the CFH reserve linked to the derivatives accounted for using the cash flow hedge method which amounted to around +€3,244 thousand for the parent company and around +€862 thousand for a subsidiary;
 - the recognition of €781 thousand under Group profit (loss) carried forward of the excess price paid for the buy-back of 20% of Porta Medicea with respect to the value of the equity acquired;
 - for €48,944 thousand, the profit for the period allocable to the Parent Company;
 - for approximately -€24 thousand, movements in the translation reserve for the translation of foreign currency financial statements.
- ✓ **Non-controlling interests in capital and reserves.** Due to the buy-back of the 20% interest in Porta Medicea S.r.l., there were no non-controlling interests as of 30 June 2017.
- ✓ **Net liabilities for derivatives** were down against the prior year due to the fair value measurement of hedging instruments.
- ✓ The **net financial position** at 30/06/2017 was about €21,329 thousand higher with respect to the prior year. The changes are shown below:



The breakdown of the net financial position is shown below:



The gearing ratio reflects the debt to equity ratio, but does not include the accounting (non-monetary) effects of the CFH reserves. The ratio came to 0.98 at 30 June 2017, a slight increase against the 0.97 recorded at 31 December 2016.



Indicatori di Performance EPRA

The IGD Group decided to report on a few of the EPRA performance indicators⁶, in accordance with the recommendations found in in “EPRA Best Practices Recommendations”⁷.

EPRA Vacancy Rate: the portfolio’s vacancy rate calculated as the ratio between the estimated market rental value (ERV) of the vacant premises and the ERV of for the whole portfolio. Given the different characteristics of the portfolio and the Italian market with respect to the Romanian one, the vacancy rate was calculated separately for each asset class and for the two countries.

⁶ European Public Real estate Association
⁷ See www.epra.com

EPRA Net Asset Value (NAV): is the fair value of the net assets calculated over the long term and on a going concern basis, based on the equity pertaining to the Group (as shown in the financial statements in accordance with IFRS standards) net of certain assets and liabilities that are not part of normal operations, like the fair value of hedges or the deferred taxes on market appraisals of the properties.

EPRA Triple Net Asset Value (NNNAV): is the EPRA NAV adjusted to include the fair values of (i) hedging instruments, (ii) financial debt and (iii) deferred taxes.


EPRA Cost Ratios: are ratios aimed at providing a consistent comparison base for a company's main structural and operating costs calculated by expressing operating costs and general overhead, net of management fees and a limited number of other items, as a percentage of gross rental income. There are two EPRA Cost Ratios, one which includes and one which excludes direct vacancy costs.

EPRA Earnings: is a measure of the underlying operating performance of an investment property company net of fair value gains, gains and losses from the sale of investment property and a limited number of other items that are not considered to be part of the company's core business. The EPRA Earnings indicator is calculated by excluding non-monetary items (writedowns, fair value gains and losses on properties and financial instruments recognized in the income statement, any impairment or revaluations of goodwill), as well as non-recurring items (gains or losses from the disposal of investment properties, profits generated by trading along with current tax, costs relating to the advance repayment of any loans), deferred tax relating to the fair value of properties and financial instruments recognized in the income statement, as well as the portion of these items that pertains to non-controlling interests.

The results obtained following application of the EPRA Best Practices Recommendations are summarized below:

EPRA Performance Measures		30/06/2016	30/06/2017
1) Vacancy Rate	<i>Italy (malls)</i>	4.0%	4.1%
	<i>Italy (hypermarkets)</i>	0.0%	0.0%
	Italy	2.7%	2.8%
	Romania	4.9%	3.1%
2) NAV (per share)		1.31 €	1.38 €
3) NNNAV (per share)		1.22 €	1.31 €
4) Cost Ratios	including direct vacancy costs	21.2%	19.9%
	excluding direct vacancy costs	18.6%	17.8%
5) Earnings	Total (€'000)	25,568	29,923
	per share	0.03 €	0.04 €

The NAV and NNNAV per share calculations are shown below:

 EPRA NNAV Calculation	31-Dec-16		30-Jun-17		Δ%
	€'000	€ p.s.	€'000	€ p.s.	
Total number of shares	813,045,631		813,045,631		
1) GROUP SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	1,060,701	1.30	1,076,359	1.32	1.5%
<i>Excludes:</i>					
Financial instruments fair value	28,748		22,671		-21.1%
Deferred taxes	23,633		25,635		8.5%
Goodwill as a results of deferred taxes					
2) EPRA NAV	1,113,083	1.37	1,124,665	1.38	1.0%
<i>Includes:</i>					
Financial instruments fair value	(28,748)		(22,671)		-21.1%
Fair value of debt	(15,749)		(15,187)		-3.6%
Deferred taxes	(23,633)		(25,635)		8.5%
3) EPRA NNAV	1,044,952	1.29	1,061,172	1.31	1.6%

Both the NAV and the NNAV were up against the prior year (+1% and 1.6%, respectively). The change reflects mainly: (i) the growth in FFO; (ii) the increase in the fair value of the properties; (iii) the positive impact of the fair value measurement of debt, calculated by discounting cash flows at a risk free rate and applying the market spread; this change is explained by the use of the risk free rate and a spread which were updated to reflect market conditions at 30 June 2017, as well as by a change in the duration and cost of debt; (iv) the increase in the cash flow hedge reserve, offset by the payment of dividends.

The calculations used to determine the Epra Cost Ratios are shown below:

EPRA Cost Ratios	30/06/2016	30/06/2017
Include:		
(i) Administrative/operating expense line per IFRS income statement	-21.127	-21.928
(ii) <i>Net service charge costs/fees</i>	1.228	1.530
(iii) Management fees less actual/estimated profit element	2402	2.653
(iv) <i>Other operating income/recharges intended to cover overhead expenses less any related profits</i>	4	369
(v) Share of Joint Ventures expenses		
Exclude (if part of the above):		
(vi) <i>Investment Property depreciation</i>		
(vii) Ground rent costs	5.060	5.101
(viii) <i>Service charge costs recovered through rents but not separately invoiced</i>		
EPRA Costs (including direct vacancy costs) (A)	-12.433	-12.275
(ix) <i>Direct vacancy costs</i>	-1.493	-1.309
EPRA Costs (excluding direct vacancy costs) (B)	-10.941	-10.966
(x) <i>Gross Rental Income less ground rent costs - per IFRS</i>	59.924	63.285
(xi) Less: service fee and service charge costs components of Gross Rental Income (if relevant) (x)	-1.228	-1.530
(xii) <i>Add: share of Joint Ventures (Gross Rental Income less ground rent costs)</i>		
Gross Rental Income (C)	58.697	61.755
EPRA Cost Ratio (including direct vacancy costs) (A/C)	21,2%	19,9%
EPRA Cost Ratio (excluding direct vacancy costs) (B/C)	18,6%	17,8%

The decrease in the EPRA cost ratios is linked to the drop in direct costs and general expenses as a percentage of gross rental income.

The Epra Earnings per share calculation is shown below:

 EPRA Earnings & Earnings Per Share	30/06/2016	30/06/2017
Earnings per IFRS income statement	26.508	48.944
<i>EPRA Earnings Adjustments:</i>		
(i) Changes in value of investment properties, development properties held for investment and other interests	-358	-18.933
(ii) Profits or losses on disposal of investment properties, development properties held for investment and other interests	53	63
(iii) Profits or losses on sales of trading properties including impairment charges in respect of trading properties	-13	-4
(iv) Tax on profits or losses on disposals	4	1
(v) Negative goodwill / goodwill impairment	0	0
(vi) Changes in fair value of financial instruments and associated close-out costs	461	0
(vii) Acquisition costs on share deals and non-controlling joint venture interests	0	0
(viii) Deferred tax in respect of EPRA adjustments	-1.374	-148
(ix) Adjustments (i) to (viii) above in respect of joint ventures (unless already included under proportional consolidation)	0	0
(x) Non-controlling interests in respect of the above	287	0
EPRA Earnings	25.568	29.923
<i>Company specific adjustments:</i>		
(a) General provisions and depreciations	655	620
(b) Non-controlling interests in respect of the above	-626	0
(c) Tax on profits or losses on disposals	-4	-1
(d) Contingent tax	31	-18
(e) Other deferred tax	978	961
(f) Capitalized interests	0	-1
(G) Current Tax	119	152
(H) Other Adjustment for no core activities	342	235
Company specific Adjusted Earnings	27.062	31.871
Earnings Per Share		
Numero azioni	813.045.631	813.045.631
Earnings Per Share	€ 0,03	€ 0,04

The figure posted at 30 June 2017 shows a significant increase of €4,355 thousand or +17% against the same period of the prior year. This increase is basically in line with the increase in FFO; the main differences with respect to the FFO (Company specific Adjusted Earnings) are shown in the table.

1.6. The Stock

IGD's shares are traded on the Mercato Telematico Azionario (MTA - screen-based stock market) managed by Borsa Italiana as part of the Super Sector Beni Immobili; IGD is also part of the STAR segment.

IGD's stock is also included in the following indices:

FTSE All-Share Capped, FTSE Italia All-Share, FTSE Italia Mid Cap, FTSE Italia Finanza

FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index

EPRA: European Public Real Estate Association

IEIF Europe, IEIF Eurozone, IEIF Eurozone hors-France, IEIF Europe Continentale, IEIF Italie

IEIF: Institut de l'Epargne Immobilière et Foncière

FTSE ECPI Italia SRI Benchmark

The minimum lot is €1.00 and its specialist is Banca IMI.

IGD's stock symbols:

RIC: IGD.MI

BLOOM: IGD IM

ISIN: IT0003745889

IGD SIIQ SpA 's share capital subscribed and paid-in amounted to €599,760,278.16 at 30 June 2017, broken down into 813,045,631 ordinary shares without a stated par value.

Performance of IGD's stock price

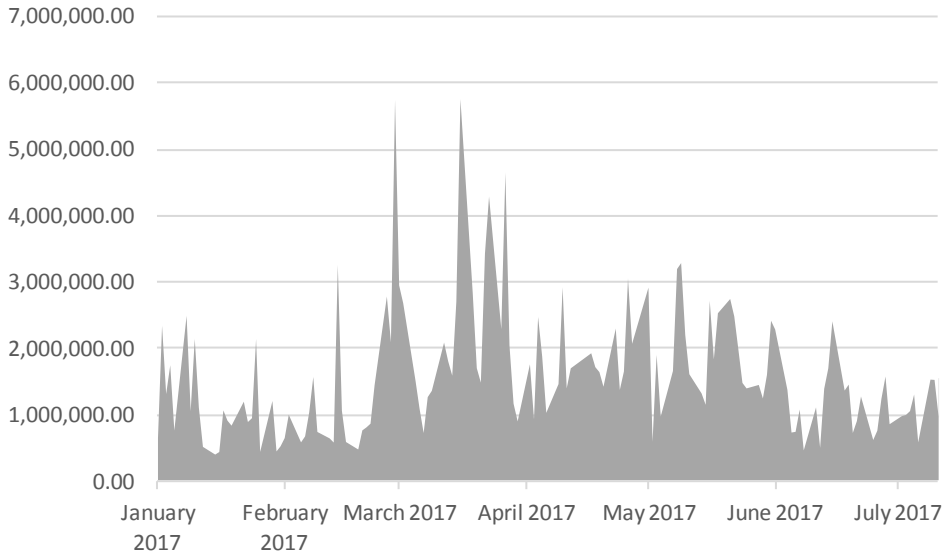


Source: Italian Stock Exchange data compiled by IGD

In the first six months of the 2017 the price of **IGD's stock rose 6.5%**, from the €0.724 posted at 30 December 2016 to €0.771 at 30 June 2017.

In the period under examination, the stock reached a high of €0.879 on 15 May 2017 after touching a low for the half of €0.691 on 30 January 2017. The difference between the period high and low came to 27.2%.

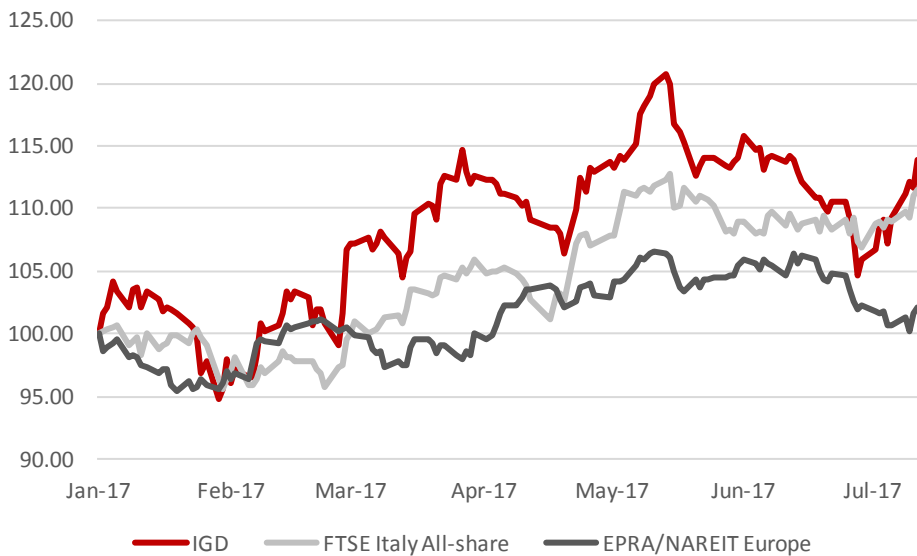
Volumes traded of IGD stock



Source: Italian Stock Exchange data compiled by IGD

In the first half of 2017 the liquidity of IGD’s stock improved with average daily volumes reaching 1.60 million shares, an increase with respect to both the number of shares traded in the first half of 2016 (1.31 million) and the average volume for all of 2016 (1.22 million).

IGD’s stock vs. the FTSE Italy All-Share Index and EPRA NAREIT Europe) (base 2.1.2017 = 100)



Source: Italian Stock Exchange and EPRA data compiled by IGD

In the first six months of 2017 IGD's stock performed in line with the Italian index, but largely outperformed the European real estate sector index. While IGD's stock rose 6.5%, in the first half of 2017 the FTSE Italy All-Share index rose 8.6% and the EPRA NAREIT Europe index rose 2.8%.

In the first part of 2017 the European stock markets benefitted overall from improved economic prospects, supported by the upward revision of the estimates for GDP growth in EU countries. The outcome of the elections in the Netherlands and in France also had a positive impact and gave new strength to the European vision. In Italy the attenuation of concerns that early political elections might be necessary in the fall played a positive role.

The perception that the Euro zone markets are less risky gradually increased with many investors, particularly in light of the uncertainties which characterize the USA, linked to its new president, and the United Kingdom, connected to the complexities of managing Brexit.

These factors, which translated into better economic forecasts and less political risk, drove the European stock market rallies in the first half of 2017, even though it is clear that Quantitative Easing will be tapered and interest rates are destined to increase.

At the end of June, the comments made by ECB Chairman Mario Draghi were largely interpreted by the financial markets as indicating the QE would be tapered off sooner than expected which caused the Euro to strengthen against the USD and bond yields to drop noticeably.

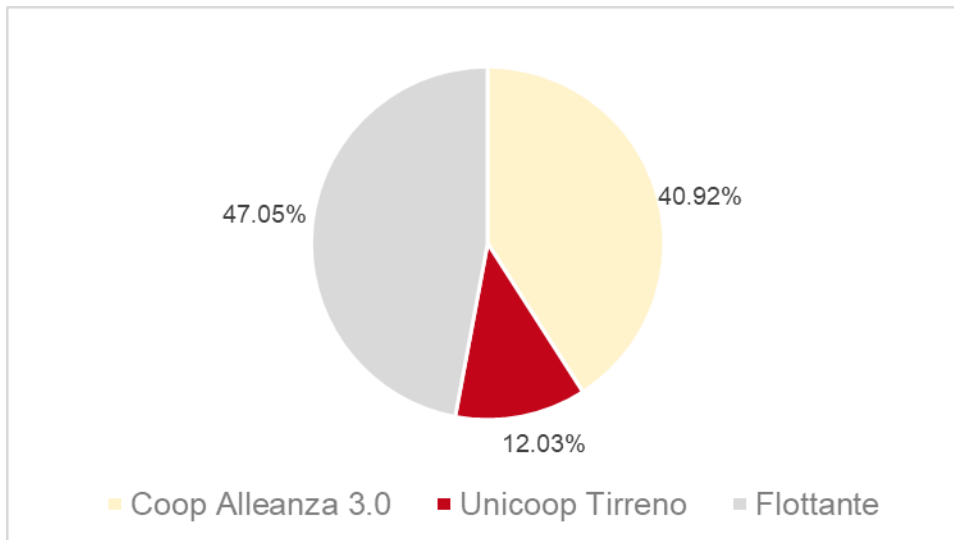
The prices of real estate stocks, which typically are strongly correlated to interest rates, suffered generally in Europe and fell even further in the first week of July despite the fact quarterly results for sector companies were largely in line or higher than expectations.

IGD's stock, even though it was to some extent negatively impacted by the higher bond yields like the rest of the real estate sector, outperformed the reference sector index.

The solution for the problems which had been plaguing the Italian banking system for some time reduced the perceived country risk and made it possible for the FTSE Italy All-Share index to begin a robust rally at the end of June which has also boosted IGD's stock in the last few weeks.

Supported by the solid fundamentals that emerged in the results for FY 2016 and the first quarter of 2017, as well as the low P/NAV multiple, at 13 July 2017 IGD was also outperforming the Italian index.

At the end of June 2017 the **consensus target price** of the seven brokers covering the stock was **€1.02**. Based on the ample upside that analysts see with respect to the current market price, the brokers' primarily have a buy or outperform on the stock with only one neutral recommendation and no sells.



Source: Consob

With a free float of 47.05%, the **market controls the largest stake in IGD's share capital**. The interests of the two largest shareholders are stable with Coop Alleanza 3.0 at 40.92% and Unicoop Tirreno at 12.03%.

In March Soros Fund Management liquidated its 5.39% interest leaving no other shareholders with interests that exceed 5% of the capital.

In the weeks following the divestment of Soros Fund Management, of note is the 4.1% purchased by another international institutional investor, GWM Group Investment Management (source: IGD's direct monitoring).

Investor Relations

In the first part of 2017 Investor Relations had IGD's management involved in an intense schedule of meetings covering all the main European financial centers: London, Paris, Amsterdam, Brussels, Luxembourg, Milan, Copenhagen, Helsinki and Stockholm.

Thanks to the collaboration with five different brokers, IGD was able to cultivate the relationships with its shareholders and embrace new opportunities, presenting its equity story to institutional investors that it had never met before, like during the roadshow in Scandinavia.

In the first half of 2017 IGD also participated in two events organized by Borsa Italiana in London and in Milan, as well as the Banca IMI's ISMO Conference in Paris and the Investor Conference organized by Unicredit Kepler Cheuvreux in Milan. On 10 July 2017 IGD also took part in the Sustainability Day organized in Milan by Borsa Italiana, during which it met generalist investors interested in learning more about IGD's approach to sustainability, as well as investors who manage socially responsible portfolios (SRI).

In the first part of the year IGD organized four conference calls:

- 28 February, to discuss the FY 2016 results;
- 9 May, to discuss the results for first quarter 2017.

The Company also organized two field trips to CentroSarca in Milan and an Investor Day – the first in IGD's history - which gave more than 20 investors and analysts the opportunity to visit a few of the top performing and most important shopping centers in IGD's portfolio: ESP in Ravenna, where the extension was only recently inaugurated, and Puntadiferro in Forlì.

In the first half of 2017 IGD met with also 80 institutions.

1.7. Significant events in the first half of 2017

Corporate events

On 19 January 2017 the Igd Siiq S.p.A.'s Board of Directors resolved – pursuant to art. 2505, second paragraph of the Italian Civil Code and art. 22 of the corporate by-laws – to approve the merger by incorporation of the wholly owned subsidiaries IGD PROPERTY SIINQ S.p.A. and PUNTA DI FERRO SIINQ S.p.A. On the same date, the merger was approved by the shareholders of the respective incorporated companies meeting in extraordinary session.

On 28 February 2017 the Board of Directors approved the draft separate and consolidated financial statements for FY 2016 and resolved to submit a proposed dividend of €0.045 per outstanding share to the AGM for approval; for the first time the Board also approved the 2016 Corporate Sustainability Report at the same as the separate financial statements for FY 2016.

IGD's Board of Directors also approved the Annual Report on Corporate Governance and Ownership Structure, included in the annual report, as well as the Board of Director's Compensation Report.

On 27 March 2017 the merger deed relative to the merger by incorporation of the wholly owned subsidiaries IGD PROPERTY SIINQ S.p.A. and PUNTA DI FERRO SIINQ S.p.A. was signed and recorded in the relative company registry effective 1 April 2017; for accounting and tax purposes the merger took effect as of 1 January 2017.

During the Annual General Meeting held on 12 April 2017 IGD's shareholders approved the 2016 Annual Report, as presented during the Board of Directors' meeting of 28 February 2017, and resolved to pay a dividend of €0.045 per share. The dividend was payable as from 24 May 2017 (record date 23 May 2017) with shares going ex-div on 22 May 2017 (detachment of coupon n. 17).

The total dividend paid of €0.045 per share (for a total of €36,587,053.40) comprises:

- ✓ for €0.026882 per share: income and retained earnings generated by exempt operations, subject to the rules for income generated by these operations found in Law n. 296/2006;
- ✓ for €0.018118 per share: capital reserves.

Shareholders also approved the first section of the Remuneration Report, already approved by the Board of Directors on 28 February 2017, pursuant to Art. 123-ter of Legislative Decree. 58/98, and renewed the authorization granted to the Board of Directors to buy and sell treasury shares, on one or more occasions for up to the maximum allowed under the law.

At the end of the Annual General Meeting the Chairman Gilberto Coffari tendered his resignation as Chairman of the Board of Directors, though he will continue to act as a Company director.

On 19 April 2017 the Board of Directors appointed Elio Gasperoni, already a director of IGD SIIQ and Vice Chairman of Coop Alleanza 3.0, to act as the new Chairman of the Board of Directors.

On 15 June 2017 John Matthew Lentz tendered his resignation as an independent director of IGD.

On 26 June the framework agreement entered into with the CMB Group relating to the Porta a Mare Project was dissolved. The transaction resulted in the buy-back of 20% of Porta Medicea's share capital for around €9.5 million and the sale of 14 residential units and 14 garages for around €4 million.

Investments

During the half the IGD Group continued with development of the Porta a Mare – Officine project, as well as extensions (ESP and Gran Rondò) and extraordinary maintenance. The main investments are described below.

“Porta a Mare” Project

Work on the Officine Storiche area (residential portion) continued in the half for a total of around €370 thousand, while work on the retail portion amounted to approximately €692 thousand. The work is expected to be completed by first half 2018.



Esp extension

The extension of the ESP Shopping Center in Ravenna was inaugurated on 1 June 2017. The occupancy of the extension came to 97% (100% in the pre-existing area).

Around €16,061 thousand was invested in the half on construction work and systems. A total of around €51 million, including about €5.7 million on primary and secondary urbanization works, was invested in the mall extension.

During the construction phase choices were made in line with IGD’s commitment to environmental sustainability: LED lighting was used, a system for harvesting rainwater, for uses other than drinking, was installed. Solar panels were also installed on the roof of the new building which will generate enough clean energy to satisfy part of the new mall’s needs.



Gran Rondò extension

Around €1,916 thousand was invested in the work begun in the half, pertaining mainly to urbanization works and construction, on the mid-size store and multi-level garage next to the Gran Rondò shopping center in Crema. The work is expected to be completed by the first half of 2018.



Reconfiguration of the space at Città delle Stelle

In the first half, subsequent to the downsizing and restyling of the hypermarket inside the Città delle Stelle shopping center, work was begun on the reconfiguration of the space which will increase the GLA by around 4,150 m² for a total investment of around €1.4 million. The work is expected to be completed by the end of the second half of 2017. Around €188 thousand had been invested at 30 June 2017.

Other

In the first half of 2017 fit outs and extraordinary maintenance were completed on the systems at the Città delle Stelle mall (€63 thousand), the Lugo hypermarket (€58 thousand), the Le Maioliche mall (€121 thousand), the Centro Borgo mall (€102 thousand), the Porto Grande mall (€92 thousand), as well other minor improvements at other shopping centers in Italy for €208 thousand.

Extraordinary maintenance continued, and is still underway, relating to (i) works on seismic improvements at few shopping centers for a total of €672 thousand, (ii) restyling at Darsena for around €56 thousand and other minor improvements for €197 thousand, explained primarily by work on the roof at the Katanè shopping center and waterproofing at the Sarca shopping center; (ii) work at a few Romanian centers for a total of approximately €1,417 thousand.

The investments made at 30 June 2017 are shown below:

	30/06/2017
	Euro/mln
Real estate investments	0.64
Real estate investments - Esp extension	16.06
Assets under construction	5.14
Intangible fixed assets	0.00
Other tangible fixed assets	0.01
Total investment in fixed assets	21.86
Inventories on work in progress Porta a Mare project	0.37
Total investment	22.23

Loans

The Euro 100,000,000.00 seven-year unsecured, non-convertible bond with a gross coupon of 2.25% reserved exclusively for qualified investors settled on 11 January 2017.

On 6 April 2017 the interest rate swap stipulated with BNP Paribas to hedge the mortgage on the Centro Sarca Shopping Center – Sesto San Giovanni expired, and was substituted with an IRS agreement stipulated with Unipol Banca on a remaining notional amount at 30 June 2017 of €69.25 million which expires on 6 April 2027.

On 8 June 2017 the company contracted two new Interest Rate Swap agreements with Banca Intesa and BNL for a notional amount of €34.625 million each, with a start date of 6 July 2017 and expiring on 6 April 2027, at a fixed rate of 0.5925% with the variable rate pegged to the 3 month LIBOR.

1.8. The Real Estate Portfolio

For a better understanding of IGD SIIQ SPA Group's real estate portfolio in both markets, below is a brief description of how the Italian and Romanian real estate markets performed in the first half of 2017.

The Italian real estate market

The first half of 2017 was brilliant. Investments in commercial real estate in Italy amounted to around €5.8 billion, a 58% increase compared to first half 2016 with double digit growth in all sectors, except mixed-use.

The largest amount of investments, €2 billion (+30% against first half 2016), was made in the office sector; investments in the retail sector reached €1.2 billion (+76% against first half 2016); alternatives performed very well with investments reaching €992 million (almost double compared to first half 2016); growth continued for logistics with investments of around €800 million (+291% compared to the same period 2016), and investments in Hotels also grew significantly to €770 million (+49% against first half 2016).

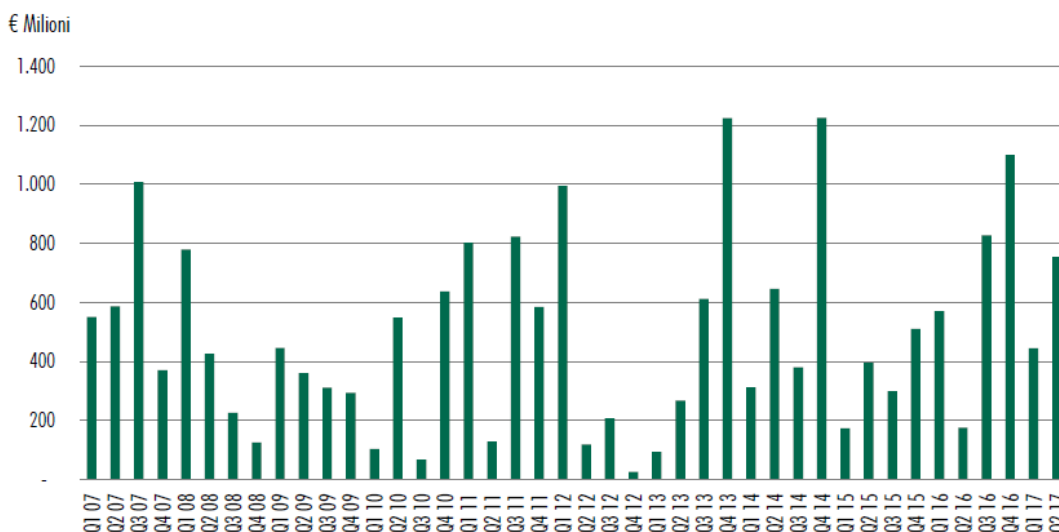
SETTORI	H1 2016	H1 2017	Q2 2017	Var. % H1 16 - H1 17
Hotel	516	770	693	49%
Industrial & Logistics	195	762	659	291%
Mixed-Use	208	27	27	-87%
Uffici	1.550	2.012	1.066	30%
Altro	507	992	778	96%
Retail	680	1.198	753	76%
TOTALE	3.655	5.761	3.976	58%

Fonte: CBRE Research

The Italian commercial real estate market

In the first half of 2017 the retail real estate market recorded strong growth with total investments of around €1.198 billion, almost double compared to first half 2016. The prevalence of foreign investors over domestic ones was once again confirmed in first half 2017 (around 80%).

Retail investments in Italy (Source CBRE) 2007-2017:

Grafico 6: Evoluzione degli investimenti retail in Italia


Fonte: CBRE Research, Q2 2017.

Yields in the first half were in line with the prior period, with the exception of the small contraction (10 bps) in high street prime and shopping center prime.

Tabella 1: Rendimenti immobiliari netti in Italia, Retail

Rendimenti (%)	Q1 16	Q2 16	Q3 16	Q4 16	Q1 17	Q2 17
High Street Prime	3,50	3,50	3,50	3,25	3,15	3,15
High Street Secondary	5,00	5,00	5,00	4,75	4,75	4,75
Shopping Centre Prime	5,00	5,00	5,00	5,00	4,90	4,90
SC Good Secondary	6,00	6,00	6,00	5,90	5,90	5,90
Retail Park Prime	6,00	6,00	5,90	5,90	5,90	5,90
Retail Park Good Secondary	7,25	7,25	7,00	7,00	6,50	6,50

Fonte: CBRE Research, Q2 2017.

(Source: CBRE)

The most important transactions in the first half of 2017 were the H&M flagship store in Milan’s Piazza Duomo and the Le Befane Shopping Center in Rimini which was acquired by the German company Union.

The stock and the retail sector pipeline

In first half 2017 180,000 m² of new GLA were completed bringing the total new retail stock to around 17.3 million m². the most important openings in the first half of 2017 were the “Adigeo” Shopping Center in Verona with a GLA of approximately 42 thousand m²; the Brinpark Shopping Center (near Brescia) with a GLA of approximately 17,000 m² and

the Delta PO Outlet in Rovigo with a GLA of approximately 20,000 m², as well as the extensions of the OrioCenter Shopping Center in Bergamo, the ESP Shopping Center in Ravenna and of the Veneto Design Outlet in Noventa Piave. Growth of the new retail stock in 2017 is expected to be in line with 2016 at around 310,000 m² of new GLA. If we look at the openings slotted for 2018-2019, there is an estimated 570,000 m² GLA in the pipeline, 30% of which is under construction.

The interest of retailers in the Italian market remained high in this half, as well, and resulted in a slight decline in the rents for prime assets. In the first half of 2017 three new brands (Thule, Under Armour and Wagamama) entered the Italian market as part of the OrioCenter extension.

The Romanian real estate market

There were no significant retail real estate transactions in Romania in the first half of 2017. Two new brands, French and Spanish were, however, introduced.

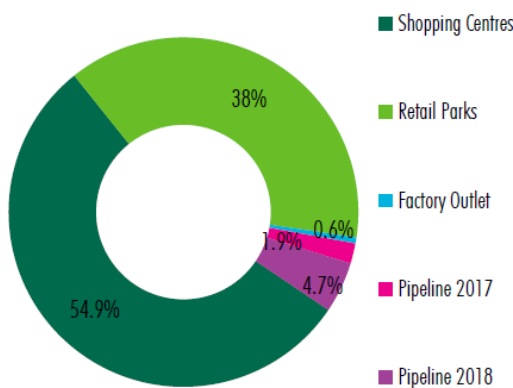
Table 1: Relevant new entries H1 2017

Retailer	Country of origin	Scheme
Stradivarius Man	Spain	ParkLake
Uterque	Spain	Baneasa Shopping City
Longchamp	France	Baneasa Shopping City
Nanos	Spain	Promenada

Source: CBRE Research, Q2 2017

In the first half of 2017 retail stock in Romania reached 3.41 million m² GLA, around 70% of which in Romania's 11 largest cities and 47% in Bucharest alone.

Chart 1: Modern stock per retail format as of H1 2017, including pipeline 2018 - 2019



Source: CBRE Research, Q2 2017

The only new opening recorded in the first half of 2017 was Centro Platina in Cluji Napoca with a GLA of 11,000 m².

Table 2: Schemes to be completed by the end of 2017

Scheme	Surface (Sq m)	Owner / Developer
Prima Shops Oradea (extension)	5,000	Oasis Retail & Consulting
Shopping City Ramnicu Valcea	27,900	NEPI
Bistrita Retail Park	15,000	Element Development
Shopping City Galati (extension)	21,000	NEPI

Average yields for prime shopping centers fell by 0.25% to 7.00%, while the average rent was unchanged at €40 - €60/m²/month.

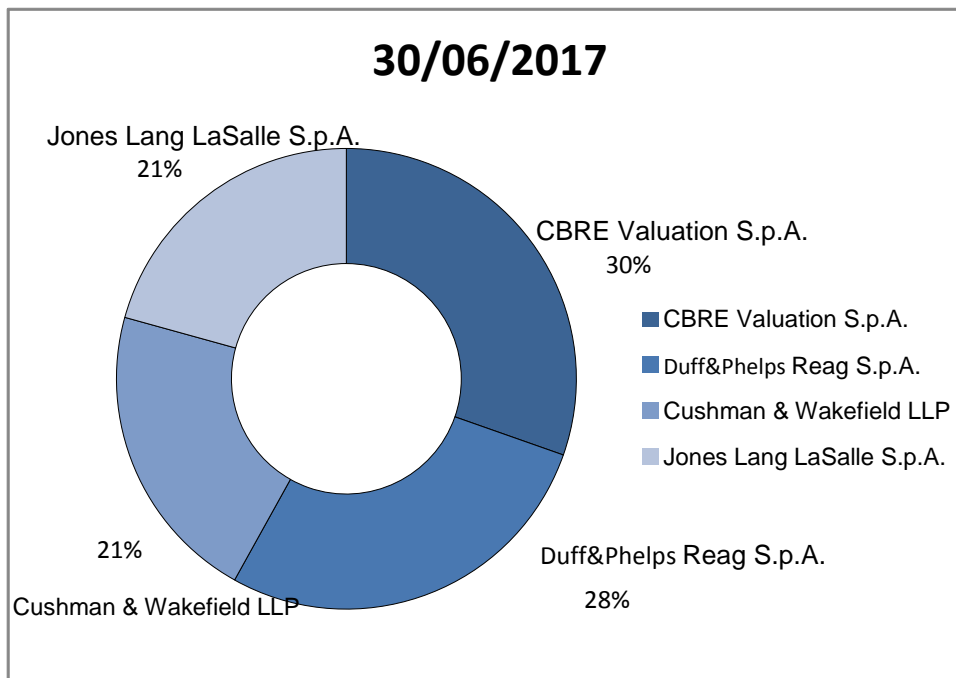
The rate of new openings is expected to be quite low in the future, with more activity in extensions/remodeling of existing assets.

FREEHOLD ASSETS

At 30 June 2017 96% of the IGD SIIQ SPA Group’s real estate portfolio was comprised of commercial retail properties found throughout Italy and Romania while the remaining 4% is explained by assets under construction found solely in Italy.

The IGD Group’s real estate portfolio was appraised by CBRE Valuation S.p.A., Duff&Phelps Reag S.p.A., Cushman & Wakefield LLP and Jones Lang LaSalle S.p.A..

The breakdown of the appraisals done by the independent experts by percentage of the IGD Group’s portfolio at 30 June 2017 is shown below:



The fees paid at 30 June 2017 to the independent experts are shown below:

Fees at 30 June 2017 (amounts in thousands of Euro)		€/thousands
CBRE Valuation SPA	Fees for appraisals	68.5
	Other compensation	0.0
	Total compensation	68.5
Duff&Phelps Reag S.p.A.	Fees for appraisals	71.8
	Other compensation	9.3
	Total compensation	81.1
Cushman & Wakefield LLP	Fees for appraisals	42.4
	Other compensation	0.0
	Total compensation	42.4
Jones Lang LaSalle S.p.A.	Fees for appraisals	33.9
	Other compensation	0.0
	Total compensation	33.9

Based on the appraisals at 30 June 2017, the fair value of the IGD SIIQ SPA Group's real estate portfolio came to around €2,210 million.

The asset classes comprising the Group's real estate portfolio at 30 June 2017 are described below:

- ✓ "Hyper and super": 25 properties with a total GLA of about 270,000 m², found in 8 regions in Italy. In the first half of 2017 the hypermarket Miralfiore in Pesaro absorbed an adjacent store which had been classified through the prior half as "OTHER", and reached a GLA of 10,400 m².
- ✓ "Malls and retail parks", 22 properties with a total GLA of about 355,000 m², found in 10 regions in Italy. In the first half of 2017 this asset class increased by a GLA of 19,000 m² as a result of the completion of the ESP mall extension in Ravenna inaugurated on 1 June. Following completion of the ESP extension the mall now has a GLA of 30,000 m².
- ✓ "City center", commercial properties located along the main shopping streets of urban centers. At 30 June 2017 this asset class comprised the Piastra Mazzini retail complex in Livorno which has a GLA of about 7,500 m².
- ✓ "Other": four mixed use properties which are part of freehold shopping centers or office units with a total GLA of about 2,600 m². In the first half of 2017, the store which housed a Robintur travel agency in Pesaro was reclassified as a Hyper/super as it was absorbed by the Miralfiore hypermarket.
- ✓ "Porta a Mare Project", a mixed-use real estate complex under construction covering an area of approximately 60,000 m² located near Livorno's waterfront.
- ✓ "Development projects", as the ESP mall extension was completed, this asset class now comprises a single property located near the Porto Grande Shopping Center which will be used to expand the center by around 5,000 m² GLA.
- ✓ "Winmarkt" a portfolio of 14 properties used primarily for retail purposes, and an office building, found throughout Romania covering a total area of approximately 92,000 m². The properties belonging to this asset class are centrally located in thirteen of Romania's largest cities, but none are found in the capital, Bucharest.

ANALYSIS OF THE FREEHOLD ASSETS

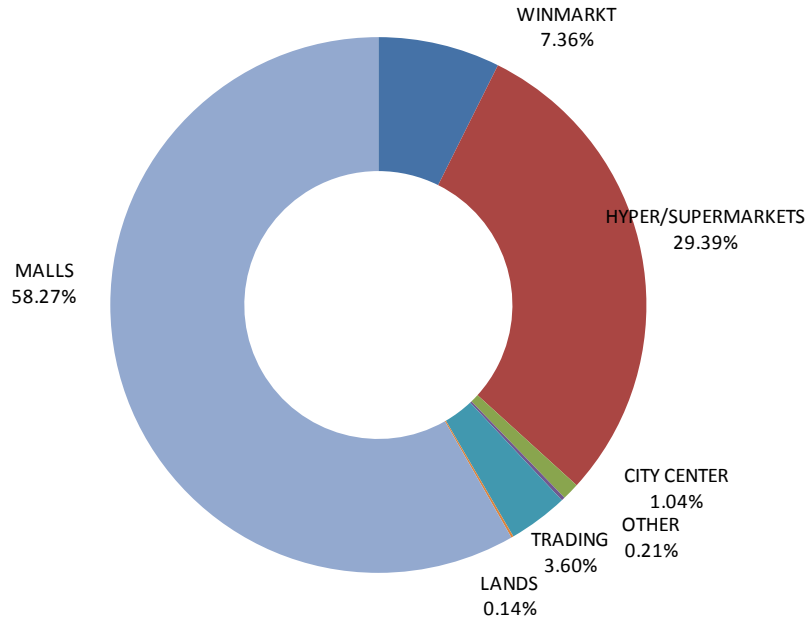
GEOGRAPHICAL BREAKDOWN AND COMPOSITION OF THE PORTFOLIO

IGD's properties in **Italy** total 55 (including 50% of the "Darsena" Shopping Center) and can be broken down by asset class as follows:

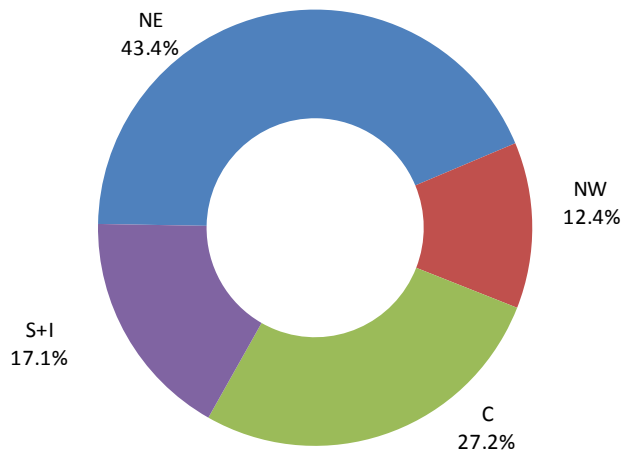
- 25 hypermarkets and supermarkets
- 22 shopping malls and retail parks
- 1 city center
- 1 development project and plot of land
- 1 asset held for trading
- 4 other

The fair value of the IGD SIIQ Group’s Italian real estate portfolio can be broken down by asset class and geographic area as follows:

PORTFOLIO BREAK DOWN 30/06/2017



GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION ITALIAN PORTFOLIO AT 30/06/2017





E.Romagna: 6 malls, 9 hyper-super, 1 development project; 3 other;

Piedmont: 1 mall + 1 mall and retail park

Lombardy: 2 malls

Trentino: 1 mall

Veneto: 2 malls and retail parks, 3 hyper

Marche: 2 mall, 4 hyper, 1 other, 1 development project

Abruzzo: 1 mall; 1 hyper;

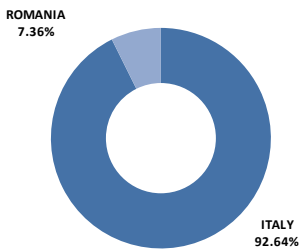
Campania: 1 mall; 1 hyper;

Lazio: 2 malls, 3 hyper

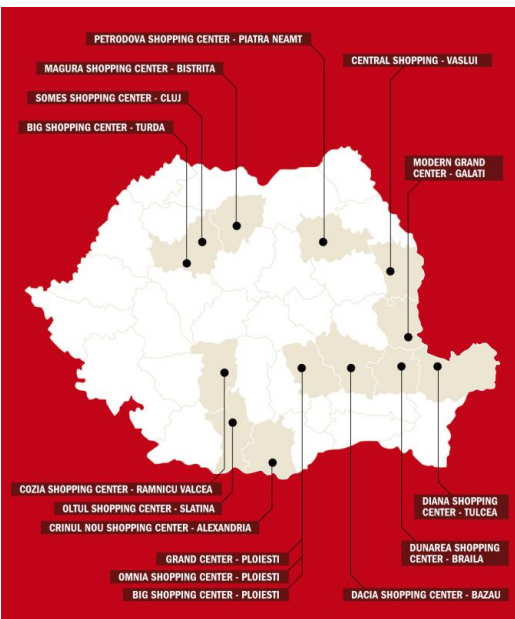
Tuscany: 2 hyper, 1 asset held for trading, 1 city center, 1 mall

Sicily: 2 malls, 2 hyper

PORTFOLIO BREAKDOWN ITALY AND ROMANIA AT 30/06/2017



IGD’s real estate assets in **Romania** total 15, broken down as follows:



- 14 shopping centers
- 1 office building

The following tables provide the principal data relative to the real estate portfolios in Italy and Romania managed by the IGD Group:

ITALY

Asset	Location	Malls and Retail Parks GLA (sqm)	Other/ external areas (sqm)	Ownership	Opening date	Last extension/ restyling/ remodeling date	% ow ned	Form of ow nership	No. of shops	No. of medium surface areas	No. of other/ external area	Parking places	Main brands	Food anchor	Food anchor GLA
Centro Commerciale Porto Grande	Porto d'Ascoli (AP)	7,555	543	IGD SIO SPA	2001	//	100	Freehold property	36	2	1	1,730	Decathlon, Deichmann	Ipercoop	15,290
Centro Commerciale Le Maioliche	Faenza (RA)	22,313	//	IGD SIO SPA	2009	//	100	Freehold property	41	8		2,400	Deichmann, H&M, Trony, C&A, Decathlon, Bricofer	Ipercoop	9,277
Centro Commerciale Lungo Savio	Cesena (FC)	2,928	//	IGD SIO SPA	2002	//	100	Freehold property	23	1		850	Librerie Coop, Motivi, Primgi, Kiko	Ipercoop	7,476
Ipermercato CC Globo	Lugo di Romagna (RA)	//	//	IGD SIO SPA	1997	2005	100	Freehold property (hypermarket)					//	Ipercoop	7,937
Ipermercato CC I Malatesta	Rimini (RN)	//	882	IGD SIO SPA	2005	//	100	Freehold property (hypermarket + w wholesale area + fitness area)					//	Ipercoop	10,435
Ipermercato CC Mirafiore	Pesaro (PU)	//	//	IGD SIO SPA	1992	//	100	Freehold property (hypermarket)					//	Ipercoop	10,412
Ipermercato Schio	Schio (VI)	//	//	IGD SIO SPA	2008	//	100	Freehold property (only hypermarket)					//	Ipercoop	8,176
Centro Commerciale Borgo	Bologna (BO)	6,975	//	IGD SIO SPA	1989	2015	100	Freehold property	32	4		1,450	Librerie Coop, Unieuro, Scarpe&Scarpe	Ipercoop	11,480
Centro Commerciale d'Abruzzo	San Giovanni Teatino (CH)	12,571	3,610	IGD SIO SPA	2001	2014	100	Freehold property	43	7	3	1,730	Decathlon, Euronics, Librerie Coop, Piazza Italia, Terranova, Intersport, Scarpaomondo	Ipercoop	14,127
Galleria Commerciale Millennium	Rovereto (TN)	7,683	//	MILLENNIUM GALLERY SRL	2004	//	100	Freehold property (excluding supermarket and a portion of a mall)	28	4		900	Game 7 Athletics, Oviessse, Trony, Bata	Superstore Coop (non di proprietà)	//
Centro Commerciale ESP	Ravenna (RA)	30,072	3,200	IGD SIO SPA	1998	2017	100	Freehold property	82	16	1	3,304	Deichmann, Game 7 athletics, Librerie Coop, Unieuro, H&M, Piazza Italia, Bershka, Pull & Bear, OVS, Kiabi, Casa, Maisons du Monde, Scarpe & Scarpe	Ipercoop	16,536
Centro Commerciale Città delle Stelle	Ascoli Piceno (AP)	17,185	1,850	IGD SIO SPA	2002	//	100	Freehold property	42	4	1	2,200	Piazza Italia, Unieuro, H&M, Multiplex Stelle	Ipercoop	14,381
Centro Commerciale La Torre	Palermo (PA)	15,250	//	IGD SIO SPA	2010	//	100	Freehold property	43	6		1,700	Expert, Scarpe&Scarpe, Piazza Italia, H&M, McDonald	Ipercoop	11,217
Centro Commerciale Tiburtino	Guidonia Montecelo (RM)	33,496	//	IGD SIO SPA	2009	//	100	Freehold property	99	13		3,800	Desigual, Azzurra Sport, H&M, Piazza Italia, Obi, Scarpaomondo, New Yorker, Euronics	Ipercoop	7,663
Piastra Commerciale Mazzini	Livorno (LI)	6,097	//	IGD SIO SPA	2014	//	100	Freehold property	30	1			Unieuro/Coop	Coop	1,440
Centro Commerciale Casilino	Roma (RM)	4,288	760	IGD SIO SPA	2002	//	100	Freehold property	22	3	1	1,260	Euronics, Piazza Italia	Ipercoop	14,544
Centro Commerciale e Retail Park Coné	Conegliano (TV)	18,162	//	IGD SIO SPA	2010	//	100	Freehold property	59	9		1,550	Maison du Monde, Conbipel, H&M Librerie Coop, Euronics, Scarpe&Scarpe, Stradivarius	Ipercoop	9,498
Ipermercato CC II Maestrale	Cesano di Senigallia (AN)	//	//	IGD SIO SPA	1999	//	100	Freehold property (hypermarket)					//	Ipercoop	12,501
Supermercato Civita Castellana	Civita Castellana (VT)	//	//	IGD SIO SPA	2010	//	100	Freehold property (only supermarket)					//	Coop	3,020
Ipermercato CC Lame	Bologna (BO)	//	//	IGD SIO SPA	1996	//	100	Plena Proprietà (Ipermercato + Negozi)					//	Ipercoop	15,681
Galleria Commerciale Maremà	Grosseto (GR)	17,109	//	IGD SIO SPA	2016	//	100	Plena Proprietà (escluso Ipermercato)	45	6		3,000	Piazza Italia, Decathlon, Zara, Bershka, Stradivarius, Pull & Bear	Ipercoop (non di proprietà)	//
Ipermercato CC Fonti del Corallo	Livorno (LI)	//	//	IGD SIO SPA	2003	//	100	Freehold property (hypermarket)					//	Ipercoop	15,371
Ipermercato CC Leonardo	Imola (BO)	//	//	IGD SIO SPA	1992	//	100	Freehold property (hypermarket)					//	Ipercoop	15,862
Supermercato Cecina	Cecina (LI)	//	//	IGD SIO SPA	1994	//	100	Freehold properties (only supermarket)					//	Coop	5,749
Galleria Commerciale Punta di Ferro	Forlì (FC)	21,223	//	IGD SIO SPA	2011	//	100	Freehold properties (excluding hypermarket)	94	3		2,854	H&M, Unieuro, Toys, McDonald, Deichmann, Benetton	Conad (non di proprietà)	//
Galleria Commerciale Gran Rondò	Crema (CR)	11,696	//	IGD SIO SPA	1994	2006	100	Freehold properties (excluding hypermarket)	38	3		1,280	Oviessse, Promenade calzature	Ipercoop (non di proprietà)	//
Centro Commerciale Darsena City	Ferrara (FE)	12,552	//	IGD SIO SPA	2009	//	50	50% Freehold property of mall and hypermarket	31	2		1,320	Pittarosso, Euronics	Despar	3,715
Centro Commerciale Katanè	Gravina di Catania (CT)	14,912	//	IGD SIO SPA	2009	//	100	Freehold property	64	6		1,320	Adidas, Euronics, H&M, Conbipel, Piazza Italia, Desigual, Euronics, H&M, Piazza Italia, Rosso Pomodoro	Ipercoop	13,663
	Afragola (NA)	16,983	//	IGD SIO SPA	1999	2014	100	Freehold property	66	8		2,650		Ipercoop	9,570
Galleria Commerciale e Retail Park Mondovicino	Mondovì (CN)	17,197	//	IGD SIO SPA	2007	//	100	Freehold properties (excluding hypermarket)	42	8		4,500	Jysk, OVS, Librerie Coop, Brico IO, Foot Locker	Ipercoop (non di proprietà)	//
Galleria Commerciale I Bricchi	Isola d'Asti (AT)	15,994	245	IGD SIO SPA	2009	//	100	Freehold properties (excluding hypermarket)	24	7		1,450	Deichmann	I Gigante (non di proprietà)	//
Galleria Commerciale Sarca	Sesto S. Giovanni (MI)	23,773	//	IGD MANAGEM ENT SRL	2003	2015	100	Freehold properties (excluding hypermarket)	72	8		2,500	OVS, H&M, Piazza Italia, Skyline cinema, Roadhouse, Scarpe&Scarpe, Rosso Pomodoro	Ipercoop (non di proprietà)	//
Retail Park Clodi	Chioggia (VE)	9,329	//	IGD SIO SPA	2015	//	100	Freehold property	9	6			OVS, Scarpe&Scarpe, Piazza Italia, Dechaton	Ipercoop	7,490
Supermercato Aquileia	Ravenna (RA)	//	//	IGD SIO SPA	//	//	100	Freehold property (supermarket)					//	Coop	2,250
Centro Piave	San Donà di Piave (VE)	11,618	//	CSI SPA	1995	2003	//	Master Leasing	48	5		1,500	Cisalfa, Librerie Coop, Oviessse, Piazza Italia, Scarpe&Scarpe, McDonald	Ipercoop	15,826
Centro Nova	Villanova di Castenaso (BO)	12,740	//	CSI SPA e COPAIN HOLDING SPA	1995	2008	//	Master Leasing	55	7		2,400	H&M, Librerie Coop, Bershka, Pittarosso, Benetton, McDonald	Ipercoop	18,188
Galleria CC Fonti del Corallo	Livorno (LI)	7,313	//	Fondo Mario Negri	2003	//	//	Master Leasing	55	2		1,600	Oviessse, Librerie Coop, Bata, Swarovski	Ipercoop	15,371

ROMANIA

Shopping center	Location	Shopping center GLA (sqm)	Net Selling Area	Circulation (sqm) Rented	Rentable Warehouse/office	Ownership	Opening date	Date of extension 7 restyling	Extension area	% owned	Form of ownership	No. of store	No. of middle sized area	Parking places	Main brand	Food anchor	Food anchor GLA (sqm)	Sales area food anchor (sqm)
Winmarkt Grand Omnia Center	Ploiesti	18,308	16,870	309	1,129	Win Magazi n SA	1986	2015		100	Freehold properties	109	//	400	Adidas, Levi's, Domo, Vodafone, Carrefour Market, dm drogerie, Leonardo, Jolidon, Eponge, Banca Transilvania, KFC, Flanco, Pepco	Carrefour	1,215	1,215
Winmarkt Big	Ploiesti	4,233	2,776	442	1,016	Win Magazi n SA	1976	2013		100	Freehold properties	82	//		Banca Transilvania, Carrefour Market	Carrefour	882	700
Winmarkt	Galati	7,962	7,490	106	367	Win Magazi n SA	1973	2005		100	Freehold properties	36	//		H&M, B&B, Seveda, Jolidon, Bigotti, Massini, Pepco, CGS	Billa	827	569
Winmarkt	Ramnicu Valcea	7,902	7,684	51	166	Win Magazi n SA	1973	2004		100	Freehold properties	35	//		H&M, Carrefour Market, Eponge, Leonardo, Jolidon, dm drogerie Markt, Domo	Carrefour	900	900
Winmarkt	Piatra Neamt	6,055	4,879	337	839	Win Magazi n SA	1985	2014		100	Freehold properties	67	//		H&M, Seveda, B&B Collection, Billa, Leonardo, Eponge, Pepco, Reshoes	Billa	878	520
Winmarkt	Braila	7,263	6,349	93	821	Win Magazi n SA	1978	2004		100	Freehold properties	45	//		Carrefour Market, Leonardo, Jolidon, Altex, Vodafone, Seveda, Pepco	Carrefour	673	550
Winmarkt	Buzau	5,300	4,953	32	314	Win Magazi n SA	1975	2013		100	Freehold properties	29	//		H&M, Carrefour Market, Leonardo, Pepco	Carrefour	800	650
Winmarkt	Tulcea	3,964	3,777	5	182	Win Magazi n SA	1972	2002		100	Freehold properties	27	//		H&M, B&B Collection, Leonardo, Altex, Fraher, Vodafone	Fraher	405	405
Winmarkt	Cluj Napoca	7,299	5,704	85	1,510	Win Magazi n SA	1983	2011		100	Freehold properties	36	//		Carrefour Market, dm drogerie, Leonardo, Big Fitness	Carrefour	1,338	1,188
Winmarkt	Bistrita	5,252	4,799	61	392	Win Magazi n SA	1984	2005		100	Freehold properties	33	//		Altex, Leonardo, dm drogerie, fast-food Pizzamania, Pepco			
Winmarkt	Alexandria	3,410	3,302	33	74	Win Magazi n SA	1978	2013		100	Freehold properties	31	//		Carrefour Market, Pepco, Eponge, Leonardo, Jolidon, Vodafone	Carrefour	680	680
Winmarkt	Slatina	5,965	4,833	29	1,102	Win Magazi n SA	1975	2005		100	Freehold properties	22	//		Altex, Telekom, B&B	Carrefour	553	505
Winmarkt	Vaslui	3,667	3,452	23	192	Win Magazi n SA	1973	2006		100	Freehold properties	26	//		Carrefour, Reshoes, Jolidon	Carrefour	527	527
Winmarkt	Turda	2,515	2,231	-	284	Win Magazi n SA	1981	2007		100	Freehold properties	9	//		Pepco			
TOTAL Malls		89,094	79,099	1,607	8,388													
Winmarkt Junior	Ploiesti	3,012	2,137	544	331	Win Magazi n SA				100	Freehold properties							
GRAND TOTAL		92,106	81,236	2,151	8,719													

ITALY
ANALYSIS BY ASSET CLASS

The first half of 2017 was positive for the valuation of the IGD Group's real estate portfolio as the fair value increased both overall and like-for-like, the discount rate was lower, the financial occupancy of the Winmarkt portfolio increased and was stable for the Italian portfolio.

The main changes for each asset class in the year are described below.

HYPERMARKETS AND SUPERMARKETS

IGD's freehold hypermarkets and supermarkets are leased on a long-term basis to Coop Alleanza 3.0 Soc. Coop (formerly Coop Adriatica Scarl) and the Unicoop Tirreno Soc. Coop Group. Rent is indexed to 75% of the ISTAT index. Tenants are responsible for all routine and extraordinary maintenance on plants and the interiors of the buildings.

The hypermarkets and supermarkets were valued at 30 June 2017 by the appraisers CBRE Valuation S.p.A., Duff&Phelps Reag S.p.A., Cushman & Wakefield LLP and Jones Lang LaSalle S.p.A. based on the following percentages of FV:

Hyper/Super	30/06/2017
CBRE Valuation S.p.A.	22%
DUFF&PHELPS Reag S.p.A.	11%
Cushman&Wakefield LLP	37%
Jones Lang LaSalle S.p.A.	30%
TOTAL	100%

The DCF method was used by all the appraisers for this asset class. CBRE Valuation S.p.A., Cushman & Wakefield LLP and Jones Lang LaSalle S.p.A. used a standard duration of 10 years for all the assets; Duff&Phelps Reag S.p.A. used a variable duration depending on the expiration of the lease held by the retailer and the estimated fair value of the space in the year the lease was up for renegotiation.

In first half 2017 the perimeter of this asset class increased as a result of the absorption by the Miralfiore hypermarket in Pesaro of the store used for a Robintur travel agency which was previously classified as other.

The fair value of this class of property reached €649.60 million at 30 June 2017, an increase of 0.54% (+€3.51 million) against 31 December 2016 explained primarily by the lower discount rate applied of 6.77% (-20 bps vs. 31.12.16).

The gross initial yield was basically unchanged at 6.19%, a slight increase of 2 bps compared to 31.12.16.

The average gross cap out rate was basically unchanged at 6.28%.

The occupancy rate of the hyper/supermarkets was unchanged at 100%.

SHOPPING MALLS AND RETAIL PARKS

The IGD Group's shopping malls and retail parks are leased on average for five years to businesses. Rent is indexed to 100% of the ISTAT index.

Leases of six + six years, with rent indexed to 75% of the ISTAT index, are reserved for services like newsstands, tobacco shops, dental studios, hair salons and beauty centers.

Shopping malls and retail parks were valued at 30 June 2017 by the appraisers CBRE Valuation S.p.A., Duff&Phelps Reag S.p.A., Cushman & Wakefield LLP and Jones Lang LaSalle S.p.A. based on the following percentages of FV:

Malls/RP	30/06/2017
CBRE Valuation S.p.A.	27%
DUFF&PHELPS Reag S.p.A.	35%
Cushman&Wakefield LLP	18%
Jones Lang LaSalle S.p.A.	20%
TOTAL	100%

The DCF method was used by all the appraisers for this asset class.

In CBRE's, C&W's and JLL's DCF model a standard duration of 10 years was used for all assets; Duff&Phelps Reag S.p.A. used a standard duration of 15 years for this asset class, with the exception of the Darsena Shopping Center for which a standard duration of 18 years was used.

The fair value of this asset class reached €1,287.91 million at 30 June 2017, an increase of +6.30% (+76.31 million) with respect to 31 December 2016.

Like-for-like, namely excluding the ESP mall which was appraised for the first time together with the extension, the increase reached +1.1% or €12.6 million compared to the prior year.

The gross initial yield for this asset class came to 6.29%, an increase of 5 bps against 31.12.2016 due to the increase in rents.

The average discount rate (like-for-like) dropped 16 bps against the prior half to 7.05%. The average discount rate for this asset class has dropped consistently for 5 consecutive halves.

The average gross cap out rate (like-for-like) reached 6.76%, up 4 bps against the prior half.

The lower discount rate is the main reason for the increase in FV.

The fair value (like-for-like) of the seven key malls which are included in Malls and Retail Parks and account for 57.3% this asset class comprised of 22 assets, increased +1% compared to the prior half; this increase represents around 46% of this asset class's total like-for-like increase.

The financial occupancy rate came to 95.93% at 30 June 2017, a decrease of 3 bps against 31 December 2016 linked to the pre-letting of the ESP extension that is still underway.

CITY CENTER

This asset class at 30 June comprises solely the “Piastra commerciale Mazzini” located in Livorno. The fair value of this asset class came to €22.9 million at 30 June 2017, a decrease of 2.55% or €0.6 million against 31.12.2016.

The gross initial yield rose 17 bps against 31 December 2016 to 5.19% due to the decrease in fair value.

The discount rate came to 6.70%, unchanged for the last four halves. The gross cap was also basically stable against the prior half at 6.94%.

The financial occupancy rate for this asset class came to 77.72%, unchanged with respect to 31 December 2016.

The City Center property at 30 June 2016 was appraised 100% by CBRE Valuation S.p.A. who used the DCF method with a standard duration of 10 years.

DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS

Following completion of the extension of the ESP mall in the first half of 2017, this asset class comprised a single asset which is being used for the Porto Grande extension in Porto d'Ascoli (AP) which calls for the construction of two midsize stores for a total GLA of 5,000 m². Planning has been completed for this project and all the permits obtained.

“Development projects” were valued at 30 June 2017 entirely by Cushman & Wakefield LLP using the conversion method.

The fair value of this asset class reached €3.00 million at 30 June 2017, a decrease like-for-like of -0.7% compared to 31.12.2016.

PORTA A MARE PROJECT

The assets of Porta Medicea, owner of the Porta a Mare Project, were valued at 30 June 2017 entirely by the independent appraiser CBRE Valuation S.p.A. using the conversion method.

The project can be broken down into the following areas:

- Mazzini (residential, offices, parking and public parking) which has a total GLA of 6,966 m². Sales of residential units began in 2013;
- Officine storiche (retail, residential, parking and public parking) which has a total GLA of 20,321 m². Work began in first half 2015 and is expected to be completed by year-end 2019;
- Lips (retail, tourist services, accommodations and temporary residences) which has a total GLA of 15,867 m². Work is expected to begin in the second half of 2018.
- Molo Mediceo (retail, services and temporary residences) which has a total GLA of 7,350 m². Work is expected to begin in the second half of 2018.
- Arsenale (retail, temporary residences and parking) which has a total GLA of 7,771 m². Work is expected to begin in the second half of 2018.

The fair value of this asset class reached €79.62 million at 30 June 2017, a decrease of €5.31 million explained mainly by the sale of 14 residential units and relative garages at Mazzini and the write-downs made primarily of the non-retail sections. The fair value of the Porta a Mare Project at 30 June 2017 includes the retail properties not destined for sale which will continue to be owned by the IGD Group.

OTHER

The perimeter of this asset class, which comprises all the IGD Group's other assets, changed in 2017 as a result of the exit of the store used as a Robintur travel agency which in 2017 was absorbed by the Miralfiore hypermarket in Pesaro. This asset class comprises one store near the supermarket on via Aquileia in Ravenna and a fitness area pertaining to the Malatesta Shopping Center in Rimini.

This category includes the offices located on the second floor of the Centro Direzionale Bologna Business Park office building where the IGD Group's headquarters are located, which is leased for six plus six years to Adriatica Luce&Gas SPA and Alleanza 3.0 (ex Coop Adriatica scarl), as well as the offices located on the third and last floors of the same building which are leased to Librerie Coop.

This asset class was valued at 30 June 2017 by the appraisers Duff&Phelps Reag S.p.A. and Cushman & Wakefield LLP based on the following percentages of FV:

Other	30/06/2017
DUFF&PHELPS Reag S.p.A.	91%
Cushman&Wakefield	9%
TOTAL	100%

Both appraisers used the DCF method to value this asset class.

The market value of this class of property amounted to €4.69 million at 30 June 2017, an increase of 6.24% like-for-like (+€0.27 million) against 31 December 2016 explained primarily by the assets found in the office building in the Centro Direzionale Bologna Business Park.

ROMANIA

The Winmarkt properties were valued at 30 June 2017 by the appraisers CBRE Valuation S.p.A. and Duff&Phelps Reag S.p.A. based on the following percentages of FV:

Winmarkt	30/06/2017
CBRE Valuation S.p.A.	48%
DUFF&PHELPS Reag S.p.A.	52%
TOTAL	100%

The DCF method was used by both independent experts. Duff&Phelps Reag S.p.A. applied a standard duration of 15 years and CBRE Valuation S.p.A. of between 5 and 10 years.

The market value of this asset class at 30 June 2017 was €162.67 million, a decrease of 1.36% (-€2.24 million) compared to 31.12.16 attributable almost entirely to shopping malls.

The fair value of the malls fell 1.5% against the prior year (-€2.44 million) to €159.87 million.

The fair value of the Junior office building in Ploiesti rose 7.69% (+€0.2 million) to €2.8 million.

The gross initial yield of the Winmarkt malls rose 5 bps in the first half compared to the prior year to 6.53%. The discount rate was lower at 8.43% (-3 bps compared to 31.12.2016), while the gross cap out rate fell slightly by 6 bps compared to 31.12.2016 to 7.90%.

The financial occupancy rate for the Winmarkt malls came to 96.91% at 30 June 2017, an improvement of 96 bps with respect to the prior half.

The most important real estate investments and development projects, as well as the accounting method used, are shown in the following table:

Category	Book value at 30/06/2017	Accounting method	Market value at 30/06/2017	Date of last appraisals
Real estate investments IGD Group				
Hypermarkets and supermarkets	649.60	fair value	649.60	Jul-17
Shopping malls Italy	1,287.91	fair value	1,287.91	Jul-17
City Center	22.90	fair value	22.90	Jul-17
Other	4.69	fair value	4.69	Jul-17
Total Italy	1,965.10		1,965.10	
Shopping malls Romania	159.87	fair value	159.87	Jul-17
Other Romania	2.80	fair value	2.80	Jul-17
Total Romania	162.67		162.67	
Total IGD Group	2,127.77		2,127.77	

Category	Book value at 30/06/2017	Accounting method	Market value at 30/06/2017	Date of last appraisals
Direct development initiatives	3.00	costo rettificato	3.00	Jul-17

Category	Book value at 30/06/2017	Accounting method	Market value at 30/06/2017	Date of last appraisals
Porta a Mare project*	79.62	fair value/costo rettificato	79.62	Jul-17

	Investment properties, plots of land and development initiatives, assets held for trading		Market value of freehold properties, plots of land and direct development initiatives, assets held for trading	Change
Total	2,210.38		2,210.38	0.00

* The figure includes the portion of the retail units included in preliminary sales agreements with IGD SIIQ S.p.A. classified in the financial statements as works in progress and down payments.

** The fair value of freehold assets, plots of land and development projects free of liens amounts to around €1,436.5 million.

The details of main development projects are shown below:

PROJECT	TYPE	LOCATION	GLA	COMPLETION DATE	ESTIMATED INVESTMENTS	BOOK VALUE AT 30/06/2017	AT % HELD	STATUS
PORTO GRANDE	Extension	Porto d'Ascoli (AP)	5,000 smq	2H 2019	approx. €9.9 mn	3.00	100%	Planning stage completed. All the construction permits and authorisation have been issued
Totale						3.00		

1.9 The SIIQ regulatory environment

The special SIIQ (Società di Investimento Immobiliare Quotate) regime was introduced in Art. 1, paragraphs 119 - 141, of Law n. 296 dated 27 December 2006 (the 2007 budget law) and is governed by the Ministry of Economics and Finance's decree n. 174 dated 7 September 2007 (the Founding Law).

Pursuant to the law the income generated by rental activities is exempt from IRES and IRAP as long as the company distributes a minimum percentage of the income generated by this activity ("Exempt Operations").

Based on Legislative Decree n. 133 of 12 September 2014, converted as amended into Law n. 164 of 11 November 2014, exempt operations may also include the capital gains and losses relating to rental properties and interests held in SIIQ or SIINQ, as well as the income, capital gains and losses, relating to interests held in “qualified” real estate funds. In order to fulfill the distribution requirements, the SIIQs must distribute (or risk losing their SIIQ status): (i) at least 70% of the distributable income generated by exempt operations upon approval of the full year financial statements; (ii) at least 50% of the capital gains generated by the sale of rental properties, interests in SIIQs or SIINQs, as well as in qualified real estate investment funds within two years of their realization.

The main characteristic of the special regime is, therefore, the possibility of benefitting from a specific system of taxation, once certain mandatory qualifications are complied with, based on which earnings are subject to taxation solely upon distribution to shareholders which basically inverts the system of taxation based on which income is subject to taxation when posted by the company rather than when distributed.

Taking into account the amendments called for in the above mentioned law decree n. 133 dated 12 September 2014, the requirements for eligibility under the special regime can be summarized as follows:

Subjective requirements

- must be a joint stock company
- must reside in Italy for tax purposes or, with regard to companies with stable real estate businesses in Italy, in one of the countries member of the European Union and party to the agreement to create a single European economic zone as indicated in the list appended to the decree issued by the Ministry of Treasury and Finance as per paragraph 1 of Art. 168-*bis* of the Uniform Income Tax Act
- shares must be traded on a regulated market

Statutory requirements

The corporate by-laws must include:

- rules which regulate investments
- limits on the concentration of investment and counterparty risk
- limits on the maximum financial leverage permitted

Objective requirements

- freehold rental properties or other properties, interests in other SIIQ/SIINQs and in “qualified” real estate funds must make up 80% of the real estate assets, the so-called “**Asset Test**”
- revenue from rental activities, income from SIIQ/SIINQs and in “qualified” real estate funds, gains on rental properties must make up must total at least 80% of the positive entries in the income statement, the so-called “**Profit Test**”.

The failure to comply with the most important conditions for 3 consecutive years will result in ineligibility under the special regime and the ordinary rules and regulations will be applied beginning as of the third of the years considered.

Ownership requirements

- a single shareholder may not hold more than 60% of the voting rights exercisable in ordinary Shareholders’ Meetings and more than 60% of the dividend rights, the so-called “**Control limit**”
- at least 25% of the float must be held by shareholders who, at the time the option is exercised, hold less than 2% of the voting rights exercisable in ordinary Shareholders’ Meetings and less 2% of the dividend rights, the so-called “**Float requisite**”

With regard to the verification of eligibility, based on the same law the subjective and statutory requisites must be met before the option is exercised while the verification of the objective and ownership requisites is done after the close of the financial statements for the year in which the option was exercised, and subsequently verified after the close of every year.

COMPLIANCE WITH SUBJECTIVE, OBJECTIVE AND OWNERSHIP REQUIREMENTS

The subjective requirements were satisfied as IGD SIIQ SPA is a joint stock company, with headquarters and residing, for tax purposes, in Italy. Its shares are traded on the Mercato Telematico Azionario (MTA - screen-based stock market) managed by Borsa Italiana in the STAR segment.

Based on the parent company's financial statements at 30 June 2017, similar to year-end 2016, the objective requirements were all satisfied. The asset test, based on which the value of freehold rental properties must represent more than 80% of the total value of the real estate assets, and the profit test, based on which revenues from the rental of freehold properties or other property rights rental activities must total at least 80% of the positive entries in the income statement, were satisfied.

As for the ownership requirements, based on the information available to the company, no single shareholder holds more than 60% of the voting rights exercisable in ordinary Shareholders' Meetings and more than 60% of the dividend rights.

DISCLOSURE REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE BY-LAW REQUIREMENTS (ART. 3, P. 2, MINISTERIAL DECREE N. 174 OF 7 JULY 2007)

With regard to the Statutory requirements, please note the following.

With regard to investments, it is expressly provided in Art. 4.3 lett. i) of the Company's by-laws that:

- *“the Company shall not, either directly or through its subsidiaries, invest more than 30 percent of its assets in a single property with urban and functional characteristics, except in the case of development plans covered by a single planning scheme, where portions of the property are covered by individual, functionally independent building permits, or equipped with urban works that are sufficient to guarantee connection to public services”;*

The Company did not invest, either directly or through its subsidiaries, more than 30% of its assets in a single property with urban and functional characteristics.

With regard to the limits on the concentration of investment and counterparty risk, it is expressly provided in Art. 4.3 lett. ii) of the Company's by-laws that:

- *“income from a single tenant or from tenants belonging to a single group may not exceed 60 percent of total rental income”.*

The income from a single tenant or tenants belonging to a single group did not exceed 60% of total rental income.

With regard to limits on the maximum financial leverage permitted, it is expressly provided in Art. 4.3 lett. iii) of the Company's by-laws that:

- *“the maximum permitted financial leverage, at a company or group level, is 85 percent of equity”.*

Financial leverage, either at the group or single level, never exceeded 85% of equity.

OTHER INFORMATION RELATING TO THE COMPANY'S ADHERENCE TO THE SPECIAL REGIME

Once it was clear that all the requisites had been satisfied, IGD exercised the option to be treated under the special regime effective 1 January 2008.

Under the special regime the total capital gains, net any losses, resulting from the difference between the normal value of the rental assets and the value for tax purposes at the end of the fiscal year, are subject to IRES (corporate income tax) and IRAP (regional business tax) at a tax rate of 20 per cent (the **Entry Tax**).

With regard to 2016, as resolved in previous years, during the AGM held on 12 April 2017 shareholders approved the distribution of income generated by exempt operations for an amount that complied with the distribution requirements.

More in detail, shareholders approved the distribution of a total dividend of €36,587,053.40, stemming from: (i) for €21,856,292.65 exempt operations and (ii) for €14,730,760.75 capital reserves.

On 1 April 2017 the merger by incorporation of the wholly owned subsidiaries Igd Property SIINQ S.p.A. and Punta di Ferro SIINQ S.p.A. in IGD SIQ S.p.A. was completed.

Igd Property SIINQ S.p.A. exercised the option to be treated under the special regime as of 1 January 2013.

On 23 March 2017 the sole shareholder resolved to distribute a total dividend of €8,339,400 for FY 2016 to be distributed entirely from the distributable income generated by exempt operations. The income distributed stems entirely from exempt operations and represents not less than 70% of the distributable income generated by exempt operations in accordance with the current law governing SIINQs.

Punta di Ferro SIINQ S.p.A exercised the option to be treated under the special regime as of 1 January 2016.

On 23 March 2017 the sole shareholder resolved to distribute a total dividend of €4,074,207.25 for FY 2016 to be distributed entirely from the distributable income generated by exempt operations. The income distributed stems entirely from exempt operations and represents not less than 70% of the distributable income generated by exempt operations in accordance with the current law governing SIINQs.

1.10 Subsequent events

There are no events to report.

1.11 Outlook

In light of the positive results achieved, the Company expects to continue along its growth path with revenue rising both like-for-like and as a result of the FY contribution of the acquisitions and openings made in 2016, in addition to the

opening on 1 June 2017 of the Esp shopping center extension; the cost of funding should also continue to be low, at less than 3%.

FFO for FY 2017 is also expected to exceed the target announced in February.

Intercompany and related party transactions

With regard to related party and intercompany transactions, there are no transactions which qualify as unusual or atypical, as they fall within the Group's ordinary sphere of operations and take place under arm's-length conditions. For more information regarding the transactions that took place during first half 2017, please refer to the specific section of the explanatory notes.

Treasury shares

The company owned no treasury shares at 30 June 2017.

Research and Development

The IGD Group does not perform research and development activities.

Significant Transactions

During the period ended 30 June 2017, no significant non-recurring transactions or atypical/unusual transactions, as defined in CONSOB's notice of 28 July 2006, were carried out with third parties or between companies in the Group.

2. Igd Group Consolidated Financial Statements at 30 June 2017

2.1 Consolidated income statement

Consolidated income statement (amounts in thousand of Euro)	Note	30/06/2017 (A)	30/06/2016 (B)	Change (A-B)
Revenues:	1	68,386	64,985	3,401
- from third parties		47,323	43,997	3,326
- from related parties		21,063	20,988	75
Other income:	2.1	3,226	2,558	668
- from third parties		2,231	1,730	501
- from related parties		995	828	167
Revenues from property sales:	2.2	4,048	590	3,458
Total revenues and operating income		75,660	68,133	7,527
Change in work in progress inventories	6	(3,665)	1,218	(4,883)
Total revenues and change in inventories		71,995	69,351	2,644
Costs of work in progress	6	370	1,771	(1,401)
Service costs:	3	11,616	11,028	588
- to third parties		10,374	9,914	460
- to related parties		1,242	1,114	128
Personnel costs	4	5,030	4,657	373
Other operating costs	5	4,864	4,773	91
Total operating costs		21,880	22,229	(349)
(depreciation, amortization and provisions)		(1,047)	(1,348)	301
(Impairment losses)/Reversals on work in progress and inventories		(2,215)	(2,201)	(14)
Change in fair value - increases / (decreases)		21,148	2,559	18,589
Total depreciation, amortization, provisions, impairment and change in fair value	7	17,886	(990)	18,876
EBIT		68,001	46,132	21,869
Income/(losses) from equity investment and property sales	8	(38)	(129)	91
Financial income:		56	64	(8)
- third parties		54	61	(7)
- related parties		2	3	(1)
Financial charges:		17,625	19,759	(2,134)
- third parties		17,618	19,745	(2,127)
- related parties		7	14	(7)
Net financial income	9	(17,569)	(19,695)	2,126
PRE-TAX PROFIT		50,394	26,308	24,086
Income taxes	10	1,450	138	1,312
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		48,944	26,170	22,774
Minority interests in net (profit)/loss		0	338	(338)
Parent Company's portion of net profit		48,944	26,508	22,436
- basic earning per share	11	0.060	0.033	
- diluted earning per share	11	0.060	0.033	

2.2 Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (amounts in thousand of Euro)	30/06/2017	30/06/2016
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	48,944	26,170
Total components of comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit/(loss), net of tax effects	0	0
Other components of comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit/(loss)		
Effects of hedge derivatives on net equity	5,354	(2,142)
Tax effect of hedge derivatives on net equity	(1,247)	122
Other effects on income statement components	(24)	(9)
Total other components of comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit/(loss), net of tax effects	4,082	(2,029)
Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period	53,026	24,141
Non-controlling interests in profit/(loss) for the period	0	338
Profit/(loss) for the period attributable to the Parent company	53,026	24,479

2.3 Consolidated statement of financial position

Consolidated statement of financial position (amounts in thousands of Euro)	Note	30/06/2017 (A)	31/12/2016 (A)	Change (A-B)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:				
Intangible assets				
Intangible assets with finite useful lives	12	47	58	(11)
Goodwill	13	12,662	12,662	0
		12,709	12,720	(11)
Tangible assets				
Investment property	14	2,127,766	2,050,728	77,038
Buildings	15	8,254	8,374	(120)
Plant and machinery	16	273	332	(59)
Equipment and other assets	16	1,126	1,323	(197)
Leasehold improvements	16	882	1,020	(138)
Assets under construction and down payment	17	40,458	75,004	(34,546)
		2,178,759	2,136,781	41,978
Other non-current assets				
Deferred tax assets	18	-	764	(764)
Sundry receivables and other non-current assets	19	89	89	0
Equity investments	20	1,702	1,685	17
Non-current financial assets	21	368	393	(25)
Assets for derivative instruments	42	249	-	249
		2,408	2,931	(523)
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS (A)		2,193,876	2,152,432	41,444
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Work in progress inventories and advances	22	51,893	57,753	(5,860)
Trade and other receivables	23	11,961	11,570	391
Related party trade and other receivables	24	1,419	1,136	283
Other current assets	25	7,120	13,112	(5,992)
Related party financial receivables and other current financial assets	26	416	151	265
Cash and cash equivalents	27	2,788	3,084	(296)
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS (B)		75,597	86,806	(11,209)
TOTAL ASSETS (A+B)		2,269,473	2,239,238	30,235
NET EQUITY:				
Share capital		599,760	599,760	0
Share premium reserve		29,971	29,971	0
Other reserves		382,948	349,246	33,702
Group profit		63,680	81,724	(18,044)
Total Group Net Equity		1,076,359	1,060,701	15,658
Portion pertaining to minorities		-	8,725	(8,725)
TOTAL NET EQUITY (C)	28	1,076,359	1,069,426	6,933
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Liabilities for derivative instruments	42	22,920	28,748	(5,828)
Non-current financial liabilities	29	976,666	893,296	83,370
Provision for employees severance indemnities	30	2,664	2,530	134
Deferred tax liabilities	18	23,985	22,665	1,320
Provision for risks and future charges	31	4,633	4,964	(331)
Sundry payables and other non-current liabilities	32	9,215	10,707	(1,492)
Related party sundry payables and other non-current liabilities	32	13,961	13,949	12
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (D)		1,054,044	976,859	77,185
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Current financial liabilities	33	103,663	165,760	(62,097)
Trade and other payables	35	19,764	15,634	4,130
Related party trade and other payables	36	1,329	1,428	(99)
Tax liabilities	37	4,640	2,396	2,244
Other current liabilities	38	9,660	7,714	1,946
Related party other current liabilities	38	14	21	(7)
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES (E)		139,070	192,953	(53,883)
TOTAL LIABILITIES (F=D+E)		1,193,114	1,169,812	23,302
TOTAL NET EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2,269,473	2,239,238	30,235

2.4 Consolidated statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Share premium reserve	Other reserve	Group profit	Group net equity	Non-controlling interest in capital and reserves	Total net equity
Balance at 01/01/2016	599,760	39,971	323,915	58,407	1,022,053	10,150	1,032,203
Profit for the period				26,508	26,508	(338)	26,170
Cash flow hedge derivative assessment			(2,020)		(2,020)		(2,020)
Other comprehensive income (losses)			(9)		(9)		(9)
Total comprehensive profit (losses)	0	0	(2,029)	26,508	24,479	(338)	24,141
Allocation of 2015 profit							
Dividends paid			(6,828)	(25,694)	(32,522)		(32,522)
To legal reserve		(10,000)	10,000	0	0		0
To other reserve		0	19,318	(19,318)	0		0
Balance at 30/06/2016	599,760	29,971	344,376	39,903	1,014,010	9,812	1,023,822

	Share capital	Share premium reserve	Other reserve	Group profit	Group net equity	Non-controlling interest in capital and reserves	Total net equity
Balance at 01/01/2017	599,760	29,971	349,246	81,724	1,060,701	8,725	1,069,426
Profit for the period				48,944	48,944	0	48,944
Cash flow hedge derivative assessment			4,106		4,106		4,106
Other comprehensive income (losses)			(24)		(24)		(24)
Total comprehensive profit (losses)	0	0	4,082	48,944	53,026	0	53,026
Reserves reclassification due to merger			23,979	(23,979)	0		0
Shares purchase from non-controlling interests				(781)	(781)	(8,725)	(9,506)
Allocation of 2016 profit							
Dividends paid			(14,731)	(21,856)	(36,587)		(36,587)
To legal reserve		0	0	0	0		0
To other reserve		0	20,372	(20,372)	0		0
Balance at 30/06/2017	599,760	29,971	382,948	63,680	1,076,359	0	1,076,359

2.5 Consolidated statement of cash flows

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW	30/06/2017	30/06/2016
<i>(in thousands of Euro)</i>		
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Pre-tax profit for the period	50,394	26,308
Adjustments to reconcile net profit with the cash flow generated (absorbed) in the period:		
Adjustments of non-monetary items	(6,747)	(2,634)
(Depreciation, amortization and provisions)	1,047	1,348
(Impairment)/Reversal on assets under construction and work in progress	2,215	2,201
Change in fair value - increases/(decreases)	(21,148)	(2,559)
Gain/losses from disposal - Equity investment	38	129
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS	25,799	24,792
Income taxes	(624)	(485)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS NET OF TAX	25,175	24,307
Change in inventories	3,665	(1,218)
Net change in current assets and liabilities vs third parties	13,483	2,955
Net change in current assets and liabilities vs related parties	(387)	(6,870)
Net change in non-current assets and liabilities vs third parties	(1,815)	(1,909)
Net change in non-current assets and liabilities vs related parties	13	(7)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	40,134	17,258
(Investments) in fixed assets	(21,528)	(10,481)
Disposals of fixed assets	152	147
(investments) in equity interests	(9,506)	(13)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(30,882)	(10,347)
Change in financial receivables and other current financial assets vs third parties	0	9,023
Change in financial receivables and other current financial assets vs related parties	(320)	0
Cash flow hedge reserve	0	(1,659)
Dividends distribution	(36,587)	(32,522)
Change in current financial debt vs third parties	(54,534)	(165,661)
Change in non-current financial debt vs third parties	81,896	244,577
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(9,545)	53,758
Exchange gains/(losses) on cash and cash equivalents	(3)	1
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH BALANCE	(296)	60,670
CASH BALANCE AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	3,084	23,603
CASH BALANCE AT THE END OF THE YEAR	2,788	84,273

2.6 Explanatory notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

1. General information

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Immobiliare Grande Distribuzione at 30 June 2017 were approved and authorized for publication by the Board of Directors on 4 August 2017.

IGD SIIQ S.p.A. is a subsidiary of Coop Alleanza 3.0 Soc. Coop. and is under the management and coordination of that company.

2. Summary of accounting standards

2.1. Preparation criteria

Statement of compliance with International Accounting Standards

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2017 have been prepared in accordance with the IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) issued by the IASB (International Accounting Standards Board) and approved by the European Union, and with instructions issued in compliance with Art. 9 of Legislative Decree 38/2005. The term "IFRS" encompasses all of the International Accounting Standards (IAS) and all interpretations published by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC), including those previously issued by the Standing Interpretations Committee (SIC), that as of the reporting date had been endorsed following the procedure specified in Regulation (EC) 1606/2002 and specifically includes IAS 34 – Interim Financial Reporting. The IFRS have been applied consistently to all reporting periods presented. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read jointly with the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Reporting formats

The items in the statement of financial position are classified as current, non-current, or (if applicable) non-current held for sale, and those in the income statement by type.

The statement of comprehensive income shows the net profit or loss along with income and charges that by express requirement of IFRS are recognized directly in equity. The statement of changes in equity presents comprehensive income and charges, transactions with shareholders and other changes in shareholders' equity. The statement of cash flows is prepared using the indirect method, adjusting the pre-tax profit for non-cash items.

The financial statements, tables and explanatory notes are expressed in thousands of euro (€/000 or €K), unless otherwise specified.

Changes in accounting standards

a) New accounting standards

The accounting standards used to prepare the condensed interim consolidated financial statements are the same as those used in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2016, to which readers are referred.

b) Accounting standards, amendments, and interpretations not yet effective and not applied in advance by the Group

As from 1 January 2018, entities are required to follow the new accounting standard **IFRS 15** on revenue recognition and **IFRS 9** on financial instruments.

From an initial review of contracts with customers, it appears that the Group will not be affected by IFRS 15. With respect to IFRS 9, our analyses suggest a potential impact from section B5.4.6, which determines how the amortized cost of financial liabilities is affected by changes in their cash flow plans, due to either revised estimates or new contractual terms and conditions. In essence, this section states that if estimated payments for financial liabilities are revised, the entity must discount future cash flows at the original EIR and recognize in profit or loss the difference between the present value of future cash flows determined using the original EIR and the carrying amount of the liability. According to the IASB interpretation published in the March 2017 IFRIC Update, the rule stated in section B5.4.6 of IFRS 9 should be applied to all revised payment estimates, including cash flow changes due to the modification of contractual terms (renegotiation) of the financial liability. That conclusion was later the topic of some comment letters (see Agenda Paper 2B of July 2017) arguing that the renegotiation of a liability is different from an estimate revision and that therefore, the former should entail the recalculation of the EIR for the modified liability while the latter should be accounted for as stated in section B5.4.6 of IFRS 9. This was followed by a request to have the IASB interpretation revised; discussions are still underway and this open question may produce further considerations in the future. Should the IASB's conclusion be confirmed, there would be an impact (currently being quantified) on the value of some financial liabilities that the Company renegotiated in recent years.

As from 1 January 2019 entities are required to follow **IFRS 16**, which supersedes IAS 17 and which as of 30 June 2017 had not yet been endorsed. The Group is conducting a financial review to estimate the impact of IFRS 16, with particular reference to the leasing of malls from other owners.

During the half-year, the IASB made changes to some previously issued IAS/IFRS and published new international accounting standards.

Date	IASB publication
13 January 2017	The IASB published for consultation an exposure draft on proposals for <i>Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle</i> , concerning IAS 12 <i>Income Taxes</i> , IAS 23 <i>Borrowing Costs</i> and IAS 28 <i>Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures</i> .
30 March 2017	The IASB published for consultation an exposure draft <i>Improvements to IFRS 8 Operating Segments (Proposed amendments to IFRS 8 and IAS 34)</i> .
31 March 2017	The IASB published for consultation a discussion paper <i>Disclosure Initiative—Principles of Disclosure</i> , to render financial statement disclosures more effective.
24 April 2017	The IASB proposed some changes to IFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i> , aimed at allowing the measurement at amortized cost of financial assets featuring a prepayment option with "negative compensation."
18 May 2017	The IASB published IFRS 17 <i>Insurance Contracts</i> . The standard aims to improve investors' and other parties' understanding of the risk exposure, profitability and financial position of insurers. IFRS 17 supersedes IFRS 4, issued in 2004 as an interim standard. It is effective from 1 January 2021; early adoption is permitted.
26 May 2017	The IASB published a <i>Request for information: Post-implementation Review—IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement</i> in order to collect stakeholders' input on any issues with the application of IFRS 13 on how to determine the fair value of assets and liabilities. The intention is to understand whether there is a need for further guidance on the fair value measurement of biological assets and unlisted equity instruments.
8 June 2017	The IASB published IFRIC Interpretation 23, " <i>Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments</i> ," providing guidance on how to make income tax accounting reflect uncertainties in the tax treatment of a given issue. IFRIC 23 is effective from 1 January 2019.

None of these changes were used to prepare the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as they have not yet been endorsed by the European Commission.

2.2. Consolidation

Scope of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements have been drawn up on the basis of the draft financial statements at 30 June 2017, prepared by the directors of the consolidated companies and adjusted, where necessary, to align them with the

Group's IFRS-compliant accounting and classification policies. Since 31 December 2016, the scope of consolidation has changed due to the merger of the subsidiaries IGD Property S.I.I.N.Q. S.p.A. and Punta di Ferro S.I.I.N.Q. S.p.A. into IGD S.I.I.Q. S.p.A. Pursuant to Consob Circular DEM/6064293 of 28 July 2006, below is a list of Group companies showing the location of their registered office, share capital in the local currency and consolidation method. The interests held directly or indirectly by IGD SIIQ S.p.A. and each of its subsidiaries are also specified.

Name	Registered office	Country	Share capital	Currency	Percent consolidated	Held by	Percent of share capital held	Operations
Parent company								
IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Ravenna, Via Agro Pontino 13	Italy	599,760,278.16	EUR				Facility management
Subsidiaries consolidated on a line-by-line basis								
IGD Management S.r.l.	Ravenna, via Villa Glori 4	Italy	75,071,221.00	EUR	100%	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	100.00%	Facility management and services
Millennium Gallery S.r.l.	Ravenna, via Villa Glori 4	Italy	100,000.00	EUR	100%	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	100.00%	Facility management
Porta Medicea S.r.l.	Bologna, via Trattati Comunitari Europei 1957-2007	Italy	60,000,000.00	EUR	80%	IGD Management S.r.l.	100.00%	Construction and marketing
Win Magazin S.A.	Bucharest	Romania	113,715.30	ROL	100%	IGD Management S.r.l. 99.9%	100.00%	Facility management
Winmarkt Management S.r.l.	Bucharest	Romania	1,001,000	ROL	100%	IGD SIIQ S.p.A. 0.1% Win Magazin S.A.	100.00%	Agency and facility management services
Subsidiaries valued at equity								
Arco Campus S.r.l.	Bologna, via dell'Arcoveggio 49/2	Italy	1,500,000.00	EUR		IGD S.p.A. SIIQ	99.98%	Management of real estate and sports facilities/equipment; construction, trading and rental of properties used for commercial sports
Associates valued at equity								
RGD Ferrara 2013 S.r.l.	Rome, via Piemonte 38	Italy	100,000.00	EUR		IGD S.p.A. SIIQ	50%	Management of Darsena City shopping center

IGD SIIQ S.p.A., directly and indirectly, controls various consortiums for the management of shopping centers (costs relating to common areas and promotional activities). They are not consolidated as they are considered to be immaterial.

Name	Form of control	% controlled	Registered office
Consorzio dei proprietari CC Leonardo	Direct control	52.00%	VIA AMENDOLA 129, IMOLA (BO)
Consorzio dei proprietari CC I Bricchi	Direct control	72.25%	VIA PRATO BOSCHIERO, ISOLA D' ASTI (LOC MOLINI)
Consorzio proprietari Centrolame	Direct control	66.43%	VIA MARCO POLO 3, BOLOGNA (BO)
Consorzio del centro commerciale Katanè	Direct control	53%	VIA QUASIMODO, GRAVINA DI CATANIA LOC SAN PAOLO
Consorzio del centro commerciale Conè	Direct control	65.78%	VIA SAN GIUSEPPE SNC, QUARTIERE DELLO SPORT CONEGLIANO (TV)
Consorzio del centro commerciale La Torre-Palermo	Direct control	55.04%	VIA TORRE INGASTONE, PALERMO LOC BORGONUOVO
Consorzio proprietari del centro commerciale Gran Rondò	Direct control	48.69%	VIA G. LA PIRA n. 18, CREMA (CR)
Consorzio dei proprietari del centro commerciale Fonti del Corallo	Direct control	68.00%	VIA GINO GRAZIANI 6, LIVORNO
Consorzio dei proprietari del centro commerciale Centrosarca	Indirect control	62.50%	VIA MILANESE, SESTO SAN GIOVANNI (MI)
Consorzio Porta a Mare Mazzini	Direct control	80.90%	VIA G. D'ALESSIO, 2 - LIVORNO
Consorzio del parco commerciale Clodi	Direct control	70.35%	S.S. ROMEA n. 510/B; CHIOGGIA (VE)
Consorzio Centro Le Maioliche	Direct control	71.49%	VIA BISAURA N.13, FAENZA (RA)
Consorzio ESP	Direct control	64.59%	VIA MARCO BUSSATO 74, RAVENNA (RA)
Consorzio Proprietari Puntadiferro	Direct control	62.34%	Piazzale della Cooperazione 4, FORLÌ (FC)
Consorzio dei proprietari del compendio commerciale del Commendone	Direct control	52.60%	Via Ecuador snc, Grosseto

3. Use of estimates

The preparation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements and notes in accordance with IFRS requires Management to follow accounting policies and methods that in some cases depend on difficult subjective quantifications and estimates based on past experience, and assumptions that are considered reasonable and realistic on a case-by-case basis. These affect the carrying values of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the reporting date. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on a regular basis and any changes are reflected immediately in profit or loss. Because assumptions about future performance are highly uncertain, actual results may differ from those forecast, and may require sizable adjustments that cannot presently be foreseen or estimated.

The critical valuation processes and key assumptions used by management in the process of applying IFRS that may significantly impact the amounts presented in the consolidated financial statements or that may in the future lead to material differences with respect to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are summarized below.

Investment property and inventory

The real estate portfolio is appraised twice a year, at 30 June and 31 December, by independent external firms with acknowledged professional qualifications and in-depth knowledge of the characteristics of the properties appraised. To that end, on 9 May 2017 the Board of Directors of IGD SIIQ S.p.A. gave a two-year assignment (2017-2018) to CBRE Valuation S.p.A., Duff&Phelps REAG S.p.A., Jones Lang LaSalle S.p.A., and Cushman & Wakefield LLP, specialized in the appraisal of investment property, to prepare a report from which the company can determine the fair value of the currently rented portions of malls, hypermarkets, supermarkets, fitness centers, stores, offices, and land. The periodic appraisals are conducted according to an internal procedure that governs the entire process of valuing investment property at fair value: criteria for the selection and appointment of independent appraisers, protocol for extending assignments, protocol for sharing information and documents between the company and the independent appraisers, and overall monitoring and responsibility. The appraisers' contracts define valuation criteria and methods, the means and timing of physical inspections and any other checks of the appraised properties, and the specific reasoning for the method(s) used to appraise the individual asset. The main information required by the appraisers includes, for rented properties, the rental status of each unit in each shopping center; property taxes; insurance and operating costs for the shopping centers; and any likely incremental costs. For construction in progress, the information concerns the start and end dates of the work, the status of building permits and authorizations, remaining costs, the state of progress, the ribbon-cutting date and projected rentals. The independent appraisers formulate their own assumptions, such as inflation rates, discount rates and capitalization rates, on the basis of their professional judgment. The following are taken into account when determining the capitalization and discounting rates used to value individual properties:

- the type of tenant currently occupying the property or responsible for complying with rental obligations and the possible future occupants of vacant properties, as well as the market's general perception of their creditworthiness;
- the division of responsibilities for insurance and maintenance between the lessor and the lessee;
- the remaining economic life of the property.

The information given to the appraisers, their assumptions, and the models they use are approved by the Director of Property Development and Management, who is responsible for organizing and coordinating the appraisals and for monitoring and checking them before their results are published in the financial statements.

IGD periodically conducts sensitivity analyses on the values assigned to its assets in order to monitor the impact on the real estate portfolio of changes in the discount rate or capitalization rate as a result of macroeconomic developments. Monitoring of the indicators defined in the enterprise risk management system supports the Company's evaluation of how this risk is likely to evolve.

Recoverable amount of goodwill

The recoverable amount of goodwill is determined each year, or more frequently in the case of events or changes in circumstances that may indicate impairment. Impairment is identified through tests based on the ability of each cash generating unit to produce cash flows suitable for recovering the portion of goodwill that has been allocated to it, following the procedures specified in the section on intangible assets.

Recoverability of deferred tax assets

The Group has deferred tax assets on deductible temporary differences and theoretical tax benefits for losses carried forward. In estimating recoverable value, the Group considers the results of the business plan in keeping with those used for impairment testing, along with the regulations that enable these assets to be recovered.

Fair value of derivative instruments

The fair value of interest rate swaps for which no active market exists is determined according to market-based quantitative techniques, i.e. accredited pricing models based on parameters taken as of the individual measurement dates, also with support from external consultants. This method therefore reflects a prioritization of the input data consistent with level 2 of the fair value hierarchy defined by IFRS 7: although quoted prices in active markets (level 1) are not available for these instruments, it is possible to base measurements on data observable either directly or indirectly in the market.

Variable revenue

Variable revenue at 30 June is determined on the basis of monthly earnings reports from the individual tenants, if available, or otherwise on the basis of the previous year's earnings.

Provision for doubtful accounts

The provision for doubtful accounts reflects estimated losses on receivables. Management closely monitors the quality of the receivables portfolio and the current and prospective conditions of the economy and IGD's markets. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on a regular basis and any changes are reflected in the income statement of the pertinent year.

Contingent liabilities

The Group recognizes a liability for pending disputes and legal actions when it believes that a financial outlay is likely and when the amount of the resulting losses can be reasonably estimated. If a financial outlay becomes possible but its amount cannot be determined, this is reported in the notes to the financial statements. The Group is involved in lawsuits and tax disputes concerning difficult, complex issues that present varying degrees of uncertainty, including with regard to the facts and circumstances of each case, matters of jurisdiction, and different applicable laws. Therefore, it is difficult to reach an accurate prediction of any outlays resulting from these disputes, and the provisions set aside for such matters may vary according to future developments.

The Group monitors the status of such litigation and consults with its attorneys and with experts in law and taxation.

4. Segment reporting

The income statement and the statement of financial position are broken down below by business segment, followed by a geographical breakdown of revenue from freehold properties.

INCOME STATEMENT	30-Jun-17	30-Jun-16	30-Jun-17 30-Jun-16		30-Jun-17	30-Jun-16	30-Jun-17 30-Jun-16		30-Jun-17 30-Jun-16	
	CORE BUSINESS PROPERTIES		SERVICES		"PORTA A MARE" PROJECT		UNSHARED		TOTAL	
Total revenues and operating income	68,386	64,985	3,226	2,558	4,048	591	0	0	75,660	68,133
Change in inventories of work in progress	0		0		(3,665)	1,218	0	0	(3,665)	1,218
Direct costs (a) (excluding provisions for doubtful accounts)	12,759	12,424	2,989	2,337	513	1,909	0	0	16,261	16,670
G&A expenses (b)							5,618	5,559	5,618	5,559
Total operating costs (a)+(b)	12,759	12,424	2,989	2,337	513	1,909	5,618	5,559	21,880	22,229
(Depreciation, amortization and provisions)	(880)	(1,170)	(35)	(44)	(2)	(2)	(131)	(132)	(1,047)	(1,348)
(Impairment losses)/Reversals on work in progress and inventories	(2,215)	(190)	0	0	0	(2,011)	0	0	(2,215)	(2,201)
Fair value changed - increases/(decreases)	21,148	2,559	0	0	0	0	0	0	21,148	2,559
Total depreciation, amortization, provisions, impairment and fair value changes	18,053	1,199	(35)	(44)	(2)	(2,013)	(131)	(132)	17,886	(990)
EBIT	73,681	53,760	202	176	(132)	(2,114)	(5,749)	(5,690)	68,001	46,132
Results from equity investments and assets disposal							(38)	(129)	(38)	(129)
Financial income:							56	64	56	64
- third parties							54	61	54	61
- related parties							2	3	2	3
Financial charges:							17,625	19,759	17,625	19,759
- third parties							17,618	19,745	17,618	19,745
- related parties							7	14	7	14
Net financial income							(17,569)	(19,695)	(17,569)	(19,695)
PRE-TAX INCOME	73,681	53,760	202	176	(132)	(2,114)	(23,356)	(25,514)	50,394	26,308
Income taxes							1,450	138	1,450	138
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	73,681	53,760	202	176	(132)	(2,114)	(24,806)	(25,652)	48,944	26,170
Non-controlling interest in (profit)/loss for the period									0	338
Net profit of the Parent company for the period	73,681	53,760	202	176	(132)	(2,114)	(24,806)	(25,652)	48,944	26,508

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	30-Jun-17	31-Dec-16	30-Jun-17 31-Dec-16		30-Jun-17	31-Dec-16	30-Jun-17 31-Dec-16		30-Jun-17 31-Dec-16	
	CORE BUSINESS PROPERTIES		SERVICES		"PORTA A MARE" PROJECT		UNSHARED		TOTAL	
- Real estate investments	2,127,766	2,050,728	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,127,766	2,050,728
- Assets under construction	40,458	75,004	0	0	0	0	0	0	40,458	75,004
Intangible assets	11,655	11,656	1,007	1,007	2	3	45	54	12,709	12,720
Other tangible assets	2,195	2,539	84	133	2	3	8,254	8,374	10,535	11,049
- Sundry receivables and other non-current assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	89	89	89	89
- Equity investments	1,632	1,602	0	0	0	0	70	83	1,702	1,685
NWC	(14,862)	(935)	1,086	915	50,762	56,398	0	0	36,986	56,378
Funds	(6,092)	(6,188)	(1,185)	(1,283)	(20)	(23)	0	0	(7,297)	(7,494)
Sundry payables and other non-current liabilities	(17,249)	(18,725)	0	0	(5,927)	(5,931)	0	0	(23,176)	(24,656)
Net deferred tax (assets)/liabilities	(26,546)	(24,473)	0	0	2,561	2,572	0	0	(23,985)	(21,901)
Total use of funds	2,118,958	2,091,209	992	772	47,379	53,022	8,458	8,600	2,175,787	2,153,602
Total group net equity	1,045,034	1,038,787	(178)	(276)	31,503	22,189	0	0	1,076,359	1,060,701
Non-controlling interest in capital and reserves	0	0	0	0	0	8,725	0	0	0	8,725
Net (assets) and liabilities for derivatives instruments	22,671	28,748	0	0	0	0	0	0	22,671	28,748
Net debt	1,051,253	1,023,673	1,170	1,048	15,876	22,107	8,458	8,600	1,076,757	1,055,428
Total sources	2,118,958	2,091,209	992	772	47,379	53,022	8,458	8,600	2,175,787	2,153,602

REVENUES FROM FREEHOLD PROPERTIES	30-Jun-17	30-Jun-16	30-Jun-17 30-Jun-16		30-Jun-17	30-Jun-16	30-Jun-17 30-Jun-16	
	NORTHERN ITALY		CENTER - SOUTHERN ITALY AND ISLANDS		ABROAD		TOTAL	
LEASE AND RENTAL INCOME	29,794	29,143	26,194	24,045	4,573	4,259	60,561	57,446
ONE-OFF REVENUES	154	5	0	10		0	154	16
TEMPORARY LOCATION RENTS	772	764	551	544		0	1,323	1,308
OTHER RENTAL INCOME	-43	45	67	3	6	21	30	69
TOTAL	30,677	29,957	26,812	24,602	4,579	4,279	62,068	58,838

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Revenue and other income

	Note	30/06/2017	30/06/2016	Change
Revenues:	1	68,386	64,985	3,401
- from third parties		47,323	43,997	3,326
- from related parties		21,063	20,988	75
Other income:	2.1	3,226	2,558	668
- from third parties		2,231	1,730	501
- from related parties		995	828	167
Revenues from trading property sale	2.2	4,048	590	3,458
Total revenues and other operating income		75,660	68,133	7,527

In the first half of 2017 the IGD Group earned revenue and other income of €75,660K, including €4,048K from property sales (residential units in the Mazzini section of the Porta a Mare project).

Most of the increase of €7,527K was caused by positive changes in real estate holdings, with the purchase of the Maremà mall in Grosseto in the final quarter of 2016, the opening of the newly expanded Esp center on 1 June 2017, and the sale of residential units as part of the dissolution of the framework agreement with the CMB Group.

Note 1) Revenue

		30/06/2017	30/06/2016	Change
Freehold hypermarkets - Rents and business leases from related parties	a.1	19,137	19,082	55
Leasehold hypermarkets - Business leases from related parties	a.2	59	59	0
Freehold primemarkets - Rents and business leases from related parties	a.3	850	850	0
TOTAL HYPERMARKETS/SUPERMARKETS	a	20,046	19,991	55
Freehold malls, offices and city center	b.1	40,727	37,470	3,257
Rents		8,350	8,361	(11)
Related parties		480	487	(7)
Third parties		7,870	7,874	(4)
Business leases		32,377	29,109	3,268
Related parties		354	308	46
Third parties		32,023	28,801	3,222
Leasehold malls	b.2	5,887	5,728	159
Rents		301	292	9
Related parties		58	58	0
Third parties		243	234	9
Business leases		5,586	5,436	150
Related parties		112	122	(10)
Third parties		5,474	5,314	160
Other contracts and temporary rents	b.3	1,726	1,796	(70)
Other contracts and temporary rents		1,713	1,774	(61)
Other contracts and temporary rents vs related parties		13	22	(9)
TOTAL MALLS	b	48,340	44,994	3,346
GRAND TOTAL	a+b	68,386	64,985	3,401
of w hich related parties		21,063	20,988	75
of w hich third parties		47,323	43,997	3,326

Rent and business lease revenue increased by €3,401K compared with the same period last year.

Rent from freehold hypermarkets and supermarkets rose by €55K.

Rent and business lease revenue from freehold malls, offices and city center properties increased by €3,346K, chiefly as a result of: (i) higher revenue due to the acquisition of the Maremà mall in Grosseto in the last quarter of 2016 and the inauguration of the Esp expansion on 1 June 2017; (ii) an increase in like-for-like revenue at Italian malls (+2.1%), thanks to occupancy initiatives in late 2016 and early 2017 (average upside +4.7%) and a reduction in discounts granted; (iii) revenue growth in Romania (+7%) as a result of good occupancy and renegotiation results during the period (average upside +2.5%).

For further information, see the income statement review (section 1.4) in the Directors' Report.

Note 2.1) Other income

	30/06/2017	30/06/2016	Change
Facility management revenues	1,688	1,642	46
Portfolio and rent management revenues	73	0	73
Pilotage and construction revenues	361	71	290
Marketing revenues	99	0	99
Other revenues	10	17	(7)
Other income from third parties	2,231	1,730	501
Facility management revenues vs related parties	953	781	172
Pilotage and construction revenues	0	4	(4)
Portfolio and management revenues vs related parties	17	17	0
Marketing revenues	25	26	(1)
Other income from related parties	995	828	167
Other income	3,226	2,558	668

Other income from third parties increased by €501K compared with the first half of 2016, thanks primarily to pilotage fees for the opening of the newly expanded Esp center. Facility management revenue was also on the rise as a result of new contracts, along with portfolio and rent management revenue and marketing revenue.

Other income from related parties increased by €167K, due mainly to the rise in facility management revenue.

Note 2.2) Income from the sale of trading properties

This came to €4,048K in the first half of 2017 and concerns 14 residential units and 14 enclosed garage units in the Mazzini section of Porta a Mare, compared with 2 residential units and 2 enclosed garage units sold in the same period last year.

Note 3) Service costs

	30/06/2017	30/06/2016	Change
Third parties service costs	10,374	9,914	460
Paid rents	5,194	5,141	53
Promotional and advertising expenses	236	262	(26)
Facility management expenses due to vacancies	554	573	(19)
Facility management expenses due to "ceiling" on tenant's costs	886	772	114
Facility management administration costs	336	315	21
Insurances	335	330	5
Professional fees	108	131	(23)
Director and statutory auditors fees	397	414	(17)
External auditors fees	79	86	(7)
Investor relations, Consob and Monte Titoli costs	183	180	3
Shopping centers pilotage and construction costs	369	4	365
Consulting	307	413	(106)
Real estate appraisals fees	216	222	(6)
Maintenance and repairs	171	148	23
Other service costs	1,003	923	80
Related parties service costs	1,242	1,114	128
Service	146	147	(1)
Facility management expenses due to vacancies	353	428	(75)
Facility management expenses due to "ceiling" on tenant's costs	644	455	189
Insurances	34	34	0
Director and statutory auditors fees	65	50	15
Service costs	11,616	11,028	588

Service costs were €588K higher than during the first half of 2016.

The largest increases concerned facility management costs due to ceilings on tenants' expenses (reflecting the greater number of contracts featuring such ceilings) and pilotage costs, which rose in connection with the newly opened Esp expansion.

The main decreases concerned consulting fees and facility management costs for unlet space, the latter reflecting the rise in occupancy.

Rent paid refers mostly to:

- ✓ the Fonti del Corallo mall in Livorno, rented since 2014 from BNP Paribas Real Estate Investment Management Italy SGR S.p.A., under a 24-year lease ending on 25 February 2038 (with an early withdrawal option at the halfway mark on 25 February 2026) that will automatically renew upon expiration for another six years (until 25 February 2044). Annual rent is set at €3,325K for six years and will then be adjusted by 100% of the ISTAT index;
- ✓ the Centro Nova mall, rented since 1 March 2009 from Compagnia Sviluppo Industriali ed Immobiliari S.p.A. and Les Copains Holdings S.p.A. under a six-year lease renewable for a further six years at a time, for which annual rent is approximately €4,319K;
- ✓ the Centro Piave mall, rented since 1 July 2004 from Nova Immobiliare S.r.l. under a six-year lease renewable for a further six years at a time, with annual rent of approximately €2,378K.

Note 4) Cost of labor

	30/06/2017	30/06/2016	Change
Wage and salaries	3,646	3,427	219
Social security	1,034	954	80
Severance pay	229	184	45
Other costs	121	92	29
Personnel costs	5,030	4,657	373

The slight increase in the cost of labor reflects additional hires to handle new facility management contracts, the introduction of company welfare benefits in 2017, and higher bonuses.

Note 5) Other operating costs

	30/06/2017	30/06/2016	Change
IMU/TASI/Property tax	4,330	4,303	27
Other taxes	40	28	12
Registration of contracts	185	183	2
Membership fees	64	63	1
Losses on receivables	42	12	30
Fuels and tolls	96	81	15
Other costs	107	103	4
Other operating costs	4,864	4,773	91

Other operating costs were essentially in line with the previous year.

Note 6) Change in work in progress inventory

	30/06/2017	30/06/2016	Change
Construction costs for the period	370	1,771	(1,401)
Change in inventories for disposals	(4,035)	(553)	(3,482)
Change in inventories of work in progress	(3,665)	1,218	(4,883)

Work in progress inventory relating to the land, buildings, and urban infrastructure works of the multifunctional complex in Livorno decreased by €3,665K due to the sale of residential units (see Note 2.2), net of the advancement of works for the period.

Note 7) Depreciation, amortization, provisions and fair value changes

	30/06/2017	30/06/2016	Change
Amortization of intangible assets	(12)	(15)	3
Amortization of tangible assets	(500)	(543)	43
Provision for doubtful accounts	(427)	(693)	266
Provision for risks and other charges	(108)	(97)	(11)
Total amortization and provision	(1,047)	(1,348)	301
(Impairment)Reversals on work in progress and inventories	(2,215)	(2,201)	(14)
Fair value changes	21,148	2,559	18,589
Total depreciation, amortization, provisions, impairment and fair value changes	17,886	(990)	18,876

- ✓ Depreciation and amortization decreased by €46K due to the conclusion of the depreciation process for plant and equipment.
- ✓ The allocation to the provision for doubtful accounts, €427K, was lower than the previous year's by €266K in consideration of the improved business climate and a resulting decrease in impaired receivables. The allocation was made by evaluating the individual positions of clients in order to adjust them to estimated realizable value. See Note 23 for changes in this provision.

- ✓ Other provisions refer to the estimated outcome of various IMU (municipal property tax) disputes regarding Le Maioliche (Faenza) and La Torre (Palermo) shopping centers, amounting to €98K, and an administrative dispute for which €10K has been provided.
- ✓ "(Impairment losses)/reversals on work in progress" (-€2,215K) cover the following: (i) an impairment loss of €20K for the expansion of Porto Grande (see Note 17), to bring carrying value into line with the lower of cost and fair value as stated in the appraisal of 30 June 2017; (ii) an impairment loss of €2,195K regarding work in progress inventory for the Porta a Mare project, to bring carrying value into line with the lower of cost and fair value as stated in the appraisal of 30 June 2017 (see Note 22).
- ✓ The item "Fair value changes" (€21,148K) covers: (i) a net revaluation of €21,290K (see Note 14) carried out to match the carrying value of investment property to its fair value at 30 June 2017; (ii) a writedown of €142K to match the carrying value of work in progress on Officine Storiche to its fair value, as discussed in Note 17.

Note 8) Income/(loss) from equity investments and property sales

The overall loss of €38K derives mostly from the results of investments accounted for using the equity method.

Note 9) Financial income and charges

	30/06/2017	30/06/2016	Change
Bank interest income	2	38	(36)
Other interest income and equivalents	26	11	15
Exchange gains	26	12	14
Financial income vs third parties	54	61	(7)
Interest income vs related parties	2	3	(1)
Financial income vs related parties	2	3	(1)
Total financial income	56	64	(8)

Financial income showed a slight reduction, due mainly to time deposits made in 2016. Interest income from related parties is described in Note 40.

	30/06/2017	30/06/2016	Change
Interest expenses on security deposits	7	14	(7)
Interest expenses on Coop Adriatica accounts	0	0	0
Total financial charges vs related parties	7	14	(7)
Interest expenses to banks	6	223	(217)
Mortgage loan interests	1,540	5,393	(3,853)
Amortized mortgage loan interests	189	1,329	(1,140)
IRS spread	4,437	5,866	(1,429)
Amortized costs of the equity mortgage component	60	62	(2)
Financial charges on bonds	9,425	5,333	4,092
Amortized costs on bonds	1,397	1,002	395
Financial charges on leasing	28	34	(6)
Other interests, fees and charges	511	453	58
Financial credit write-down	25	50	(25)
Total financial charges vs third parties	17,618	19,745	(2,127)
Financial charges	17,625	19,759	(2,134)

Financial charges went from €19,759K in the first half of 2016 to €17,625K this year. Most of the decrease of €2,134K reflects lower interest expense due to the early repayment of loans from BNP and Banco Popolare di Verona the

previous year and the termination of a mortgage loan at its natural maturity in December 2016, as well as the lesser use of short-term credit facilities and a decline in interest rates. Costs for interest rate swaps (IRS) also decreased.

On the other hand, there was an increase in financial charges relating to the €300 million bond loan issued on 31 May 2016 and the €100 million bond loan issued on 11 January 2017, along with higher rating expenses and fees for committed revolving credit facilities.

As of 30 June 2017, a loan granted to Iniziativa Bologna Nord S.r.l. (in liquidation) had been written down by €25K.

For the first half of 2017, the average cost of debt (without considering recurring and non-recurring transaction costs) was 2.91%, down from 3.23% the previous year, while the weighted average effective cost of debt went from 3.69% to 3.21%.

Note 10) Income taxes

	30/06/2017	30/06/2016	Change
Current taxes	656	504	152
IRAP tax credit	(13)	0	(13)
Deferred tax liabilities	707	156	551
Deferred tax assets	106	(552)	658
Out-of-the-period income/charges - provisions	(6)	30	(36)
Total income taxes for the period	1,450	138	1,312

Current and deferred taxes came to €1,450K for the period, an increase of €1,312K with respect to the first half of 2016. The change is mostly due to the adjustment of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities to reflect the disparity between fair value and the amount valid for tax purposes, caused by fair value adjustments on certain investment properties held by subsidiaries without SIIQ status.

Below is a reconciliation between theoretical income tax and actual income tax for the periods ended 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016.

Reconciliation of income taxes applicable to profit before taxes	30/06/2017	30/06/2016
Pre-tax profit	50,394	26,308
<i>Theoretical tax charge (rate 24% year 2017 - 27.5% year 2016)</i>	12,094	7,235
Profit resulting in the income statement	50,394	26,308
Increases:		
IMU - Property tax	3,805	3,736
Devaluation on ongoing projects and inventories	2,215	2,201
Other increases	1,714	2,269
Decreases:		
Change in tax-exempt income	(26,325)	(22,843)
Deductible depreciations	(3,533)	(3,759)
Positive fair value	(21,148)	(2,559)
Othe changes	(4,337)	(2,645)
Taxable income	2,785	2,708
Use of ACE benefit	1,047	878
Taxable income net of losses	1,738	1,830
Lower current taxes recognized directly in net equity	(14)	(17)
Current taxes of the period	448	325
Income from tax consolidation	0	0
Current IRES for the year (a)	448	325
Difference between value and cost of production	48,797	45,623
<i>Theoretical IRAP (3.9%)</i>	1,903	1,779
Difference between value and cost of production	48,797	45,623
Changes:		
Increases	6,987	6,818
Decreases	(3,434)	(6,323)
Change in exempt income	(42,168)	(40,145)
Other deductions	(5,027)	(1,580)
Taxable income for IRAP purpose	5,155	4,393
Lower IRAP taxes recognized directly in equity	0	0
Current IRAP for the year (b)	208	179
Total current taxes (a+b)	656	504

Note 11) Earnings per share

As required by IAS 33 (paragraph 66), the income statement presents the basic and diluted earnings per share for profit or loss from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of IGD SIIQ S.p.A. The information is provided on the basis of consolidated figures only, as provided for by IAS 33.

	30/06/2017	30/06/2016
Net profit attributable to Parent company shareholders	48,944	26,508
Diluted net profit attributable to Parent company shareholders	48,944	26,508
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for purposes of basic earnings per share	813,045,631	813,045,631
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for purposes of diluted earning per share	813,045,631	813,045,631
Basic earning per share	0.060	0.033
Diluted earning per share	0.060	0.033

Note 12) Intangible assets with finite useful lives

	Balance at 01/01/2017	Increases	Decreases	Amortization	Reclassificati ons	Balance at 30/06/2017
Intangible assets with finite useful lives	58	1	0	(12)	0	47

Intangible assets with finite useful lives consist of expenses incurred for the design and registration of trademarks used by the Group, which are amortized over 10 years, and of business software, amortized over 3 years. In the first half of 2017 there were no impairment losses or reversals on intangible assets.

Note 13) Goodwill

	Balance at 01/01/2017	Increases	Decreases	Reclassification s	Balance at 30/06/2017
Goodwill	12,662	0	0	0	12,662

Goodwill has been allocated to the individual cash generating units (CGUs).

Below is the breakdown of goodwill by CGU at 30 June 2017:

Goodwill	30/06/2017	31/12/2016
Millennium s.r.l.	3,952	3,952
Winmagazin S.A.	5,409	5,409
Winmarkt management s.r.l.	1	1
Fonti del Corallo	1,300	1,300
Centro Nova	546	546
San Donà	448	448
Service	1,006	1,006
Total	12,662	12,662

Goodwill for Millennium and Winmagazin refers to consolidation differences arising upon acquisition and first-time consolidation of the corresponding legal entities. The recoverability of the goodwill allocated to these CGUs has been analyzed on the basis of the property appraisals by CBRE Valuation S.p.A., Duff&Phelps REAG S.p.A., Jones Lang LaSalle S.p.A., and Cushman & Wakefield LLP in accordance with the criteria described in Note 15 below. Specifically, this goodwill covers the possibility to sell properties owned by the subsidiaries (through the equity investment) without incurring taxes. Therefore, recoverability derives from the tax savings that could be achieved from the investment's sale, and is measured on the basis of the deferred tax provision covering the higher book value of the property with respect to the tax-deductible amount. Goodwill for the CGUs Fonti del Corallo, Centro Nova, San Donà, Service, and Winmarkt Management pertains to business management for properties not owned by the Group, as well as services (facility management) provided at shopping centers owned by the Group and by third parties. For the latter, the Group performs impairment tests every year at 31 December, and whenever circumstances indicate that the recoverable amount of goodwill may have been impaired. For both types described, at 30 June 2017 there were no signs from quantitative and/or qualitative indicators, and specifically from fair value movements in investment property, suggesting that the tests be conducted anew.

Note 14) Investment property

	Balance at 01/01/2017	Increases	Decreases	Revaluation s	Impairment	Reclassificati ons	Balance at 30/06/2017
Investment property	2,050,728	644	(152)	28,091	(6,801)	55,256	2,127,766

Changes for the period in investment property concern fit-out and extraordinary maintenance work (€644K) at shopping centers, in particular Città delle Stelle (Ascoli), Centro Borgo, and Le Maioliche. Decreases refer mainly to the sale of a unit at Centro Commerciale Leonardo.

As for fair value adjustments, investment property was revalued in the amount of €28,091K and written down by €6,801K, for a net positive impact of €21,290K. See section 1.8 on the real estate portfolio for further details.

Reclassifications refer to the recognition as investment property of the Esp expansion, which was previously listed as under construction.

Fair value hierarchy

Disclosures on the fair value hierarchy for non-financial assets and liabilities are provided below in accordance with IFRS 13. The fair value hierarchy classifies into three levels the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. It gives the highest priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs). More specifically:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, a Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Level 2 inputs include the following:
 - (a) quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - (b) quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active;
 - (c) inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, for example:
 - (i) interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals;
 - (ii) implied volatilities; and
 - (iii) credit spreads;
 - (d) market-corroborated inputs.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The IGD Group's real estate portfolio has been measured according to Level 3 fair value models as the inputs directly and indirectly unobservable in the market, used in the valuation models, are greater than the observable inputs.

IGD Group investment property measured at fair value is shown in the table below.

	Fair Value measurement 30 June 2017		
	Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1)	Significant inputs observable in the market (Level 2)	Significant inputs not observable in the market (Level 3)
Investment property in Italy:			
Shopping malls and retail parks			1,287,910
City Center			22,900
Hypermarkets and supermarkets			649,599
Residual portions of property			4,687
Total investment property Italy			1,965,096
Investment property Romania:			
Shopping malls			159,870
PLOJESTI - Junior Office Building			2,800
Total Romania			162,670
IGD Group: investment property			2,127,766
Total development initiatives			0
Porta a Mare project			
Porta a Mare project			27,770
Total trading properties			27,770
Total IGD Group investment property measured at fair value			2,155,536

Note: (1) Retail portion of the Porta a Mare project, listed with assets under construction and measured at fair value.

Note 15) Buildings

	Balance at 01/01/2017	Increases	Decreases	Depreciation	Balance at 30/06/2017
Historical cost	10,114				10,114
Accumulated depreciation	(1,740)			(120)	(1,860)
Building	8,374	0	0	(120)	8,254

This item refers to the purchase of the building housing IGD SIIQ S.p.A.'s head office. The only movement during the year was depreciation.

Note 16) Plant and machinery, equipment, and leasehold improvements

	Balance at 01/01/2017		Balance at 01/01/2017		Change in currency translation			Balance at 30/06/2017		Balance at 30/06/2017		Balance at 30/06/2017	
	Historical cost	Accumulated depreciation	Historical cost increases	Accumulated depreciations increases	Historical cost	Accumulated depreciation	Historical cost	Accumulated depreciation	Historical cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net carrying value	Historical cost	Accumulated depreciation
Plant and machinery	3,111	(2,779)	4	(63)			3,115	(2,842)	3,115	(2,842)	273		
Equipments	5,447	(4,124)	9	(25)	(179)	(4)	2		5,452	(4,326)	1,126		
Leasehold improvements	2,939	(1,919)		(138)					2,939	(2,057)	882		

Most of the changes in plant and machinery, equipment, and leasehold improvements reflect depreciation for the period. Leasehold improvements consist of structural work on properties not owned by IGD and are amortized over the duration of the lease.

Note 17) Assets under construction

	Balance at 01/01/2017	Increases	Decreases	Reclassificati ons	(Impairment losses)/Reversals	Fair value changes	Currency translation gain/losses	Balance at 30/06/2017
Assets under construction	72,244	21,199		(55,256)		(20)	(142)	38,025
Advance payments	2,760	404	(731)					2,433
Assets under construction and advance payments	75,004	21,603	(731)	(55,256)		(20)	(142)	40,458

Assets under construction increased due to investments totalling €21,199K, including: (i) expansion of Gran Rondò shopping mall in Cremona (€1,916K); (ii) ongoing work at Officine Storiche (Porta a Mare, €692K); (iii) finishing work on the Esp expansion in Ravenna (€16,061K); (iv) improvements in earthquake proofing at Centro d'Abruzzo, Portogrande, Darsena, Città delle Stelle and le Porte di Napoli (€672K); (v) mall restyling at Centro Darsena and Città delle Stelle (€244K); (vi) extraordinary maintenance and fit-out work at various malls in Romania (€1,417K); and other minor improvements (€197K), mostly for roofing work at Katanè and Centro Sarca.

Reclassifications refer to investments completed during the half-year and reclassified as investment property (€55,256K), primarily the Esp expansion.

The Porto Grande expansion, recognized using the adjusted cost method, was written down by €20K to bring carrying amounts into line with the lower of cost and appraised fair value. Officine Storiche (Porta a Mare project), carried at fair value due to its advanced stage of construction, was written down by €142K. See section 1.8 on the real estate portfolio for further details.

Advances received during the half-year amounted to €404K. The decreases shown for advances (€731K) mostly reflect construction progress on the Esp expansion and on Officine Storiche.

Note 18) Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in accordance with paragraph 74 of IAS 12, given that: (i) the company is entitled to offset current tax assets and liabilities and (ii) the deferred tax assets and liabilities are associated with income taxes charged by the same tax jurisdiction.

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Deferred tax assets	0	10,938	(10,938)
Deferred tax liabilities	0	(10,174)	10,174
Net deferred tax assets	0	764	(764)

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities for the Italian companies are shown in detail below:

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Capital operations	45	58	(13)
Taxed provisions	272	342	(70)
Interest rate sw aps	5,305	6,493	(1,188)
Impairment losses on inventories	2,560	2,560	0
Impairment losses on equity investment and financial receivables	265	259	6
Loss from tax consolidation	1,163	1,163	0
Property investments	293	0	293
Other effect	61	63	(2)
Total deferred tax assets	9,964	10,938	(974)

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Property investments	11,352	10,021	1,331
Bonds	10	15	(5)
Interest rate sw aps	60	0	60
Other effect	146	138	8
Total deferred tax liabilities	11,568	10,174	1,394

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Net deferred tax assets	0	764	(764)
Net deferred tax liabilities	(1,604)	0	(1,604)

Deferred tax assets mainly originate from:

- ✓ taxed provisions, such as the provision for doubtful accounts and the bonus provision;
- ✓ the effect of writing down inventories to fair value;
- ✓ the recognition of deferred tax assets on mortgage hedging instruments (IRS);
- ✓ tax losses carried forward.

Most of the change for the year reflects deferred tax assets on mortgage hedging instruments (IRS) due to the decrease in their negative fair value.

Deferred tax liabilities principally concern the difference between the fair value of investment property and its value for tax purposes. Most of the change relates to revaluations for the fair value adjustment of certain investment properties held by the Group companies IGD Management S.r.l. and Millennium Gallery S.r.l.

At 30 June 2017, for the Italian companies, the balance of deferred tax assets of €9,964K and deferred tax liabilities of €11,568K was a net liability of €1,604K.

Deferred tax liabilities as shown in the statement of financial position therefore include the net deferred tax liabilities and deferred taxation on the real estate investments of the Romanian company WinMagazin.

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Romania property investments	22,381	22,665	(284)
Italian companies net deferred tax liabilities	1,604	0	1,604
Total deferred tax liabilities	23,985	22,665	1,320

Note 19) Sundry receivables and other non-current assets

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Tax credit	0	0	0
Due to other	23	23	0
Security deposits	66	66	0
Total sundry receivables and other non-current assets	89	89	0

Sundry receivables and other non-current assets are essentially in line with the previous year.

Note 20) Equity investments

	31/12/2016	Increases	Decreases	Revaluation/(Impairment)	Reclassification	30/06/2017
Equity investment in subsidiaries						
Consorzio Proprietari C.C.Leonardo	52					52
Consorzio Proprietari Fonti del Corallo	7					7
Consorzio C.C. i Bricchi	4					4
Consorzio Puntadiferro	6					6
Consorzio del Commendone	6					6
Arco Campus S.r.l.	1,440			(27)		1,413
Equity investment in associates						
Rgd Ferrara 2013 S.r.l.	9	55		2		66
Consorzio Millennium Center	4					4
UnipolSai Investimenti SGR S.p.A.	0					0
Equity investment in other companies	157	0	0	(13)	0	144
Equity investments	1,685	55	0	(38)	0	1,702

The increase of €55K in RGD Ferrara 2013 S.r.l. concerns a capital contribution settled as the partial repayment of an outstanding loan. During the half-year, net impairment losses of €38K were charged to reflect the measurement of investments using the equity method.

Note 21) Non-current financial assets

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Non-current financial assets	368	393	(25)

This item contains the interest-free loan granted to Iniziative Bologna Nord S.r.l (in liquidation) (€268K, net of a €405K writedown) and an interest-bearing loan of €100K granted to Fondazione Virtus Pallacanestro Bologna.

Note 22) Work in progress inventory

	31/12/2016	Increases	Decreases	Impairment	30/06/2017
Porta a Mare project	57,710	370	(4,035)	(2,195)	51,850
Advances	43				43
Inventories for work in progress and advances	57,753	370	(4,035)	(2,195)	51,893

Inventory for work in progress related to land, buildings (completed and under construction) and urban infrastructure works at the multifunctional complex in Livorno underwent: (i) an increase for work on the Officine Storiche section, totaling €370K; (ii) a decrease for the final sale during the period of 14 properties and 14 enclosed garage units (€4,035K); and (iii) a writedown to adjust carrying amount to the lower of cost and appraised fair value (€2,195K).

Note 23) Trade and other receivables

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Trade and other receivables	26,504	26,463	41
Provision for doubtful accounts	(14,543)	(14,893)	350
Trade and other receivables	11,961	11,570	391

Trade receivables, net of the provision for doubtful accounts, increased by €391K with respect to 31 December 2016. The provision for doubtful accounts reflects receivables not considered to be fully recoverable. The allocation for the half-year, €427K, was calculated based on the problems encountered with individual receivables recognized at 30 June and on all available information. The use of €766K from the provision concerns doubtful accounts/problem credits identified in previous years that were fully written off during the period.

Movements in the provision for doubtful accounts are shown below:

Movements in provision for doubtful accounts	30/06/2017	31/12/2016
Opening provision for doubtful account	14,893	15,149
Translation effect	(5)	(8)
Uses	(766)	(1,331)
Writedowns/(uses) interest on late payment	(6)	18
Provisions	427	1,205
Darsena surplus	0	(180)
Transfer	0	40
Provision for doubtful accounts at year-end	14,543	14,893

The following table shows receivables by geographical area:

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016
Receivables Italy	24,198	24,312
Provision for doubtful account	(12,718)	(13,091)
Net receivables Italy	11,480	11,221
Receivables Romania	2,306	21,515
Provision for doubtful account	(1,824)	(1,802)
Net receivables Romania	482	349

Note 24) Related party trade and other receivables

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Coop Alleanza 3.0 Soc. Coop.	532	157	375
Rgd Ferrara 2013 S.r.l.	307	348	(41)
Consorzio Leonardo	0	1	(1)
Consorzio I Bricchi	1	33	(32)
Alleanza Luce e Gas S.r.l.	71	26	45
Unicoop Tirreno Soc. Coop.	38	86	(48)
Consorzio del Commendone	0	35	(35)
Distribuzione Lazio Umbria S.r.l.	0	2	(2)
Librerie.Coop S.p.A.	21	21	0
Robintur S.p.A.	2	0	2
Consorzio Millenniun Center	2	12	(10)
Consorzio La Torre	0	1	(1)
Consorzio CC ESP	21	0	21
Consorzio Crema	62	131	(69)
Consorzio Porta a Mare	51	57	(6)
Consorzio Katané	297	207	90
Consorzio Clodi	7	8	(1)
Consorzio Punta di Ferro	6	6	0
Consorzio Sarca	1	5	(4)
Related parties trade and other receivables	1,419	1,136	283

See Note 40 for details.

Note 25) Other current assets

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
<i>Tax credits</i>			
VAT credits	4,185	10,532	(6,347)
IRES credits	384	445	(61)
IRAP credits	1,061	1,223	(162)
<i>Due from others</i>			
Advances paid to suppliers	30	3	27
Accrued income and prepayments	1,146	583	563
Deferred costs	50	119	(69)
Other	264	207	57
Other current assets	7,120	13,112	(5,992)

Other current assets decreased by €5,992K, due mainly to the use of a VAT credit, which was partially offset by an increase in accrued assets and prepayments for costs incurred but not pertaining to the year.

Note 26) Financial receivables and other current financial assets

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Changes
Related parties financial receivables	416	151	265
Financial receivables and other current financial assets vs related parties	416	151	265

Financial assets from related parties refer to the €150K loan granted to RGD Ferrara 2013 S.r.l., charging interest at the 3-month Euribor plus 350 basis points, less €55K that was converted into a capital injection. During the half-year, a loan of €320K was granted to the subsidiary Arco Campus, charging interest at the 3-month Euribor plus 50 basis points.

Note 27) Cash and cash equivalents

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Cash and cash equivalents	2,679	2,994	(315)
Cash on hand	109	90	19
Cash and cash equivalents	2,788	3,084	(296)

Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June 2017 consisted mainly of current account balances at banks.

Note 28) Net equity

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Share capital	599,760	599,760	0
Share premium reserve	29,971	29,971	0
Other reserves	382,948	349,246	33,702
Legal reserve	119,952	119,952	0
Merger surplus reserve	557	0	557
Cash Flow Hedge reserve	(18,120)	(21,364)	3,244
Cash Flow Hedge reserve - subsidiaries	189	(673)	862
Bond issue reserve	14,865	29,596	(14,731)
Share capital increase reserve	(6,156)	(6,156)	0
Recalculation of defined benefit plans	(154)	(154)	0
Recalculation of defined benefit plans - subsidiaries	(114)	(114)	0
Fair Value reserve	276,316	232,522	43,794
Translation reserve	(4,387)	(4,363)	(24)
Group profit	63,680	81,724	(18,044)
Group profit (loss) carried forward	14,736	13,395	1,341
Group profit (loss) for the period	48,944	68,329	(19,385)
Total Group net equity	1,076,359	1,060,701	15,658
Non-controlling interest in capital and reserve	0	10,150	(10,150)
Non-controlling interest profit (loss)	0	(1,425)	1,425
Non-controlling interest capital and reserves	0	8,725	(8,725)
Total net equity	1,076,359	1,069,426	6,933

The following actions taken during the period were approved by the annual general meeting held to approve the 2016 financial statements: (i) allocation of the parent's 2016 profit to the fair value reserve, in the amount of €20,372K; (ii) distribution of €36,587K in dividends for 2016, through use of the bond issue reserve for €14,731K and profit carried forward for the remainder.

Because of the absorption of Punta di Ferro SIINQ S.p.A. and IGD Property SIINQ S.p.A. by the parent, the Group's profit carried forward has been reclassified with €557K attributed to the goodwill reserve and €23,422K to the fair value reserve.

Other movements in net equity include the adjustment of the cash flow hedge reserves for outstanding derivatives (+€3,244K for the parent and +€862K for a subsidiary), changes in the translation reserve for the conversion of financial statements expressed in a currency other than the euro (-€24K), and the parent's share of net profit for the half-year (€48,944K).

Due to the buy-back of the 20% interest in Porta Medicea S.r.l., there were no non-controlling interests as of 30 June 2017. The excess price paid with respect to the value of the equity acquired (€781K) has been recognized under Group profit (loss) carried forward.

Note 29) Non-current financial liabilities

This item includes the non-current portion of floating-rate loans from banks, bonds, and amounts due to other lenders, as detailed below:

	Duration	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Mortgage loans		297,822	314,904	(17,082)
04 BNL Rimini IGD MALATESTA - Rimini	06/09/2006 - 06/07/2021	6,492	7,490	(999)
09 Interbanca IGD	25/09/2006 - 05/10/2021	50,346	57,023	(6,677)
05 BreBanca IGD MONDOVICINO (Galleria)	23/11/2006 - 10/01/2023	6,045	6,560	(515)
08 Carisbo Guidonia IGD TIBURTINO	27/03/2009 - 27/03/2024	45,109	47,102	(1,994)
06 Unipol Lungosavio IGD	31/12/2008 - 31/12/2023	7,329	7,644	(315)
01 Unipol SARCA	10/04/2007 - 06/04/2027	66,857	68,350	(1,493)
07 Carige Nikefin Asti I BRICCHI	31/12/2008 - 31/03/2024	19,430	20,168	(737)
13 CR Veneto Mondovi (Retail Park)	08/10/2009 - 01/11/2024	18,095	18,896	(801)
10 Mediocredito Faenza IGD	05/10/2009 - 30/06/2029	10,216	10,680	(465)
14 MPS Palermo (Galleria)	21/12/2010 - 30/11/2025	22,399	23,378	(979)
17 Carige Palermo IGD (Iper)	12/07/2011 - 30/06/2027	15,972	16,770	(798)
15 CentroBanca Cone (Galleria)	22/12/2010 - 31/12/2025	29,532	30,843	(1,310)
Due to bonds		674,754	574,141	100,613
Bond 100 ML	11/01/2017- 11/01/2024	99,371	0	99,371
Bond 150 ML	07/05/2014 - 07/01/2019	124,362	124,192	170
Bond 162 ML	21/04/2015 - 21/04/2022	153,037	152,205	832
Bond 300 ML	31/05/2016 - 31/05/2021	297,984	297,744	240
Due to other sources of finance		4,090	4,251	(161)
Sardaleasing per sede Bologna	30/04/2009 - 30/04/2027	4,090	4,251	(161)
Non-current financial liabilities		976,666	893,296	83,370

Mortgage loans

Mortgage loans are secured by properties. The change is due to the reclassification to current financial liabilities of the principal falling due in the next 12 months. The average interest rate on adjustable-rate mortgage loans at 30 June 2017 was 0.91%.

Bonds

The increase in this item refers to a new €100 million bond loan issued on 11 January 2017, the terms of which are reported in section 1.7 on significant events. Additional transaction costs came to €671K.

Details of outstanding bonds are presented in the table below:

	Non-current portion	Current portion		Non-current portion	Current portion			Nominal interest rate	Actual interest rate
	31/12/2016	31/12/2016	Bond issue	Ancillary cost amortization at 30/06/2017	Financial charges at 30/06/2017	30/06/2017	30/06/2017		
Debts for bonds									
Bond 150 ML	124,900					124,900			
Additional transaction cost	(708)			170		(538)			
Coupon rate 31.12.2016		4,747			(4,747)				
Interests paid					4,840				
Coupon rate 30.06.2017					2,307		2,307		
Total Bond 150 ML	124,192	4,747	0	170	2,400	124,362	2,307	3.875%	4.17%
Bond 122,90ML		6,785	(6,785)				0		
Additional transaction cost		(16)		16			0		
Coupon rate 31.12.2016		192			(192)				
Interests paid					294				
Coupon rate 30.06.2017					0		0		
Total Bond 122,90ML	0	6,961	(6,785)	16	102	0	0	4.335%	5.07%
Bond 22 ML		1,215	(1,215)				0		
Additional transaction cost		(1)		1			0		
Coupon rate 31.12.2016		34			(34)				
Interests paid					52				
Coupon rate 30.06.2017					0		0		
Total Bond 22 ML	0	1,248	(1,215)	1	18	0	0	4.335%	4.63%
Bond 162 ML	162,000					162,000			
Additional transaction cost	(9,795)			832		(8,963)			
Coupon rate 31.12.2016		2,987			(2,987)				
Interests paid					4,293				
Coupon rate 30.06.2017					823		823		
Total Bond 162 ML	152,205	2,987	0	832	2,129	153,037	823	2.65%	3.94%
Bond 300 ML	300,000		0			300,000			
Additional transaction cost	(2,256)			240		(2,016)			
Coupon rate 31.12.2016		4,397			(4,397)				
Interests paid					7,500				
Coupon rate 30.06.2017					617		617		
Total Bond 300 ML	297,744	4,397	0	240	3,720	297,984	617	2.50%	2.80%*
*including the effect of the Cash Flow Hedge reserve									
Bond 100 ML			100,000			100,000			
Additional transaction cost			(671)	42		(629)			
Coupon rate 31.12.2016									
Interests paid									
Coupon rate 30.06.2017					1,057		1,057		
Total Bond 100 ML			99,329	42	1,057	99,371	1,057	2.25%	2.35%
Total bonds	574,141	20,340	91,329	1,301	9,425	674,754	4,804		
Cash Flow Hedge reserve (bond 300 ML)	(1,476)			156		(1,320)			
Total financial charges				1,457	9,425				

Covenants

The following table presents covenants on outstanding loans. All of the covenants were satisfied at 30 June 2017.

Name	Property	Owner	Type of product	Counterparty	Start date	End date	Repayment	Covenant	Indicator i)	Indicator ii)	Indicator iii)	Indicator iv)
04 BNL Rimini IGD	MALATESTA - Rimini	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Loan	Banca Nazionale del Lavoro	06/09/2006	06/07/2021	Straight-line amortization of principal: €2mn p.a.	Financial condition of IGD SIIQ S.p.A.: ratio of net debt (including derivative assets and liabilities) to difference between equity and dividends approved for the year must not exceed 2 through to maturity	0.85			
05 BreBanca IGD	MONDOVICINO (mall)	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Mortgage	Banca Regionale Europea	23/11/2006	10/01/2023	Amortization with increasing principal					
01 Unipol Larice	SARCA (mall)	IGD Management S.r.l.	Mortgage	Unipol Merchant	10/04/2007	06/04/2027	Straight-line amortization of principal: €3mn p.a.; balloon payment: €40.7mn	Certified consolidated financial statements ratio of net debt (including derivative assets and liabilities) to equity must not exceed 2.3	1.02			

Name	Property	Owner	Type of product	Counterparty	Start date	End date	Repayment	Covenant	Indicator i)	Indicator ii)	Indicator iii)	Indicator iv)
06 Unipol Lungosavio IGD	LUNGO SAVIO - Cesena (mall)	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Mortgage	Unipol Merchant	31/12/2008	31/12/2023	Amortization with increasing principal and balloon payment of €3.6mn					
07 Carige Nikefin Asti	I BRICCHI - Isola D'Asti (mall)	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Mortgage	Banca Carige	31/12/2008	31/03/2024	Amortization with increasing principal and balloon payment of €9.5mn					
08 Carisbo Guidonia IGD	TIBURTINO - Guidonia (mall + hypermarket)	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Mortgage	Cassa di Risparmio di Bologna	27/03/2009	27/03/2024	Straight-line amortization of principal: €4.1mn p.a.; balloon payment: €24mn	Financial condition of IGD Group: ratio of net debt (including derivative assets and liabilities) to equity must not exceed 1.6 through to maturity	1.02			
09 Interbanca IGD	Iper LUGO - Ravenna, Iper MAESTRALE - Senigallia, Iper MIRALFIORE - Pesaro, CENTRO D'ABRUZZO - Pescara (hyper), LE PORTE DI NAPOLI - Afragola (hyper) - PORTO GRANDE (hyper+mall), hyper LEONARDO	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Loan	GE Capital	25/09/2006	05/10/2021	Amortization with increasing principal	Consolidated financial statements: ratio of net debt (including derivative assets liabilities) to equity must not exceed 2, from 31/12/2006 to maturity	1.02			
10 Mediocredito Faenza IGD	LE MAIOLICHE - Faenza (hypermarket)	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Loan	Mediocredito Banca S.p.A.	05/10/2009	30/06/2029	Straight-line amortization of principal: €0.94mn p.a.	IGD SIIQ S.p.A. financial statements: ratio of external net debt to equity + intercompany loans must not exceed 2.7	0.99			
14 MPS Palermo	Palermo (mall)	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Mortgage	Monte dei Paschi di Siena	21/12/2010	30/11/2025	Amortization with increasing principal and balloon payment of €6.6mn	Consolidated financial statements: i) ratio of net debt (including derivative assets and liabilities) to equity must not exceed 1.7; ii) loan to value ratio for the individual property must not exceed 70%	1.02	47.00%		
15 CentroBanca Conè mall	Conè (mall)	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Loan	Centrobanca	22/12/2010	31/12/2025	Straight-line amortization of principal: €2.64mn p.a.; balloon payment: €10.56mn	Consolidated financial statements: ratio of net debt (including derivative assets and liabilities) to equity no higher than 2	1.02			
13 CR Veneto Mondovi	MONDOVICINO (retail park)	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Mortgage	Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto	08/10/2009	01/11/2024	Straight-line amortization of principal: €1.65mn p.a.; balloon payment: €8.55mn	Certified consolidated financial statements ratio of net debt (including derivative assets and liabilities) to equity must not exceed 1.6	1.02			
17 Carige Palermo IGD	Palermo (hypermarket)	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Mortgage	Banca Carige	12/07/2011	30/06/2027	Amortization with increasing principal					

Name	Property	Owner	Type of product	Counterparty	Start date	End date	Repayment	Covenant	Indicator i)	Indicator ii)	Indicator iii)	Indicator iv)
24 Notes 3.875% - Due 07/01/2019	unsecured	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Bond	Paying Agent - BNP Paribas	07/05/2014	07/01/2019	Bullet	i) Ratio of total assets - intangible assets to total debt (excluding derivative liabilities) under 60%; ii) Interest cover ratio (recurring items on cash basis) > 1.55; iii) Ratio of secured debt to total assets - intangible assets < 45%; iv) Ratio of unmortgaged properties to unsecured debt > 1.00.	47.87%	2.80	14.92%	1.93
26 Notes 2.65% - 21/04/2022	unsecured	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Bond	Paying Agent - BNP Paribas	21/04/2015	21/04/2022	Bullet	i) Ratio of total assets - intangible assets to total debt (excluding derivative liabilities) under 60%; ii) Interest cover ratio (recurring items on cash basis) > 1.55; iii) Ratio of secured debt to total assets - intangible assets < 45%; iv) Ratio of unmortgaged properties to unsecured debt > 1.00.	47.87%	2.80	14.92%	1.93
27 Notes 2.50% - 31/05/2021	unsecured	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Bond	Paying Agent - Citigroup	31/05/2016	31/05/2021	Bullet	i) Ratio of total assets - intangible assets to total debt (excluding derivative liabilities) under 60%; ii) Interest cover ratio (recurring items on cash basis) > 1.7; iii) Ratio of secured debt to total assets - intangible assets < 45%; iv) Ratio of unmortgaged properties to unsecured debt > 1.25	47.87%	2.80	14.92%	1.93
28 Notes 2.25% - 11/01/2024	unsecured	IGD SIIQ S.p.A.	Bond	Paying Agent - Deutsche Bank	11/01/2017	11/01/2024	Bullet	i) Ratio of total assets - intangible assets to total debt (excluding derivative liabilities) under 60%; ii) Interest cover ratio (recurring items on cash basis) > 1.7; iii) Ratio of secured debt to total assets - intangible assets < 45%; iv) Ratio of unmortgaged properties to unsecured debt > 1.50	47.87%	2.80	14.92%	1.93

Note 30) Provision for employee severance indemnities

Movements in the provision for employee severance indemnities are shown below:

	Balance at 01/01/2017	Actuarial gain/(losses)	Utilization	Allocation	Financial charges IAS 19	Balance at 30/06/2017
Provisions for employees severance indemnities	2,530		0	(60)	174	20
						2,664

The following charts show the demographic and financial assumptions used:

<i>DEMOGRAPHIC ASSUMPTIONS</i>	<i>EMPLOYEES</i>	<i>FINANCIAL ASSUMPTIONS</i>	<i>2017</i>
Probability of death	RG 48	Cost of living increase	1.5%
Probability of long-term disability	INPS (national statistics) by age and gender	Discount rate	1.62%
Probability of retirement	Achievement of retirement age under mandatory general insurance	Increase in total compensation	Executives 2.5% White collar/Middle managers 1.0%
Probability of resignation	2%	Increase in severance indemnity provision	2.625%
Probability of receiving TFR advance at beginning of the year (provisioned at 70%)	1%		

The provision qualifies as a defined benefit plan. In accordance with paragraph 83 of IAS 19, the annual discount rate used to calculate the present value of the liability is based on the iBoxx Corporate A index with duration 10+ as of the measurement date. Use of a discount rate based on the Iboxx Corporate AA 10+ would not have made a significant difference.

Note 31) General provisions

	<i>31/12/2016</i>	<i>Utilization</i>	<i>Allocations</i>	<i>30/06/2017</i>
Provision for taxation	1,239		108	1,347
Provision for bonus	942	(942)	503	503
Other general provisions	2,783			2,783
Total general provisions	4,964	(942)	611	4,633

Provision for taxation

This provision covers the charges that might arise from tax audits and other likely tax liabilities. The increase consists mainly of an additional allocation against pending IMU/ICI (local property tax) disputes, which mainly concern new classifications and cadastral rent calculations for two shopping centers.

Bonus provision

The bonus provision covers the variable compensation that will be paid to employees in 2018 on the basis of the Group's 2017 estimated results. The utilization refers to the payment made in the first half of 2017.

Other general provisions

These cover the risks arising from litigation in course, as well as probable future expenses. See Note 45 for further information.

Note 32) Sundry payables and other non-current liabilities

	<i>30/06/2017</i>	<i>31/12/2016</i>	<i>Change</i>
Deferred income	5,927	5,931	(4)
Payables for substitute tax	2,898	4,405	(1,507)
Other liabilities	390	371	19
Sundry payables and other non-current liabilities	9,215	10,707	(1,492)

Deferred income concerns the City of Livorno for additional secondary urban infrastructure works as provided for by contract (€2,477K) and works to be delivered to Porta a Mare S.p.A. (€3,450K). The decrease of €4K is explained by progress on the urban infrastructure works, as the amounts are taken to profit or loss in proportion to the costs incurred. Payables for substitute tax consist of the non-current portion of the substitute tax on the capital gain from the sale of Centro Lame hypermarket, as well as the substitute tax on the investment property Punta di Ferro, to be paid in annual installments until 2020. The change reflects the reclassification to current liabilities of the amount payable within 12 months.

Related party payables are shown below:

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Security deposits from Coop Alleanza 3.0 Soc. Coop.	11,526	11,514	12
Security deposits from Unicoop Tirreno Soc. Coop.	1,013	1,013	0
Security deposits from Distribuzione Centro Sud S.r.l.	450	450	0
Security deposits from Distribuzione Lazio Umbria S.r.l.	942	942	0
Security deposits from Alleanza Luce e Gas S.r.l.	30	30	0
Related parties sundry payables and other non-current liabilities	13,961	13,949	12

Security deposits refer to the sums advanced on the leasing of hypermarkets and malls. They pay interest at the rates provided for by law. See Note 40 for additional information.

Note 33) Current financial liabilities

	Duration	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Banca Pop. Emilia Romagna - Ultra short-term	16/06/2017 - 24/07/2017	3,000	0	3,000
Banca Pop. Emilia Romagna - Ultra short-term	22/05/2017 - 24/07/2017	10,000	0	10,000
Banca Pop. Emilia Romagna - Ultra short-term	26/06/2017 - 24/07/2017	5,000	0	5,000
Banca Regionale Europea Ultra short-term	05/06/2017 - 04/08/2017	3,500	0	3,500
Banca Pop. Emilia Romagna - Ultra short-term	24/11/2016 - 12/01/2017	0	31,000	(31,000)
Bnl - Bologna	22/05/2017 - 24/07/2017	7,500	10,001	(2,501)
Carisbo - Ultra short-term	29/06/2017 - 29/09/2017	4,000	0	4,000
Banco Popolare - Ultra short-term	13/12/2016 - 12/01/2017	0	12,500	(12,500)
Cassa di Risparmio del Veneto	13/12/2016 - 12/01/2017	0	18,502	(18,502)
Mps - Ultra short-term	23/06/2017 - 24/07/2017	5,000	8,500	(3,500)
Bnl - Bologna	23/05/2017 - 04/07/2017	10,000	8,541	1,459
Mps - Ultra short-term	29/06/2017 - 29/07/2017	4,000	0	4,000
Banca Regionale Europea Ultra short-term	23/05/2017 - 24/07/2017	12,000	20,000	(8,000)
Banca Pop. di Milano	at sight	2	0	2
Banca Carige	at sight	0	21	(21)
Emibanca c/c	at sight	0	1,489	(1,489)
Total due to banks		64,002	110,554	(46,552)
04 BNL Rimini IGD MALATESTA - Rimini	06/09/2006 - 06/07/2021	2,001	2,002	(1)
05 BreBanca IGD MONDOVICINO (Mall)	23/11/2006 - 10/01/2023	1,035	1,009	26
06 Unipol Lungosavio IGD	31/12/2008 - 31/12/2023	622	603	19
09 Interbanca IGD	25/09/2006-05/10/2021	13,388	13,145	243
08 Carisbo Guidonia IGD TIBURTINO	27/03/2009 - 27/03/2024	4,131	4,134	(3)
01 Unipol SARCA	10/04/2007 - 06/04/2027	3,044	3,049	(5)
07 Carige Nikefin Asti I BRICCHI	31/12/2008 - 31/03/2024	1,460	1,414	46
13 CR Veneto Mondovi (Retail Park)	08/10/2009 - 01/11/2024	1,710	1,714	(4)
10 Mediocredito Faenza IGD	05/10/2009 - 30/06/2029	933	934	(1)
14 MPS Palermo (Mall)	21/12/2010 - 30/11/2025	1,987	1,962	25
17 Carige Palermo IGD (Hyper)	12/07/2011 - 30/06/2027	1,588	1,572	16
15 CentroBanca Cone (Mall)	22/12/2010 - 31/12/2025	2,640	2,640	0
Total mortgage loans		34,539	34,178	361
Leasing Igd HQ	30/04/2009 - 30/04/2027	318	313	5
Other financial payables due to business unit purchase		0	375	(375)
Total due to other sources of finance		318	688	(370)
Bond 122,9 ML	07/05/2013 - 07/05/2017	0	6,961	(6,961)
Bond 22 ML	07/05/2013 - 07/05/2017	0	1,248	(1,248)
Bond 100 ML	11/01/2017- 11/01/2024	1,057	0	1,057
Bond 150 ML	07/05/2014 - 07/01/2019	2,307	4,747	(2,440)
Bond 162 ML	21/04/2015 - 21/04/2022	823	2,987	(2,164)
Bond 300 ML	31/05/2016 - 31/05/2021	617	4,397	(3,780)
Total due to bonds		4,804	20,340	(15,536)
Current financial liabilities		103,663	165,760	(62,097)

Current financial liabilities with third parties include the current portion of lease payments on the new head office and the current portion of outstanding mortgage and bond loans (including interest accrued).

The principal changes in current financial liabilities relate to:

- ✓ the reduction in ultra-short-term credit lines;
- ✓ the repayment of principal falling due during the period on existing mortgage loans, and the reclassification of payments due within 12 months from non-current financial liabilities;
- ✓ the repayment of the bond loan that matured on 7 May 2017.

Note 34) Net financial position

The table below presents the net financial position at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016. At neither date does it include derivatives held for hedging purposes, which by nature do not constitute monetary assets or liabilities.

Uncommitted credit facilities with banks amount to €291 million, of which €225.29 million was unutilized at the close of the period.

Committed revolving credit facilities with banks, unutilized at 30 June, amount to €60 million.

See the section "Statement of financial position and financial review" of the Directors' Report for comments.

NET DEBT		
	30/06/2017	31/12/2016
Cash and cash equivalents	(2,788)	(3,084)
Financial receivables and other current financial assets vs related parties	(416)	(151)
LIQUIDITY	(3,204)	(3,235)
Current financial liabilities	64,002	110,929
Mortgage loans - current portion	34,539	34,178
Leasing - current portion	318	313
Bonds - current portion	4,804	20,340
CURRENT DEBT	103,663	165,760
CURRENT NET DEBT	100,459	162,525
Non-current financial liabilities	(368)	(393)
Leasing - non-current portion	4,090	4,251
Non-current financial liabilities	297,822	314,904
Bonds	674,754	574,141
NON-CURRENT NET DEBT	976,298	892,903
NET DEBT	1,076,757	1,055,428

Note 35) Trade and other payables

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Changes
Trade and other payables	19,764	15,634	4,130

The increase in trade payables reflects construction and contract work carried out during the half-year, particularly for the expansion of Esp Ravenna and the expansion of the Gran Rondò shopping center in Crema.

Note 36) Related party trade and other payables

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Changes
Coop Alleanza 3.0 Soc. Coop.	168	196	(28)
Consorzio Lame	8	12	(4)
Consorzio La Torre	6	18	(12)
Consorzio Cone'	0	2	(2)
Consorzio CC ESP	2	0	2
Consorzio Katané	(2)	0	(2)
Consorzio Porta a Mare	52	6	46
Consorzio Centro Le Maioliche	0	1	(1)
Consorzio Leonardo	1	27	(26)
Consorzio I Bricchi	38	0	38
Unicoop Tirreno Soc. Coop.	1,042	1,013	29
Consorzio Sarca	0	29	(29)
DistribuzioneCentro Sud S.r.l.	1	1	0
Consorzio Crema	0	24	(24)
Consorzio prop. Fonti del Corallo	14	6	8
Distribuzione Lazio Umbria S.r.l.	0	2	(2)
Consorzio del Commendone	(1)	63	(64)
Consorzio Punta di Ferro	0	28	(28)
Related parties trade and other payables	1,329	1,428	(99)

Trade and other payables with related parties were essentially in line with the previous year. See Note 40 for additional information.

Note 37) Current tax liabilities

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Changes
Debt due to the tax administration for taxes withheld	2,307	560	1,747
Irap	4	12	(8)
Ires	209	169	40
VAT	563	125	438
Drainage consortium	0	0	0
Other taxes	29	9	20
Substitute tax	1,528	1,521	7
Tax liabilities	4,640	2,396	2,244

Most of the change, totaling €2,244K, concerns the increase in tax due by the parent company for withholding charged on dividends, to be paid in July 2017.

Note 38) Other current liabilities

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Social security	355	376	(21)
Accrued liabilities and deferred income	1,714	504	1,210
Insurance	8	8	0
Due to employees	839	711	128
Social security	5,090	5,069	21
Unclaimed dividends	5	1	4
Advance received and due within one year	463	79	384
Amounts due to directors for emoluments	67	259	(192)
Amounts due to auditors for emoluments	1	5	(4)
Other liabilities	1,118	702	416
Other current liabilities	9,660	7,714	1,946

The increase in accrued liabilities and deferred income is due mainly to invoices issued during the half-year but not pertaining to the period. Advances received were on the rise in connection with the residential units in Livorno that have been sold under preliminary contracts.

Related party payables are shown below:

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change
Other payables	14	21	(7)
Related parties current liabilities	14	21	(7)

Current liabilities with related parties were unchanged with respect to the previous year. See Note 40 for additional information.

Note 39) Dividends

During the year, as determined by the Annual General Meeting held to approve the 2016 financial statements on 12 April 2017, a dividend of €0.045 was paid for each of the 813,045,631 shares outstanding, for a total of €36,587,053.40.

Note 40) Related party disclosures

Below is the information required by paragraph 18 of IAS 24.

Related party disclosure	RECEIVABLES AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	FINANCIAL RECEIVABLES	PAYABLES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES	PAYABLES AND OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	FINANCIAL PAYABLES	SUNDRY RECEIVABLES AND OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS	Fixed assets increases	Fixed assets decreases
Coop Alleanza 3.0 Soc. Coop.	532	0	168	11,526	0	0	0	2
Robintur S.p.A.	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Librerie Coop S.p.A.	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allaeanza Luce e Gas S.r.l.	71	0	0	30	0	0	0	0
Unicoop Tirreno Soc. Coop.	38	0	1,056	1,013	0	0	0	0
Consorzio prop. Fonti del Corallo	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	1
Consorzio Clodi	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Consorzio Crema	62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Consorzio CC ESP	21	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Consorzio I Bricchi	1	0	38	0	0	0	0	0
Consorzio Katané	297	0	-2	0	0	0	0	0
Consorzio Lame	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0
Consorzio Leonardo	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4
Consorzio La Torre	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	3
Consorzio Millennium Center	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Consorzio Punta di Ferro	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
Consorzio Porta a Mare	51	0	52	0	0	0	0	0
Consorzio Sarca	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DistribuzioneCentro Sud S.r.l.	0	0	1	450	0	0	0	0
Distribuzione Lazio Umbria S.r.l.	0	0	0	942	0	0	0	0
Iniziativa Bo Nord s.r.l. in liquidazione	0	268	0	0	0	0	0	0
Consorzio del Commendone	0	0	-1	0	0	0	0	0
Rgd ferrara 2013 S.r.l.	307	96	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arco Campus s.r.l.	0	320	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1,419	684	1,343	13,961	0	0	23	0
Amount reported	72,393	784	30,767	23,176	1,080,329	89		
Total increase/decrease of the period							22,261	908
% effect	1.96%	87.24%	4.37%	60.24%	0.00%	0.00%	0.10%	0.00%

Related party disclosures	REVENUES AND OTHER INCOME	FINANCIAL INCOME	COSTS	FINANCIAL CHARGES
Coop Alleanza 3.0 Soc. Coop.	13,897	0	169	6
Robintur S.p.A.	113	0	0	0
Librerie.Coop S.p.A.	431	0	0	0
Allaeanza Luce e Gas S.r.l.	90	0	0	0
Unicoop Tirreno Soc. Coop.	1,669	0	42	1
Consorzio Cone'	82	0	65	0
Consorzio Clodi	27	0	41	0
Consorzio Crema	20	0	42	0
Consorzio CC ESP	17	0	14	0
Consorzio I Bricchi	56	0	253	0
Consorzio Katané	101	0	172	0
Consorzio Lame	90	0	0	0
Consorzio Leonardo	115	0	0	0
Consorzio La Torre	98	0	133	0
Consorzio Millenniun Center	51	0	21	0
Consorzio Punta di Ferro	82	0	67	0
Consorzio Porta a Mare	38	0	125	0
Consorzio Sarca	30	0	0	0
DistribuzioneCentro Sud S.r.l.	760	0	0	0
Distribuzione Lazio Umbria S.r.l.	1,272	0	0	0
Coop Sicilia S.p.A.	2,585	0	0	0
Consorzio del Commendone	72	0	43	0
Consorzio Centro Le Maioliche	85	0	55	0
R.P.T. Robintur Travel Partner S.r.l.	8	0	0	0
Rgd ferrara 2013 S.r.l.	269	2	0	0
Total	22,058	2	1,242	7
Amount reported	75,660	56	21,880	17,625
% effect	29.15%	3.57%	5.68%	0.04%

The Group has financial and economic relationships with its controlling company, Coop Alleanza 3.0 Soc. Coop.; with other companies in the Coop Alleanza 3.0 Group (Coop Sicilia S.p.A., Robintur S.p.A., Librerie Coop S.p.A., R.P.T. Robintur Travel Partner S.r.l. and Adriatica Luce e Gas S.r.l.); with Unicoop Tirreno Soc. Coop., Campania Distribuzione Moderna S.r.l. (absorbed by Distribuzione Centro Sud S.r.l. on 1 March 2016), Distribuzione Lazio Umbria S.r.l. (owned 99.86% by Unicoop Tirreno Soc. Coop.) and Distribuzione Centro Sud S.r.l. (owned 70% by Coop Alleanza 3.0 Soc. Coop. and 30% by Unicoop Tirreno Soc. Coop.).

Related party transactions are conducted at arm's length and are recognized at face value.

Transactions with Coop Alleanza 3.0 Soc. Coop. and its subsidiaries

Transactions with the controlling company Coop Alleanza 3.0. Soc. Coop. refer to:

- the rental of investment property to Coop Alleanza for use as hypermarkets and supermarkets; rental income in the first half of 2017, including for retail premises, amounted to €13.9 million;
- the provision of IT services by Coop Alleanza 3.0. Soc. Coop.;
- security deposits received on leases;

Transactions with Robintur S.p.A. and R.P.T. Robintur Travel Partner S.r.l. concern the leasing of store space at malls. For the period ended 30 June 2017, €113K in rent was received from Robintur S.p.A. and €8K from R.P.T. Robintur Travel Partner S.r.l.

Transactions with Librerie Coop S.p.A. concern receivables and income for the business lease of properties inside shopping centers and the leasing of the third floor of the building that houses IGD's head office. For the half-year, the Group received €431K under this arrangement.

Transactions with Alleanza Luce e Gas S.r.l. refer to the rental of part of the second floor of the building where IGD has its head office. For the half-year, the Group received €89K under this arrangement.

Transactions with Distribuzione Centro Sud S.r.l. (owned 70% by Coop Alleanza 3.0. Soc. Coop. and 30% by Unicoop Tirreno Soc. Coop.) refer to the lease to those companies of the Guidonia and Afragola hypermarkets for €760K, as well as security deposits received on leases.

Transactions with Coop Sicilia S.p.A., owned 100% by Coop Alleanza 3.0 Soc. Coop., concern receivables and income from the leasing of properties used as hypermarkets. In the period ended 30 June 2017 such income amounted to €2.6 million.

Transactions with Unicoop Tirreno Soc. Coop.

Transactions with Unicoop Tirreno Soc. Coop. consist of:

- security deposits received on leases;
- receivables and income for the leasing of properties used as hypermarkets. For the half-year, the Group received €1.7 million under these arrangements.

Transactions with Distribuzione Lazio Umbria S.r.l. (owned 99.86% by Unicoop Tirreno) refer to the lease to that company of the Casilino hypermarket and the Civita Castellana supermarket for €1.3 million, as well as security deposits received on leases.

Transactions with other Group companies

Transactions with consortiums concern receivables and income for facility management services at shopping centers; the costs incurred refer to service charges for vacant units and extraordinary maintenance work on properties.

Transactions with Iniziative Immobiliari Bologna Nord S.r.l. (in liquidation, held 15% through IGD Management S.r.l.) refer to an interest-free loan with a balance of €673K (written down by €405K).

Transactions with RGD Ferrara 2013 S.r.l., formed on 30 September 2013 to manage the Darsena City shopping center in Ferrara (a joint venture between IGD and Beni Stabili), consist of: (i) rental of the Darsena property by IGD (rent for the first half of 2017 amounted to €269K) and (ii) an interest-bearing loan in the amount of €95K, with interest charged at the 3-month Euribor plus a spread of 350 basis points.

During the half-year, a loan of €320K was granted to the subsidiary Arco Campus, charging interest at the 3-month Euribor plus 50 basis points.

Note 41) Management of financial risk

In the course of business, the Group is exposed to various financial risks: interest rate risk, liquidity risk, credit risk and foreign exchange risk. The Group has operational and financial policies aimed at reducing the impact of such risks on performance, in part through the use of interest rate derivatives. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees on policies to manage these risks.

Interest rate risk

The main risk factor is the volatility of interest rates and the effect this has on borrowing and on the investment of liquid funds. The Group finances its operations through short-term borrowings, long-term mortgage loans charging adjustable interest, and bond loans, so it risks an increase in financial charges if interest rates go up or if it refinances debt at higher rates.

The Finance department monitors interest rate risk constantly, in coordination with top management, including through analysis and measurement tools developed within the Group's enterprise risk management program. It also monitors trends in the main economic and financial indicators that may affect the Group's performance. Interest rate swaps hedge 94.5% of the Group's exposure to rate fluctuations on long-term loans, including bonds. The Finance department analyzes and measures interest rate and liquidity risk while constantly evaluating the best means of implementation of the risk management model, and conducts routine scouting activities to find opportunities to reduce the cost of debt with banks and/or the capital markets.

See Note 42 for quantitative information on derivatives.

Liquidity risk

This refers to problems with liquidity management, insufficient resources to finance the business, and difficulty keeping up with loans or obtaining new credit. Liquidity is monitored through cash flow planning, and risk is mitigated by the Group's extensive credit lines.

The Finance department uses a financial forecasting tool to monitor expected cash flows over a one-quarter rolling horizon and makes sure there is enough liquidity to operate the business, while establishing the proper ratio of bank debt to capital market debt.

As for long-term loans, each bank facility finances a specific project, which reduces the risk of needing to refinance. Some long-term loans involve covenants; this aspect is monitored constantly by the chief financial officer, who also coordinates with management to gauge the likelihood of violating the covenants as a result of the strategic, operational, compliance and financial risks mapped, using the enterprise risk management system.

Financial commitments are covered by funds confirmed by the banks, and unutilized credit facilities are available.

Liquidity risk is managed prudently to avoid incurring excessive costs in the case of unforeseen events, which could have a further negative impact on market reputation and financial viability.

Credit risk

Credit risk takes the form of customer insolvency and difficulty collecting payments. To mitigate these risks, tenants go through a pre-contractual selection process, based on financial standing and earnings prospects.

Reviews of potential customers are performed also with the help of external specialists and aim to identify any risk factors for the company. Monthly analyses analyze the level of risk associated with each tenant and monitor their solvency.

All customers are asked for bank guarantees and/or security deposits to guarantee fulfillment of their commitments. Throughout the life of the contract, the company monitors compliance on an ongoing basis, and follows internal credit management procedures in the event any problems arise; when the business relationship is secure, measures to assist the tenant may be taken. The Group also uses an ad hoc program to measure each tenant's risk level and solvency, an

analysis that is formally conducted every quarter but monitored on a daily basis to stay abreast of the actions taken or needed to collect receivables.

Foreign exchange risk

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk for its operations in Romania. Fluctuations in the value of the Romanian lei could lead to the writedown of properties held or to the unsustainability of contractual obligations for tenants in Romania, where rent is denominated in euros but collected in the local currency. At the moment, IGD mitigates this risk through constant efforts to optimize the merchandising mix and tenant mix and by supporting the value of the real estate portfolio, in part by making improvements. Weekly meetings are held to coordinate and monitor the credit situation of individual malls and tenants, to determine if any action is needed. On a monthly basis, the Company checks the amount of rent as a percentage of the tenant's revenue. Commercial policies are determined with care and with the utmost attention to local consumption styles and market demands. To that end, the Group employs a specialized team made up of head office and local professionals, to seek the right trade-off between the expertise acquired at the corporate level and knowledge of the local context.

Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to make sure it maintains a solid credit rating and sufficient capital indicators to support the business and maximize shareholder value. This is pursued by:

1. keeping the net debt/equity ratio at 1x or below (the ratio was 0.97x at 31 December 2016 and 0.98x at 30 June 2017);
2. keeping the loan-to-value ratio (net of leasing installments due for the purchase of company premises) under 50% (it was 48.51% at the close of the half-year, compared with 48.25% at the end of 2016).

Note 42) Derivative instruments

The IGD Group has engaged in derivative contracts for the use of interest rate swaps. The fair value of interest rate swaps for which no active market exists is determined according to market-based quantitative techniques, i.e. accredited pricing models based on parameters taken as of the individual measurement dates. This method therefore reflects a prioritization of the input data consistent with level 2 of the fair value hierarchy defined by IFRS 7: although quoted prices in active markets (level 1) are not available for these instruments, it is possible to base measurements on data observable either directly or indirectly in the market.

Fair value - hierarchy	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	Change	Level
Derivative assets	249	0	249	2
Derivative liabilities	(22,920)	(28,748)	5,828	2
Interest rate Swaps - net effect	(22,671)	(28,748)	6,077	

Contracts in detail	IRS 07 - Banca Aletti 3.420%	IRS 09 - BNP Paribas 3.439%	IRS 10 - ex MPS 3.439%	IRS 08 - ex MPS 3.420%	IRS 06 - Carisbo 3.3495%	IRS 12 - Carisbo 3.177%	IRS 11 - ex MPS 3.175%
Nominal amount	10,705,500	10,705,500	10,705,500	10,705,500	7,060,329	10,705,500	10,705,500
Inception date	6/10/2009	6/10/2009	6/11/2009	6/12/2009	2/12/2009	10/27/2009	10/28/2009
Maturity	10/5/2021	10/5/2021	10/5/2021	10/5/2021	1/10/2023	10/5/2021	10/5/2021
IRS frequency	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Half-yearly	Quarterly	Quarterly
Bank rate	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 6 months	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 3 months
Customer rate	3.42%	3.44%	3.44%	3.42%	3.35%	3.18%	3.18%

Contracts in detail	IRS 16 - Aletti 3.285%	IRS 17 - Aletti 2.30%	IRS 14 - Carisbo 3.272%	IRS 13 - Carisbo 3.412%	IRS 15 - ex MPS 3.25%	IRS 18 - MPS 2.30%	IRS 19 - Carisbo 2.30%
Nominal amount	6,286,641	12,540,750	8,382,188	7,964,111	6,286,641	12,540,750	12,540,750
Inception date	4/28/2010	8/27/2010	4/28/2010	4/28/2010	4/30/2010	8/31/2010	8/27/2010
Maturity	3/31/2024	3/27/2024	3/28/2024	12/29/2023	3/28/2024	3/27/2024	3/27/2024
IRS frequency	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Half-yearly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly
Bank rate	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 6 months	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 3 months
Customer rate	3.29%	2.30%	3.27%	3.41%	3.25%	2.30%	2.30%

Contracts in detail	IRS 20 - Carisbo 2.285%	IRS 21 - MPS 2.80%	IRS 22 - Carisbo 3.25%	IRS 24 - Carisbo 2.429%	IRS 23 - Carisbo 2.429%	IRS 25 - Aletti 2.427%	IRS 29 - BNL 0,5925%	IRS 30 - BIntesa 0,5925%
Nominal amount	12,540,750	9,642,857	20,100,000	16,170,000	6,468,000	9,702,000	34,625,000	34,625,000
Inception date	8/27/2010	7/12/2011	7/12/2011	9/12/2011	9/12/2011	9/12/2011	6/8/2017	6/8/2017
Maturity	3/27/2024	3/31/2024	11/1/2024	12/31/2025	12/31/2025	12/31/2025	4/6/2027	4/6/2027
IRS frequency	Quarterly	Quarterly	Half-yearly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly
Bank rate	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 6 months	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 3 months	Euribor 3 months
Customer rate	2.29%	2.80%	3.25%	2.43%	2.43%	2.43%	0.59%	0.59%

Note 43) Subsequent events

At the date of approval, no events following the mid-year reporting date had occurred that would require the Group to adjust the figures in the financial statements or report elements not previously disclosed.

Note 44) Commitments

At 30 June 2017 the Group had the following major commitments:

- Contract with C.M.B. for the development of the Officine Storiche section, for a remaining amount of €22.6 million.
- Rent due for the Centro Nova, Centro Piave and Fonti del Corallo malls: the estimated liability to be settled by the end of 2017 comes to €5,023K, in addition to €36,934K due from the second to the fifth year and €15,326K from the sixth to the tenth. See Note 1) with regard to revenue earned from these malls.
- Contract for the construction of a multi-level parking garage at Gran Rondò shopping center in Crema, for a remaining amount of €1.03 million.
- Contract for the construction of a midsize store at Gran Rondò shopping center in Crema, for a remaining amount of €2.01 million.

Note 45) Disputes

Information is provided below on the main disputes involving Group companies.

Darsena

Due to the dissolution of the joint venture with Beni Stabili S.p.A. SIIQ on 15 December 2010, resulting in the sale of 50% of RGD S.r.l. (now Beni Stabili S.p.A. SIIQ) by Immobiliare Larice (now IGD Management S.r.l.) and the joint purchase of the Darsena City shopping center, the IGD Group has a commitment with Beni Stabili S.p.A. SIIQ to assume its share of

all income and costs associated with the contracts signed on 15 March 2006 and transferred to Beni Stabili on 29 March 2007.

ACTIONS TAKEN BY BENI STABILI S.p.A. SIIQ IN AGREEMENT WITH IGD SIIQ S.p.A.

Given the receivables accrued to Beni Stabili S.p.A. SIIQ, over time and in agreement with IGD SIIQ S.p.A. it has filed several legal actions against Magazzini Darsena S.p.A. (tenant) and Darsena FM S.r.l. (subtenant) in an effort to collect unpaid rent.

Beni Stabili S.p.A. SIIQ had also asked the Arbitration Board of Milan to determine the legitimacy of the price adjustment clause in the contract for the purchase of the Darsena City shopping center and calculate the amount of said adjustment, and to confirm the obligation of Magazzini Darsena S.p.A. and the joint obligation of Darsena FM S.r.l. and the parent company Partxco S.p.A. to pay future rent and the penalty that had accrued for the late delivery of "portion B" of the shopping center.

On 8 July 2013, the Arbitration Board issued its decision, ordering: (i) Partxco to pay a penalty of €12.5 million for Magazzini Darsena's failure to pay rent; (ii) Magazzini Darsena and Partxco to pay a penalty of €16 million for the delay in completing building "B"; and (iii) Magazzini Darsena, Darsena FM and Partxco to accept the price adjustment of €2.5 million (which Beni Stabili S.p.A. SIIQ had already received through enforcement of the guarantee, as mentioned above). The adversaries were also ordered to reimburse the Company for some legal expenses and for three quarters of the arbitration costs.

In the meantime, during the course of the above disputes, the Company enforced the bank guarantee of €2.5 million that Magazzini Darsena had posted to secure payment of the price adjustment. This took place further to the decision in favor of Beni Stabili after Magazzini Darsena filed for an injunction against enforcement of the guarantee, a decision that was affirmed on appeal.

In rulings dated 26 and 29 July 2013, the Court of Ferrara acted on a joint complaint from Beni Stabili S.p.A. SIIQ and IGD SIIQ S.p.A. and declared Magazzini Darsena and Darsena FM to be bankrupt.

Further to those rulings, IGD SIIQ S.p.A. and Beni Stabili S.p.A. SIIQ managed to reach a partial settlement with the official receiver, signed on 29 October 2013. Under the partial settlement, the companies were awarded the building by the receivership of Magazzini Darsena and through a 50-50 joint venture between IGD SIIQ S.p.A. and Beni Stabili S.p.A. they acquired the business (with its commercial permits) from the receivership of Darsena FM for the price of €255K plus taxes, terminated the preliminary contract to purchase the adjacent property ("Building B") and the associated agreements, and obtained Magazzini Darsena's definitive acceptance of the price reduction of €2,500K for the purchase of "Building A" (the amount Beni Stabili S.p.A. SIIQ had already collected through enforcement of the guarantee).

Under the settlement, the companies did not waive their right to the receivables accrued up to the date of bankruptcy and resulting from court decisions against the bankrupt firms, nearly all of which were therefore registered as claims.

The receivables due under the arbitration judgment have been claimed and accepted as payable via the bankruptcy process of Magazzini Darsena S.p.A., Darsena FM S.r.l. and Partxco S.p.A. On 3 May 2016 the Court of Ferrara concluded the bankruptcy procedure, acknowledging the final allocation of assets.

On 12 June 2014 Partxco contested the July 2013 arbitration judgment before the Appeals Court of Milan and petitioned for its immediate suspension, requesting that it be declared null and void in accordance with CCP Art. 829(1)(5) and 829(1)(11). With the challenge pending, the Court of Ferrara declared Partxco S.p.A. bankrupt in a ruling filed on 24 June 2014 (entry no. 52/2014 in the Register of Bankruptcies).

At the initial hearing of 2 December 2014 the Court of Appeals, acknowledging the bankruptcy of Partxco S.p.A., interrupted the challenge in accordance with CCP Art. 301.

On 27 February 2015, Partxco S.p.A.'s receiver petitioned the Appeals Court to set a date for resumption of the challenge.

With decision no. 4140/2015 published on 29 October, the Appeals Court ruled in favor of Beni Stabili S.p.A. SIIQ on the grounds that resumption of the challenge of the arbitration judgment had been requested beyond the three-month deadline set by CCP Art. 305, ordering Partxco's receivership to reimburse Beni Stabili S.p.A. SIIQ for court fees in the amount of €15,000 plus expenses at 15% and the tax and social security charges provided for by law.

On 11 February 2016, Partxco served notice of its appeal to the Court of Cassation, to which Beni Stabili filed a response on 31 March. The final judgment is therefore pending, once the Court of Cassation sets a date pursuant to CCP Art. 377 and designates the Judge-Rapporteur.

ACTIONS AGAINST IGD SIIQ S.p.A.

In 2012 IGD SIIQ S.p.A. was summoned to court by Magazzini Darsena, Darsena FM and Partxco regarding the management agreement of Darsena City shopping center. IGD SIIQ S.p.A. appeared in court and filed a statement and related pleadings. Because IGD SIIQ S.p.A.'s legal advisors believe that the plaintiff's claims are not supported by sufficient evidence or legal grounds, the Company has recognized no liability in this regard. On 17 July 2013, the Court of Ferrara filed its decision rejecting the plaintiff's demands and ordering Magazzini Darsena, Darsena FM and Partxco to reimburse IGD SIIQ S.p.A.'s legal expenses in the amount of €20,000.00.

Further to that decision, on 8 October 2013 IGD SIIQ S.p.A. was summoned to the Court of Bologna for an appeal filed by Partxco against the ruling to indemnify IGD. At the initial hearing on 4 March 2014, a court date of 18 December 2018 was set for the announcement of conclusions. With Partxco declared bankrupt on 24 June 2014, this proceeding will also be suspended at the next hearing scheduled for the presentation of conclusions, subject to resumption by the receiver. IGD SIIQ S.p.A.'s lawyers are confident that the appeal will be rejected and the initial decision confirmed, given the logical arguments on which that decision was based and the documentation submitted as proof of IGD's proper and complete fulfillment of all obligations.

Iniziativa Immobiliari Siciliane S.r.l.

During the first half of 2015, Iniziativa Immobiliari Siciliane S.r.l. (IIS) filed a lawsuit in Ravenna against IGD SIIQ S.p.A. concerning the purchase of a mall, within the broader purchase of the Katanè shopping center in Gravina di Catania, under a contract signed on 29 October 2009. At issue is whether IIS should receive a supplement on the agreed price, under Art. 2 of that contract, to be quantified after the fifth anniversary of the shopping center's grand opening on the basis of certain variables.

The dispute is over what to include in the calculation of rent for the purpose of determining the price supplement (if any), and what to include in the initial calculation of rent to determine whether it increased.

Specifically, IIS has asked the Court of Ravenna to find that for the purposes of calculating a price supplement, certain items should be included which in IGD's opinion should not.

On 25 June 2015, IGD filed an appearance and response contesting all of its opponent's claims, stating that it owes no price supplement to IIS, as the amount of rent for the purposes of this calculation had not increased with respect to the threshold agreed.

On the basis of the arguments filed, IGD asked the Court of Ravenna to reject all demands made by IIS. As a subordinate measure, IGD objected that a different interpretation of the clause on how to quantify a price supplement should be considered null and void, as the object of the clause would be undetermined and undeterminable.

The hearing, set for 15 July 2015 in the summons, was postponed by the court to 20 July. On that date, the deadlines were set in accordance with Art. 183(6) of the Code of Civil Procedure and the case was adjourned until 15 December 2015, at which time IIS dropped its petition for preliminary expert testimony pursuant to CCP Art. 696 *bis* at the express request of the court.

After the standard exchange of pleadings, the court set the discovery hearing for 6 April 2016. Deciding on an outstanding issue, on 6 June the Ravenna judge ruled that IIS would not be allowed the interrogatories and witness testimony it had requested, while the witness testimony requested by IGD would be granted. The judge also allowed an expert witness to be hired to quantify the rent valid for calculating whether the price supplement was due under the contract, indicating the variables the expert should consider for this purpose, and scheduled a hearing for 6 July 2016 to swear in the expert and question the witnesses listed by IGD (those listed by the plaintiff were not admitted).

Although the wording of the queries (and therefore the parameters for computing rent in order to quantify any price supplement) clarifies a number of issues, it is indeed somewhat ambiguous and leaves other issues open to debate. At the hearing of 6 July 2016, the judge questioned the witnesses called by IGD and formally engaged the services of the expert witness, who was sworn in as required by law.

After the expert report was filed, at the court session of 23 May 2017 (previously set for the purpose of discussing the findings of the expert witness), both IGD and IIS complained—for different reasons—about the methodology used by the expert witness and the content of the resulting report, and asked the court to order a review. The court agreed to consider the matter and on 3 August announced that it would call the expert witness to the hearing of 26 September 2017 in order to seek the clarifications requested by IGD. The interpretation of the price supplement clause that IGD has argued in its defense is also supported by its legal advisors and suggests, pending the final outcome of the expert testimony, that the case will be concluded largely in IGD's favor.

Note 46) Tax litigation

Following the tax audit concluded on 11 September 2008, IGD received an audit report without significant findings, but with a recommendation to revalue closing inventories for about €645K; this generated an IRES (corporate tax) charge of €213.1K and an IRAP (regional business tax) charge of €27.4K plus penalties of €240.5K, all of which has been paid.

IGD then received an assessment claiming that it had mistakenly interpreted the type of contract (sale of a future asset rather than a commissioned job) and therefore misclassified inventories, subjecting them to the wrong set of tax rules. The Company's appeal to the Provincial Tax Commission of Ravenna was rejected with a ruling of January 2011.

In September 2011 IGD appealed the lower commission's decision and requested a public hearing with the Regional Tax Commission, asking it to declare the assessment null and void.

In May 2014 the Regional Commission rejected the appeal and on 28 August IGD was ordered to settle the remaining third of the taxes and penalties charged, which it paid on 24 October 2014.

In December 2014 IGD appealed to the Court of Cassation; after that final ruling, it plans to request that the tax be refunded because any error caused a simple carry-over effect from one year to the next.

On 23 December 2015 the regional tax authorities of Emilia Romagna served Immobiliare Grande Distribuzione SIIQ S.p.A. with two assessments arguing that €240,625.00 in costs incurred in 2010 had been unduly deducted for IRES and IRAP purposes and that the corresponding €48,125.00 in VAT had been unduly credited against VAT payable. The assessments resulted from a notification that the provincial tax authorities of Ravenna had received from the Sicilian regional office, which began by stating that the Sicilian authorities had served Coop Sicilia S.p.A. (head office in San Giovanni La Punta in the province of Catania) with an assessment based on the disallowance of costs incurred for services that were deemed to lack sufficient documentation. On that basis, the Sicilian regional office recommended that the Ravenna provincial authorities disallow the portion of those costs that Coop Sicilia had charged to IGD under a contract between the two companies. After reviewing the papers and looking into the matter carefully, IGD's advisors concluded that the assessments are unfounded and filed settlement requests for both with the Emilia Romagna regional office.

During the subsequent debate phase, the company presented its arguments against the assessments to the Emilia Romagna authorities, who decided to consider IGD's arguments regarding IRES and IRAP but to uphold the complaint

regarding VAT. Nevertheless, as the deadline approached for contesting the two assessments and no reversal notice had been received from the regional authorities, the company decided to prevent them from becoming definitive and on 6 June 2016 filed a formal appeal against each with the Provincial Tax Commission of Bologna.

On 30 November 2016 the Emilia Romagna regional authorities annulled the IRES assessment in full, while the IRAP/VAT assessment was annulled for the IRAP portion only and the VAT violation was confirmed.

In session on 25 January 2017, the Provincial Tax Commission of Bologna sided with IGD: with decision no. 253/17 filed on 28 February it definitively cleared the IRES and IRAP assessments, and with decision no. 254/17 (also filed on 28 February) it accepted IGD's arguments concerning VAT and annulled that assessment as well.

For both proceedings, the Commission ordered the revenue office to reimburse IGD's legal expenses in the amount of €6,000.00 total.

On 17 March 2016 the Ravenna provincial office initiated a tax audit for 2013, which concluded with an audit report served to the Company on 6 July. The report calls for:

- (i) a portion of net income to be reallocated from exempt to taxable operations (increasing theoretical taxable income by €418,674.70 for IRES purposes and €877,469.93 for IRAP);
- (ii) the disallowance of an €80,000 deduction for IRES purposes;
- (iii) reduction of the allowed deduction for the ACE (*Aiuto alla Crescita Economica*) program by €14,780.29

for total taxes of about €132,000.00 (IRES) and €34,000.00 (IRAP).

With respect to IRES, the Group's tax loss for 2013 has not yet been absorbed and is sufficient to cover the full amount alleged to be due, including the lion's share which is based on a finding deemed to be baseless, and which the Group will appeal if it is formally assessed.

2.7 Certification of the condensed consolidated half-year financial statements

CERTIFICATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

pursuant to Art. 81 ter of the Consob Regulation adopted with Resolution 11971 of 14 May 1999, as amended

1. We, the undersigned, Claudio Albertini as chief executive officer and Grazia Margherita Piolanti as financial reporting officer of IGD SIIQ S.p.A., hereby declare, including in accordance with Art. 154-*bis* (3) and (4) of Legislative Decree 58/98:

- the adequacy of in relation to the characteristics of the business; and
- the company's due compliance with the administrative and accounting procedures for the preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements for the first half of 2017.

2. We also confirm that:

2.1. the condensed consolidated financial statements:

- a) have been prepared in accordance with the applicable International Accounting Standards recognized by the European Union pursuant to Regulation 1606/2002/EC of the European Parliament and the Council of 19 July 2002;
- b) correspond to the ledgers and accounting entries;
- c) provide fair and truthful disclosure of the financial status and performance of the issuer and the companies included in the consolidation;

2.2 the directors' report contains a reliable analysis of the performance, results, and current situation of the issuer and the companies in the consolidation, along with a description of the main risks and uncertainties to which they are exposed.

Bologna, 4 August 2017

Claudio Albertini
Chief Executive Officer

Grazia Margherita Piolanti
Financial Reporting Officer

2.8 External auditors Report



REVIEW REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the shareholders of
Immobiliare Grande Distribuzione SIIQ SpA

Foreword

We have reviewed the consolidated condensed interim financial statements of Immobiliare Grande Distribuzione SIIQ SpA (hereinafter, also the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (hereinafter, also “IGD Group”) as of 30 June 2017 which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position, the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated statement of cash flows and the related explanatory notes. The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated condensed interim financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 applicable to interim financial reporting (IAS 34) as adopted by the European Union. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated condensed interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our work in accordance with the criteria for a review recommended by Consob in Resolution n° 10867 of 31 July 1997. A review of consolidated condensed interim financial statements consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than a full-scope audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA Italia) and, consequently, does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that consolidated condensed interim financial statements of IGD Group as of 30 June 2017 are not prepared, in all

PricewaterhouseCoopers SpA

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material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 applicable to interim financial reporting (IAS 34) as adopted by the European Union.

Bologna, 4 August 2017

PricewaterhouseCoopers SpA

Signed by
Roberto Sollevanti
(Partner)

This report has been translated into English from the Italian original solely for the convenience of international readers.

2.9 Appraisals

CBRE

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Milan, July, the 24th 2017

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40127 Bologna (BO)

VALUATION CERTIFICATE

INTRODUCTION

Instruction

In accordance with our proposals 89/17 and 90/17 dated 4th May 2017 countersigned on 9th May 2017, we have determined the Market Value of operating Shopping Galleries, Hypermarkets office portions and plots of land owned by IGD SIQ SpA as at 30th June 2017. The scope of work is to value on the basis of the Market Value the freehold interest in the Properties of the Portfolio for balance sheet purposes. The Portfolio is composed as follows:

Italian Portfolio :

ASSET CLASS	NAME	CITY	PROVINCE
Shopping Gallery	ESP	Ravenna	RA
Hypermarket	ESP	Ravenna	RA
Shopping Gallery	CASILINO	Roma	RM
Hypermarket	CASILINO	Roma	RM
Shopping Gallery	CITTA' DELLE STELLE	Ascoli Piceno	AP
Hypermarket	CITTA' DELLE STELLE	Ascoli Piceno	AP
Shopping Gallery	LA TORRE	Palermo	PA
Hypermarket	LA TORRE	Palermo	PA
Shopping Gallery	TIBURTINO	Guidonia Montecelio	RM
Hypermarket	TIBURTINO	Guidonia Montecelio	RM
City Center	PIAZZA MAZZINI	Livorno	LI
Trading	Porto a Mare	Livorno	LI

Winmarkt Portfolio:

ASSET	TOWN
MODERN	Galati
SOMES	Cluj Napoca
DUNAREA	Braila
DIANA	Tulcea
DACIA	Buzou
PETRODAVA	Piatra Neamt
BIG	Turda
MAGURA	Bistrita
CENTRAL	Vaslui

The contents of this Valuation Report may only be relied upon by:

- I. Addressees of the Report; or
- II. Parties who have received prior written consent from CBRE in the form of a reliance letter.

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C.F./P. I.V.A. n. 04319600153 - cap. soc. € 500.000 i.v.
Società soggetta all'attività di direzione e coordinamento da parte della Società CBRE Ltd
Regulated by RICS



This Report is to be read and construed in its entirety and reliance on this Report is strictly subject to the disclaimers and limitations on liability on page 6. Please review this information prior to acting in reliance on the contents of this Report. If you do not understand this information, we recommend you seek independent legal counsel.

Compliance with Valuation Standards

The valuation has been prepared in accordance with the RICS Valuation – Professional Standards (January 2014) (“the Red Book”).

We confirm that we have sufficient current local and national knowledge of the particular property market involved, and have the skills and understanding to undertake the valuation competently. Where the knowledge and skill requirements of The Red Book have been met in aggregate by more than one valuer within CBRE, we confirm that a list of those valuers has been retained within the working papers, together with confirmation that each named valuer complies with the requirements of The Red Book.

Moreover, our valuation are carried out in accordance with Title V, Chapter IV, Section II, Paragraph 2.5 criteria, included with the Bank of Italy Regulation dated January, 19th 2015 (Regolamento Banca d’Italia).

The property details on which each valuation is based are as set out in the valuation report of which this document is an extract.

Assumptions

We have carried out our work based upon information supplied to us by IGD SIIQ, which we have assumed to be correct and comprehensive. We have made various assumptions as to tenure, letting, town planning, and the condition and repair of buildings and sites – including ground and groundwater contamination – as set out below. No special assumptions have been made for this Valuation.

If any of the information or assumptions on which the valuation is based are subsequently found to be incorrect, the valuation figures may also be incorrect and should be reconsidered.

Market Conditions

The values stated in this report represent our objective opinion of Market Value in accordance with the definition set out above as of the date of valuation. Amongst other things, this assumes that the properties had been properly marketed and that exchange of contracts took place on this date.

Valuer

The Property has been valued by a valuer who is qualified for the purpose of the valuation in accordance with the RICS Valuation – Professional Standards (The Red Book).

Independence

The total fees, including the fee for this assignment, earned by CBRE Valuation S.p.A.(or other companies forming part of the same group of companies within Italy from the Addressee (or other companies forming part of the same group of companies) are less than 5.0% of the total Italian revenues.

Conflicts of Interest

We confirm that we have had no previous material involvement with the property, and that copies of our conflict of interest checks have been retained within the working papers.

Reliance and publication

This report is for the use only of the party to whom it is addressed for the specific purpose set out herein and no responsibility is accepted to any third party for the whole or any part of its contents. Neither the whole nor any part of our report nor any references thereto may be included in any published document, circular or statement nor published in any way without our prior written approval of the form and context in which it will appear.

Sources of Information

We have carried out our work based upon information supplied to us by the Client, which we have assumed to be correct and comprehensive. Specifically, we have been provided with the details regarding:

- the leasing status of each unit at the date of valuation;
- the related turnover data and variable rent received;
- other eventual income related to temporary lettings;
- sales area and gross area, both related to existing assets or buildings under construction;
- property tax, insurance, service charges of each asset.

Inspections

As instructed, we have not re-inspected all the properties for the purpose of this valuation. For the purpose of this valuation exercise, we have inspected the following properties: Centro Esp, Casilino, Piazza Mazzini and Porta a Mare and all of the Winmarkt Portfolio.

With regard to those properties which have not been subject to re-inspection, you have confirmed that you are not aware of any material changes to the physical attributes of the properties, or the nature of their location, since the last inspection. We have assumed this advice to be correct.

Areas

We have not measured the property nor we have made check measurements, but as instructed, we have relied upon floor areas provided to us by di IGD SIIQ SpA, which we assume to be correct and comprehensive and which we understand have been calculated in accordance to best Italian market practices using the Gross Leasable Area (GLA).

The Gross Leasable Area (GLA) is defined as the amount of floor space available to be rented in a commercial property. It does not include portions which do not produce income for the property owner such as vertical connections (stairwells, lifts and landings), technical spaces, shafts, common spaces (lobby, meeting rooms).

Environmental Matters

We have not undertaken any environmental audit or other environmental investigation or soil survey.

We have not carried out any investigation into the past or present uses of the Property, nor of any neighboring land, in order to establish whether there is any potential for contamination and have therefore assumed that none exists.

Repair and Condition

We have not carried out building surveys, tested services, made independent site investigations, inspected woodwork, exposed parts of the structure which were covered, unexposed or inaccessible, nor arranged

for any investigations to be carried out to determine whether or not any deleterious or hazardous materials or techniques have been used, or are present, in any part of the Property.

We are unable, therefore, to give any assurance that the Property is free from defect.

Town Planning, Titles, Tenures and Lettings

We have not undertaken planning enquiries but have relied on information provided by the Owner.

Details of title/tenure under which the Property is held and of lettings to which it is subject are as supplied to us. We have not generally examined nor had access to all the deeds, leases or other documents relating thereto. Where information from deeds, leases or other documents is recorded in this report, it represents our understanding of the relevant documents.

We should emphasise, however, that the interpretation of the documents of title (including relevant deeds, leases and planning consents) is the responsibility of your legal adviser.

All Properties possess a good and marketable title free from any onerous or hampering restrictions or conditions and comply with national regulations and have the benefit of permanent planning consents or existing use rights for their current use.

LIMITATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS TO THE SUBJECT REPORT

No allowances have been made for any expenses of realisation nor for taxation which might arise in the event of a disposal. Acquisition costs have not been included in our valuation.

No account has been taken of any inter-company leases or arrangements, nor of any mortgages, debentures or other charges. No legal, fiscal or financial aspects have been considered other than those explicitly quoted below.

Landlord's fixtures such as lifts, escalators, central heating and other normal service installations have been treated as an integral part of the building and are included within our valuations.

All measurements, areas and ages quoted in our report are approximate.

We have valued the Properties individually and no account has been taken of any discount or premium that may be negotiated in the market if all or part of the portfolio was to be marketed simultaneously, either in lots or as a whole.

Rental Values

Rental values indicated in our report are those which have been adopted by us as appropriate in assessing the capital value and are not necessarily appropriate for other purposes nor do they necessarily accord with RICS's definition of Market Rent.

Environmental Matters

In the absence of any information to the contrary, we have assumed that the Properties are not contaminated and are not adversely affected by any existing or proposed environmental law; that any processes which are carried out on the Properties which are regulated by environmental legislation are properly licensed by the appropriate authorities; that the Properties possess current energy performance certificates as required under government directives.

VALUATION CRITERIA

The valuation of the assets in question has been performed on the basis of commonly used and accepted valuation criteria. Specifically, the criteria we applied to the different asset types are the following:

Shopping galleries and Hypermarkets:

- Discounted Cash Flow analysis: based on the discounting back of the future cash flows generated by the property over a fixed holding period (typically 10 years), that refers to the lease contracts duration. At the end of this period, we assume that the property will be sold at a value obtained by capitalising the final year net income at a right market capitalisation rate relating to investments similar to that in question.

Land sites for new constructions or enlargement of the existing assets:

- Conversion/Transformation method, based on the discount, at the date of valuation, of the cash flows (deriving from rental incomes after completion of works) calculated over a period corresponding to the completion of works on the site in order to be fully operating, (cash flows are the results of the difference between incomes and costs) so the market value is the difference between the market value of the transformed area and the costs of development. At the end of this period, we assume that the property will be sold at a value obtained by capitalising the final year net income at an appropriate market capitalisation rate relating to investments similar to that in question, deducting costs required to the enlargement at valuation date.

Valuation Methodology

We have adopted the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) method in preparing our valuation of the Market Value of the subject Property. The valuation has been based on a site inspection and our valuation inputs are based on local market evidence and practice (rent and current costs, demand and supply level, operators' expectations), which has been adjusted to relate to the specific characteristics of the Property.

Market Value

Upon the assumption that there are no onerous restrictions or unusual outgoings of which we have no knowledge, and subject to the “General Principles” and the specific comments and assumptions which are set out here and in the full valuation report, of which the subject certificate is an extract, we are of the opinion that the market value of the properties owned by IGD SIIQ SpA as at 30th June 2017 is:

Euro 671,089,500

(Six Hundred Seventy-One Million, Eighty-Nine Thousand, Five Hundred Euro/00)

exclusive of transfer costs and VAT.

Yours faithfully

CBRE VALUATION S.p.A.
Ref. 17-64VAL-0122, 17-64VAL-0130,



Davide Cattarin
(Managing Director)

For and on behalf of
CBRE Valuation Spa



Elena Gramaglia MRICS
(Director)

RICS Registered Valuer
For and on behalf of
CBRE Valuation Spa

LEGAL NOTICE

This Valuation Report (the “**Report**”) has been prepared by CBRE Valuation S.p.A. (“**CBRE**”) exclusively for IGD SIIQ S.p.A. (the “**Client**”) in accordance with the terms of engagement entered into between CBRE and the addressee no. 89/2017 and 90/2017 dated 4th May 2017 countersigned on the 9th May 2017 (“the **Instruction**”). The Report is confidential and it must not be disclosed to any person other than the Client without CBRE’s prior written consent. CBRE has provided this report on the understanding that it will only be seen and used by the Client and no other person is entitled to rely upon it, unless CBRE has expressly agreed in writing. Where CBRE has expressly agreed that a person other than the Client can rely upon the report then CBRE shall have no greater liability to any party relying on this report than it would have had if such party had been named as a joint client under the Instruction.

CBRE’s maximum aggregate liability to all parties, howsoever arising under, in connection with or pursuant to reliance upon this Report, and whether in contract, tort, negligence or otherwise shall not exceed the lower of:

- i. 25% of the value of the property to which the Instruction relates on the date of the Instruction; or
- ii. €10 million (Ten Million Euro); and

CBRE shall not be liable for any indirect, special or consequential loss or damage howsoever caused, whether in contract, tort, negligence or otherwise, arising from or in connection with this Report. Nothing in this Report shall exclude liability which cannot be excluded by law.



CBRE

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Milan, July, the 24th 2017

I.G.D.

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40127 Bologna (BO)

VALUATION CERTIFICATE

INTRODUCTION

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Winmarkt Portfolio:

ASSET	TOWN
MODERN	Galati
SOMES	Cluj Napoca
DUNAREA	Braila
DIANA	Tulcea
DACIA	Buzou
PETRODAVA	Piatra Neamt
BIG	Turda
MAGURA	Bistrita
CENTRAL	Vaslui

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Compliance with Valuation Standards

The valuation has been prepared in accordance with the RICS Valuation – Professional Standards (January 2014) (“the Red Book”).

We confirm that we have sufficient current local and national knowledge of the particular property market involved, and have the skills and understanding to undertake the valuation competently.

Where the knowledge and skill requirements of The Red Book have been met in aggregate by more than one valuer within CBRE, we confirm that a list of those valuers has been retained within the working papers, together with confirmation that each named valuer complies with the requirements of The Red Book.

Moreover, our valuations are carried out in accordance with Title V, Chapter IV, Section II, Paragraph 2.5 criteria, included with the Bank of Italy Regulation dated January, 19th 2015 (Regolamento Banca d’Italia).

The property details on which each valuation is based are as set out in the valuation report of which this document is an extract.

Assumptions

We have carried out our work based upon information supplied to us by IGD SIIQ, which we have assumed to be correct and comprehensive.

We have made various assumptions as to tenure, letting, town planning, and the condition and repair of buildings and sites – including ground and groundwater contamination – as set out below. No special assumptions have been made for this Valuation.

If any of the information or assumptions on which the valuation is based are subsequently found to be incorrect, the valuation figures may also be incorrect and should be reconsidered.

Market Conditions

The values stated in this report represent our objective opinion of Market Value in accordance with the definition set out above as of the date of valuation. Amongst other things, this assumes that the properties had been properly marketed and that exchange of contracts took place on this date.

Valuer

The Property has been valued by a valuer who is qualified for the purpose of the valuation in accordance with the RICS Valuation – Professional Standards (The Red Book).

Independence

The total fees, including the fee for this assignment, earned by CBRE Valuation S.p.A.(or other companies forming part of the same group of companies within Italy from the Addressee (or other companies forming part of the same group of companies) are less than 5.0% of the total Italian revenues.

Conflicts of Interest

We confirm that we have had no previous material involvement with the property, and that copies of our conflict of interest checks have been retained within the working papers.

Reliance and publication

This report is for the use only of the party to whom it is addressed for the specific purpose set out herein and no responsibility is accepted to any third party for the whole or any part of its contents.

Neither the whole nor any part of our report nor any references thereto may be included in any published document, circular or statement nor published in any way without our prior written approval of the form and context in which it will appear.

Sources of Information

We have carried out our work based upon information supplied to us by the Client, which we have assumed to be correct and comprehensive. Specifically, we have been provided with the details regarding:

- the leasing status of each unit at the date of valuation;
- the related turnover data and variable rent received;
- other eventual income related to temporary lettings;
- sales area and gross area, both related to existing assets or buildings under construction;
- property tax, insurance, service charges of each asset.

Inspections

As instructed, we have not re-inspected all the properties for the purpose of this valuation. For the purpose of this valuation exercise, we have inspected the following properties: Casilino, CentroEsp and Piazza Mazzini and all of Winmarket portfolio.

With regard to those properties which have not been subject to re-inspection, you have confirmed that you are not aware of any material changes to the physical attributes of the properties, or the nature of their location, since the last inspection. We have assumed this advice to be correct.

Areas

We have not measured the property nor we have made check measurements, but as instructed, we have relied upon floor areas provided to us by di IGD SIIQ SpA, which we assume to be correct and comprehensive and which we understand have been calculated in accordance to best Italian market practices using the Gross Leasable Area (GLA).

The Gross Leasable Area (GLA) is defined as the amount of floor space available to be rented in a commercial property. It does not include portions which do not produce income for the property owner such as vertical connections (stairwells, lifts and landings), technical spaces, shafts, common spaces (lobby, meeting rooms).

Environmental Matters

We have not undertaken any environmental audit or other environmental investigation or soil survey.

We have not carried out any investigation into the past or present uses of the Property, nor of any neighboring land, in order to establish whether there is any potential for contamination and have therefore assumed that none exists.

Repair and Condition

We have not carried out building surveys, tested services, made independent site investigations, inspected woodwork, exposed parts of the structure which were covered, unexposed or inaccessible, nor arranged

for any investigations to be carried out to determine whether or not any deleterious or hazardous materials or techniques have been used, or are present, in any part of the Property.

We are unable, therefore, to give any assurance that the Property is free from defect.

Town Planning, Titles, Tenures and Lettings

We have not undertaken planning enquiries but have relied on information provided by the Owner.

Details of title/tenure under which the Property is held and of lettings to which it is subject are as supplied to us. We have not generally examined nor had access to all the deeds, leases or other documents relating thereto. Where information from deeds, leases or other documents is recorded in this report, it represents our understanding of the relevant documents.

We should emphasise, however, that the interpretation of the documents of title (including relevant deeds, leases and planning consents) is the responsibility of your legal adviser.

All Properties possess a good and marketable title free from any onerous or hampering restrictions or conditions and comply with national regulations and have the benefit of permanent planning consents or existing use rights for their current use.

LIMITATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS TO THE SUBJECT REPORT

No allowances have been made for any expenses of realisation nor for taxation which might arise in the event of a disposal. Acquisition costs have not been included in our valuation.

No account has been taken of any inter-company leases or arrangements, nor of any mortgages, debentures or other charges.

No legal, fiscal or financial aspects have been considered other than those explicitly quoted below.

Landlord's fixtures such as lifts, escalators, central heating and other normal service installations have been treated as an integral part of the building and are included within our valuations.

All measurements, areas and ages quoted in our report are approximate.

We have valued the Properties individually and no account has been taken of any discount or premium that may be negotiated in the market if all or part of the portfolio was to be marketed simultaneously, either in lots or as a whole.

Rental Values

Rental values indicated in our report are those which have been adopted by us as appropriate in assessing the capital value and are not necessarily appropriate for other purposes nor do they necessarily accord with RICS's definition of Market Rent.

Environmental Matters

In the absence of any information to the contrary, we have assumed that the Properties are not contaminated and are not adversely affected by any existing or proposed environmental law; that any processes which are carried out on the Properties which are regulated by environmental legislation are properly licensed by the appropriate authorities; that the Properties possess current energy performance certificates as required under government directives.

VALUATION CRITERIA

The valuation of the assets in question has been performed on the basis of commonly used and accepted valuation criteria. Specifically, the criteria we applied to the different asset types are the following:

Shopping galleries and Hypermarkets:

- Discounted Cash Flow analysis: based on the discounting back of the future cash flows generated by the property over a fixed holding period (typically 10 years), that refers to the lease contracts duration. At the end of this period, we assume that the property will be sold at a value obtained by capitalising the final year net income at a right market capitalisation rate relating to investments similar to that in question.

Valuation Methodology

We have adopted the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) method in preparing our valuation of the Market Value of the subject Property.

The valuation has been based on a site inspection and our valuation inputs are based on local market evidence and practice (rent and current costs, demand and supply level, operators' expectations), which has been adjusted to relate to the specific characteristics of the Property.

Market Value

Upon the assumption that there are no onerous restrictions or unusual outgoings of which we have no knowledge, and subject to the "General Principles" and the specific comments and assumptions which are set out here and in the full valuation report, of which the subject certificate is an extract, we are of the opinion that the market value of the properties owned by IGD SIIQ SpA as at 30th June 2017 is:

Euro 591,470,000

(Five Hundred Ninety-One Million Four Hundred Seventy Thousand Euro/00)

exclusive of transfer costs and VAT.

Yours faithfully

CBRE VALUATION S.p.A.

Rif. 17-64VAL-0122 and 17-64VAL-0130



Davide Cattarin
(Managing Director)

For and on behalf of
CBRE Valuation Spa



Elena Gramaglia MRICS
(Director)
RICS Registered Valuer
For and on behalf of
CBRE Valuation Spa



Milan, July 19th 2017

IGD SiiQ S.p.A.
Via Trattati Comunitari Europei 1957-2007, n.13
40127, Bologna
Italia

For the attention of: Mr. R. Zoia

Subject: Valuation as at 30th June 2017 of a Retail Portfolio held by IGD SiiQ S.p.A. comprising five Hypermarkets, two Supermarkets, three Retail Galleries and one Retail Park.

Dear Mr. Zoia,

In accordance with the instruction dated 4th May 2017 and with the integration letter dated 23th May 2017, we have performed the necessary analysis aiming to determine the Market Value and Market Rental Value (as defined in Section 2) of the properties identified in Section 1 of the present letter.

The present *Certificate Letter* summarizes the results of the valuation analysis, the general principles and the information provided to use, which are detailed in each individual valuation report prepared on behalf of *IGD SiiQ S.p.A.* of the properties detailed in Section 1. All introductory and explanatory provisions, limitations, valuation and special assumptions and specific information are set out in the each individual Valuation Report.

1 Subject Properties

The retail portfolio under-analysis consists of five Hypermarkets, two Supermarkets, three Retail Galleries and one Retail Park mainly located in the North and Centre of Italy. The main details of these assets are identified in the table below:

<i>Asset</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>Use</i>	<i>GLA m²</i>
Lame	Via Marco Polo, 3 Bologna (BO)	Hypermarket	15,681
Centro Leonardo	Viale Amendola, 129 Imola (BO)	Hypermarket	15,862
Conè	Via S. Giuseppe, 25 Conegliano (TV)	Hypermarket	9,498
Fonti Del Corallo	Via Graziani, 6 Loc. Porta a Terra (LI)	Hypermarket	15,371
Il Maestrale	Strada Statale Adriatica Nord, Senigallia (AN)	Hypermarket	12,551
Super Cecina	Via Pasubio, 33 Cecina (LI)	Supermarket	5,749
Super Civita Castellana	Piazza Marcantoni, Civita Castellana (VT)	Supermarket	2,892
Punta di Ferro	Piazzale della Cooperazione, 2 Forlì (FC)	Retail Gallery	21,223
Maremà	Via Ecuador, snc Loc. Commendone – Grosseto (GR)	Retail Gallery	17,110
Conè	Via S. Giuseppe, 25 Conegliano (TV)	Retail Gallery	12,212
Conè	Via S. Giuseppe, 25 Conegliano (TV)	Retail Park	5,950

2 Scope of the Valuation Analysis

The scope of the valuation analysis is to provide you with our professional opinion of the following values as at market conditions available at the valuation date, 30th of June 2017:

- Market Value of each property in its current state of repairs and use, subject to the existing property/business lease agreements and with the benefit of vacant possession for the portions that are not income producing at the valuation date;
- Market Rent of each property in its current state of repairs and use as at the valuation date.

As previously mentioned, the present Valuation Certificate reports the results of our analysis, the supplied information, which have been considered to be accurate and correct, and the general assumptions upon which our valuations have been based.

3 Basis of the Valuation

Our analysis are carried out in accordance with the principles, guidelines and definitions contained in the RICS Professional Standards Global – RICS Valuation Professional Standards January 2014 Edition incorporating the IVSC International Valuation Standards. The subject valuation is carried out in accordance with the following definition of Market Value and Market Rent settled by the International Valuation Standards Committee and referred to in the Red Book under section VPS4 paragraph No. 1.2. and 1.3:

Market Value

“The estimated amount for which an asset or liability should exchange on the valuation date between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm’s-length transaction, after proper marketing and where the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion.”

Market Rent

“The estimated amount for which an interest in real property should be leased on the valuation date between a willing lessor and a willing lessee on appropriate lease terms in an arm’s length transaction, after proper marketing and where the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion.”

4 Sources of Information

As per our agreement, we have carried out our analysis on the basis of the documentation and data provided by the Client and/or its appointed representatives. For the purposes of this valuation, we have assumed that the information provided to us are accurate and correct.

For completeness of information we report below the list of the documentation provided to us by the Client for the purposes of this valuation:

- Tenancy Schedules;
- Turnover figures (net of VAT) of each retail unit divided per year and per months for the years of 2014, 2015, 2016 and for the first 4 months of 2017 (Retail Gallery and Retail Park);
- Turnover figures (net VAT) of the Supermarket and Hypermarket divided per year for the years: 2016 and 2017;
- Non recoverable Landlord costs;

- Summary schedule of all additional income;
- Forecast turnover rent generated in 2017;
- Asset summary identification schedules.

We would like to bring to your attention that we have assumed that we are entitled to use and to elaborate the information and details provided to us for the purposes of the subject valuation exercise and to report them in the subject valuation report¹.

5 Valuation Method

We have analysed the subject property using an income based approach to value in form of the Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF). The choice of methodology represents the likely basis of analysis to be used by a potential purchaser for this type of investment. The DCF method identifies the value of the asset by discounting the cash flows generated by the property in the holding period.

We have also based our analysis on a direct capitalisation model where the lease based incomes have been capitalised with an all risk yield in perpetuity. The choice of methodology represents the likely basis of analysis to be used by a potential purchaser for this type of investment. A ten year cash flow period has been adopted with the assumption that all payments are made monthly in advance whereas the terminal value at the end of the assumed ten year holding period is due annually in arrears. The Market Value was estimated on the basis of the analysis we conducted and the documentation provided.

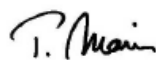
6 Valuation

Please note that the sum of the Net Market Values of each subject property, listed in Section 1 (“Subject Properties”), is in the amount of € 443,610,000, which corresponds to a total Gross Market Values of € 457,568,550.

Please note that the above reported Gross Market Value is inclusive of the associated acquisition costs.

The subject report has been drawn up in good faith and at best of our knowledge on the basis of information made available to us and market conditions available at the valuation date.

Yours sincerely,



Pierre Marin MRICS
CEO - Jones Lang LaSalle Spa

¹ We have assumed that the Client has obtained the necessary authorisations and has provided the third parties involved with the appropriate written communications in compliance with Privacy Law regulations.



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cushmanwakefield.it

For translation purposes only – Italian version legally binding

TO: GRUPPO IGD
ATTENTION: MR. ROBERTO ZOIA
PROPERTY: REAL ESTATE PORTFOLIO
REPORT DATE: 21 JULY 2017
VALUATION DATE: 30 JUNE 2017

1. INSTRUCTIONS

1.1 THE PROPERTIES

We are instructed to provide our opinion of Market Value of the portfolio including the following Properties:

GRUPPO IGD PORTFOLIO			
#	Location	Province	Property
1	Bologna	BO	Il Borgo
2	San Giovanni Teatino	CH	Centro D'Abruzzo
3	Faenza	RA	Le Maioliche
4	Cesena	FC	Lungo Savio
5	San Benedetto del Tronto	AP	Porto Grande
6	Rovereto	TN	Millennium
7	Rimini	RI	Fitness Rimini (Fitness Centre)
8	San Benedetto del Tronto	AP	Porto Grande (Terreno - sviluppo)
9	Bologna	BO	Ipercoop Il Borgo
10	San Giovanni Teatino	CH	Ipercoop D'Abruzzo
11	Lugo di Romagna	RA	Ipercoop Lugo Romagna
12	Pesaro	PU	Ipercoop CC Mirafiore
13	Cesena	FC	Iper Cesena
14	San Benedetto del Tronto	AP	Ipercoop CC Porto Grande
15	Schio	VI	Iper Schio
16	Faenza	RA	Ipercoop Le Maioliche
17	Rimini	RI	Ipercoop + Magazzino Rimini

Detailed reports relating to the Properties are enclosed under Attachment I of Ref: *IGD-GruppoIGD-CertVal-170630-01-ITA*.

IGD-GRUPPOIGD-CERTVALPERBILANCIO-170630-01-ENG

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1.2 PURPOSE OF VALUATION

We have been instructed to prepare this valuation for accounting purposes.

The subject Valuations are not intended to be *due diligence*. Therefore, it is likely that a potential buyer before proceeding with the purchase of the Properties may require further advice or clarification on such issues that may affect the Market Values which we have estimated. We recommend you to draw particular attention on the assumptions on which our valuations have been prepared.

1.3 COMPLIANCE WITH RICS “RED BOOK”

The valuation has been prepared in accordance with the RICS Valuation – Professional Standards current at the date of the report (the “Red Book”) by valuers conforming to its requirements, acting as external valuer.

1.4 DISCLOSURE OF CONFLICT OF INTEREST

We confirm that we have no conflict of interest in carrying out this assignment.

1.5 BASIS OF VALUATION

As per instruction and according to the RICS Valuation – Professional Standards, the valuation has been prepared on the basis of Market Value and Market Rent and adopts the following definitions contained in the Red Book:

MARKET VALUE

VS 3.2 defines the Market Value as follows:

“The estimated amount for which an asset or liability should exchange on the valuation date between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm’s length transaction after proper marketing and where the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion”.

MARKET RENT

VS 3.3 defines the Market Rent as follows:

“The estimated amount for which a property would be leased on the valuation date between a willing lessor and a willing lessee on appropriate lease terms in an arm’s length transaction, after proper marketing wherein the parties had acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion”.

1.6 CONFIRMATION OF TERMS OF ENGAGEMENT

Our confirmation letter Ns Ref: VAL/CLI/IGD-GruppoIGD-CertVal-170630-01-ITA dated 19 April 2017 and relevant Company’s acceptance, are enclosed to this report under Attachment II.

IGD-GRUPPOIGD-CERTVALPERBILANCIO-170630-01-ENG

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1.7 THIRD PARTY LIABILITY

The valuation has been carried out on behalf of Gruppo IGD and no responsibility is accepted to any third party in respect of its contents.

1.8 VALUERS

This valuation has been undertaken by the team of professionals of Cushman & Wakefield Valuation & Advisory and reviewed by Mariacristina Laria MRICS and Joachim Sandberg FRICS.

2. ASSUMPTIONS & SPECIAL ASSUMPTIONS

This valuation report and its contents are subject to the general Assumptions contained in our 'General Valuation Principles and Principal Terms and Conditions of Appointment as Valuers' as listed under Attachment I of this report.

This valuation is not subject to any Special Assumptions.

3. DATE OF VALUATION

The date of valuation is 30 June 2017.

4. INSPECTIONS

As described in the relevant valuation reports enclosed under Attachment I of *Ref: IGD-GruppoIGD-CertVal-170630-01-ITA*, all Properties were inspected both internally and externally during the site visits carried out for the current valuation dated 30 June 2017.

Our comments on the state of repair are limited to the state of maintenance which is visible from a cursory visit and they are not intended to be technical due diligence.

In particular, we did not have access to non-public areas and the roof which are assumed in good state of repair.

We have not measured the Properties nor carried out check-measurements but have relied on the GLAs that have been supplied to us. We assume that these have been calculated on an appropriate basis.

5. INFORMATION SUPPLIED

The Valuations were prepared on the basis of information that has been supplied to us by Gruppo IGD, which we have assumed to be complete and correct for our purposes.

Details on the information supplied for each Property is provided within the Full Property Reports *Ref. IGD-GruppoIGD-CertVal-170630-01-ITA*.

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We have relied on the information supplied to us as being complete, updated and correct as we have not been instructed to carry out any due diligence activity.

6. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

Our valuations and their contents are subject to the general Assumptions contained in our 'General Valuation Principles' enclosed in the body of this report and to the terms stated in our proposal. We report below the main terms.

Unless otherwise stated in the Full Valuation Reports *Ref. IGD-GruppoIGD-CertVal-170630-01-ITA*, our valuations assume the Properties are effectively freehold. We have assumed that the Properties have a good and marketable title, free from any unusually onerous restrictions, covenants or other encumbrances.

Should the lease contracts contemplate a pre-emption right in favor of the tenant, our valuations are based on the assumption that this right does not have any impact on our estimate of the Market Value of the Property.

Unless otherwise stated in the Full Valuation Reports *Ref. IGD-GruppoIGD-CertVal-170630-01-ITA*, our valuations are on the basis that the Properties have been erected in accordance with a valid planning permission and are being occupied and used without any contravention.

According to our proposal, we have not investigated the presence of harmful or hazardous substances in the Properties. In the absence of information to the contrary, we based our valuations on the assumption that there are no such substances and that each Property has been properly built.

According to our proposal, we have not carried out technical surveys of the Properties nor verified the maintenance conditions of plants and machinery. In any case, our valuations take into consideration the information supplied to us and any defect which we have noted during our cursory visits to the Properties. However, our valuations are on the basis that there are no latent defects, wants of repair or other matters which would materially affect our valuations.

Should you be aware of any information contrary to the content of the subject paragraph, we recommend that this is referred back to us to enable us to amend our valuation accordingly.

7. VALUATION METHODOLOGY

In the following paragraph we provide a brief description of the methodology used to arrive at the Market Value of the Properties. For further details, please refer to the Full Valuation Reports *Ref. IGD-GruppoIGD-CertVal-170630-01-ITA*.

7.1 DCF ANALYSIS (DISCOUNTED CASH FLOW ANALYSIS)

This methodology takes into account the income generated by the lease contract/s in place for the Property, the annual costs to be borne by the Landlord (e.g. management fees, IMU property tax, insurance costs), the expenses relating to the extraordinary maintenance, the

IGD-GRUPPOIGD-CERTVALPERBILANCIO-170630-01-ENG

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void period before the re-letting of the asset at market rental levels and the sale of the asset once it will be fully let at market rent. The assumed holding period is 10 years. The exit value of the Property is obtained capitalizing the net income of the year following the last year of the cash flow at a net yield that takes into account the specific features of the asset in the market (location, material characteristics, state of repair and letting status). The exit value is then reduced by the sales costs. The net cash flows are discounted using an appropriate discount rate which reflects the specific risk relating to the specific real estate investment and takes into consideration all the variables that have been assumed in the cash flow. The algebraic sum of the discounted cash flows represents the gross value of the Property from which, once deducted the purchaser's costs, we obtain the Market Value.

We wish to point out that there are no comparables of Discount Rates (especially considering that the choice of the discount rate to be applied depends on further factors which are not available, as data relating to investment transactions). Once we have estimated Market Value on the basis of the DCF method, the result is compared to the rent to check whether the initial yield would be consistent with those expectations of return that investors require for similar type of investments. Therefore, to support the result of our valuations, we use the Direct Capitalization methodology.

8. MARKET VALUE

Subject to the contents of this report we consider that the Market Value (net of purchaser's costs) of the Properties forming part of the portfolio and split as per your request, as at 30 June 2017, may fairly be estimated as:

€462,160,000
(Fourhundredsixtytwomilliononehundredsixtythousand Euros)

The Properties have been valued on an individual basis. The sum of the Market Values of the single Properties does not represent the Market Value of the portfolio in its entirety.

More details are included in the Full Valuation Reports *Ref: IGD-GruppoIGD-CertVal-170630-01-ITA*.

As per your request we report the Value gross of purchaser's costs, which is equal to €469,004,138.

9. CONFIDENTIALITY

Our valuation is confidential to you, for your sole use and for the specific purpose stated. We will not accept responsibility to any third party in respect of the whole or any part of its contents.

IGD-GRUPPOIGD-CERTVALPERBILANCIO-170830-01-ENG

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10. DISCLOSURE AND PUBLICATION

You must not disclose the contents of this valuation report to a third party in any way without first obtaining our written approval to the form and context of the proposed disclosure. You must obtain our consent, even if we are not referred to by name or our valuation report is to be combined with others. We will not approve any disclosure that does not refer sufficiently to any Special Assumptions or Departures that we have made.

Attachments that form part of this report:

ATTACHMENT I GENERAL VALUATION PRINCIPLES AND PRINCIPAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF APPOINTMENT AS VALUERS

ATTACHMENT II INSTRUCTION AND CONFIRMATION LETTER



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Fax +39 02 63799 250
PEC: finance@pec.cwllp.it
cushmanwakefield.it

For translation purposes only – Italian version legally binding

TO: GRUPPO IGD
ATTENTION: MR. ROBERTO ZOIA
PROPERTY: REAL ESTATE PORTFOLIO (excluding buildable land)
REPORT DATE: 21 JULY 2017
VALUATION DATE: 30 JUNE 2017

1. INSTRUCTIONS

1.1 THE PROPERTIES

We are instructed to provide our opinion of Market Value of the portfolio including the following Properties:

GRUPPO IGD PORTFOLIO			
#	Location	Province	Property
1	Bologna	BO	Il Borgo
2	San Giovanni Teatino	CH	Centro D'Abruzzo
3	Faenza	RA	Le Maioliche
4	Cesena	FC	Lungo Savio
5	San Benedetto del Tronto	AP	Porto Grande
6	Rovereto	TN	Millennium
7	Rimini	RI	Fitness Rimini (Fitness Centre)
8	Bologna	BO	Ipercoop Il Borgo
9	San Giovanni Teatino	CH	Ipercoop D'Abruzzo
10	Lugo di Romagna	RA	Ipercoop Lugo Romagna
11	Pesaro	PU	Ipercoop CC Miralfiore
12	Cesena	FC	Iper Cesena
13	San Benedetto del Tronto	AP	Ipercoop CC Porto Grande
14	Schio	VI	Iper Schio
15	Faenza	RA	Ipercoop Le Maioliche
16	Rimini	RI	Ipercoop + Magazzino Rimini

More details relating to the Properties are included in the Full Valuation Reports *Ref. IGD-GruppoIGDNoSviluppi-CertVal-170630-01-ITA*.

IGD-GRUPPOIGDNOSVILUPPI-VALCERTPERBILANCIO-170630-01-ENG

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1.2 PURPOSE OF VALUATION

We have been instructed to prepare this valuation for accounting purposes.

The subject Valuations are not intended to be *due diligence*. Therefore, it is likely that a potential buyer before proceeding with the purchase of the Properties may require further advice or clarification on such issues that may affect the Market Values which we have estimated. We recommend you to draw particular attention on the assumptions on which our valuations have been prepared.

1.3 COMPLIANCE WITH RICS “RED BOOK”

The valuation has been prepared in accordance with the RICS Valuation – Professional Standards current at the date of the report (the “Red Book”) by valuers conforming to its requirements, acting as external valuer.

1.4 DISCLOSURE OF CONFLICT OF INTEREST

We confirm that we have no conflict of interest in carrying out this assignment.

1.5 BASIS OF VALUATION

As per instruction and according to the RICS Valuation – Professional Standards, the valuation has been prepared on the basis of Market Value and Market Rent and adopts the following definitions contained in the Red Book:

MARKET VALUE

VS 3.2 defines the Market Value as follows:

“The estimated amount for which an asset or liability should exchange on the valuation date between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm’s length transaction after proper marketing and where the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion”.

MARKET RENT

VS 3.3 defines the Market Rent as follows:

“The estimated amount for which a property would be leased on the valuation date between a willing lessor and a willing lessee on appropriate lease terms in an arm’s length transaction, after proper marketing wherein the parties had acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion”.

1.6 CONFIRMATION OF TERMS OF ENGAGEMENT

Our confirmation letter Ns Ref: VAL/CLI/IGD-GruppoIGD-CertVal-170630-01-ITA dated 19 April 2017 and relevant Company’s acceptance, are enclosed to this report under Attachment II.

IGD-GRUPPOIGDNOSVILUPPI-VALCERTPERBILANCIO-170630-01-ENG

For translation purposes only – Italian version legally binding

1.7 THIRD PARTY LIABILITY

The valuation has been carried out on behalf of Gruppo IGD and no responsibility is accepted to any third party in respect of its contents.

1.8 VALUERS

This valuation has been undertaken by the team of professionals of Cushman & Wakefield Valuation & Advisory and reviewed by Mariacristina Laria MRICS and Joachim Sandberg FRICS.

2. ASSUMPTIONS & SPECIAL ASSUMPTIONS

This valuation report and its contents are subject to the general Assumptions contained in our 'General Valuation Principles and Principal Terms and Conditions of Appointment as Valuers' attached.

This valuation is not subject to any Special Assumptions.

3. DATE OF VALUATION

The date of valuation is 30 June 2017.

4. INSPECTIONS

As described in the relevant valuation reports enclosed under Attachment I of *Ref: IGD-GruppoIGD-CertVal-170630-01-ITA*, all Properties were inspected both internally and externally during the site visits carried out for the current valuation dated 30 June 2017.

We inspected the Properties as stated in the relevant Full Property Reports. Our comments on the state of repair are limited to the state of maintenance which is visible from a cursory visit and they are not intended to be technical due diligence.

In particular, we did not have access to non-public areas and the roof which are assumed in good state of repair.

We have not measured the Properties nor carried out check-measurements but have relied on the GLAs that have been supplied to us. We assume that these have been calculated on an appropriate basis.

5. INFORMATION SUPPLIED

The Valuations were prepared on the basis of information that has been supplied to us by Gruppo IGD, which we have assumed to be complete and correct for our purposes.

Details on the information supplied for each Property is provided within the Full Property Reports *Ref. IGD-GruppoIGDNoSviluppi-CertVal-170630-01-ITA*.

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We have relied on the information supplied to us as being complete, updated and correct as we have not been instructed to carry out any due diligence activity.

6. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

Our valuations and their contents are subject to the general Assumptions contained in our 'General Valuation Principles' enclosed in the body of this report and to the terms stated in our proposal. We report below the main terms.

Unless otherwise stated in the Full Valuation Reports *Ref. IGD-GruppoIGDNoSviluppi-CertVal-170630-01-ITA*, our valuations assume the Properties are effectively freehold. We have assumed that the Properties have a good and marketable title, free from any unusually onerous restrictions, covenants or other encumbrances.

Should the lease contracts contemplate a pre-emption right in favor of the tenant, our valuations are based on the assumption that this right does not have any impact on our estimate of the Market Value of the Property.

Unless otherwise stated in the Full Valuation Reports *Ref. IGD-GruppoIGDNoSviluppi-CertVal-170630-01-ITA*, our valuations are on the basis that the Properties have been erected in accordance with a valid planning permission and are being occupied and used without any contravention.

According to our proposal, we have not investigated the presence of harmful or hazardous substances in the Properties. In the absence of information to the contrary, we based our valuations on the assumption that there are no such substances and that each Property has been properly built.

According to our proposal, we have not carried out technical surveys of the Properties nor verified the maintenance conditions of plants and machinery. In any case, our valuations take into consideration the information supplied to us and any defect which we have noted during our cursory visits to the Properties. However, our valuations are on the basis that there are no latent defects, wants of repair or other matters which would materially affect our valuations.

Should you be aware of any information contrary to the content of the subject paragraph, we recommend that this is referred back to us to enable us to amend our valuation accordingly.

7. VALUATION METHODOLOGY

In the following paragraph we provide a brief description of the methodology used to arrive at the Market Value of the Properties. For further details, please refer to the Full Valuation Reports *Ref. IGD-GruppoIGDNoSviluppi-CertVal-170630-01-ITA*.

7.1 DCF ANALYSIS (DISCOUNTED CASH FLOW ANALYSIS)

This methodology takes into account the income generated by the lease contract/s in place for the Property, the annual costs to be borne by the Landlord (e.g. management fees, IMU property tax, insurance costs), the expenses relating to the extraordinary maintenance, the

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void period before the re-letting of the asset at market rental levels and the sale of the asset once it will be fully let at market rent. The assumed holding period is 10 years. The exit value of the Property is obtained capitalizing the net income of the year following the last year of the cash flow at a net yield that takes into account the specific features of the asset in the market (location, material characteristics, state of repair and letting status). The exit value is then reduced by the sales costs. The net cash flows are discounted using an appropriate discount rate which reflects the specific risk relating to the specific real estate investment and takes into consideration all the variables that have been assumed in the cash flow. The algebraic sum of the discounted cash flows represents the gross value of the Property from which, once deducted the purchaser's costs, we obtain the Market Value.

We wish to point out that there are no comparables of Discount Rates (especially considering that the choice of the discount rate to be applied depends on further factors which are not available, as data relating to investment transactions). Once we have estimated Market Value on the basis of the DCF method, the result is compared to the rent to check whether the initial yield would be consistent with those expectations of return that investors require for similar type of investments. Therefore, to support the result of our valuations, we use the Direct Capitalization methodology.

8. MARKET VALUE

Subject to the contents of this report we consider that the Market Value (net of purchaser's costs) of the Properties forming part of the portfolio (excluding buildable land and development project) and split as per your request, as at 30 June 2017, may fairly be estimated as:

€459,210,000

(Fourhundredfiftyninemilliontwohundredtenthousand Euros)

The Properties have been valued on an individual basis. The sum of the Market Values of the single Properties does not represent the Market Value of the portfolio in its entirety.

More details are included in the Full Valuation Reports *Ref. IGD-GruppoIGDNoSviluppi-CertVal-170630-01-ITA*.

As per your request we report the Value gross of purchaser's costs, which is equal to €466,007,682.

9. CONFIDENTIALITY

Our valuation is confidential to you, for your sole use and for the specific purpose stated. We will not accept responsibility to any third party in respect of the whole or any part of its contents.

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10. DISCLOSURE AND PUBLICATION

You must not disclose the contents of this valuation report to a third party in any way without first obtaining our written approval to the form and context of the proposed disclosure. You must obtain our consent, even if we are not referred to by name or our valuation report is to be combined with others. We will not approve any disclosure that does not refer sufficiently to any Special Assumptions or Departures that we have made.

Attachments that form part of this report:

ATTACHMENT I GENERAL VALUATION PRINCIPLES AND PRINCIPAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF APPOINTMENT AS VALUERS

ATTACHMENT II INSTRUCTION AND CONFIRMATION LETTER

DUFF & PHELPS
Real Estate Advisory Group

Agrate Brianza, 24 July 2017
Ref. n° 21222,00 – 21199,00

Messrs
GRUPPO IGD S.p.A.
Immobiliare Grande Distribuzione
Via Trattati Comunitari Europei 1957-2007, n. 13
40127 Bologna

To the kind attention of Mr Roberto Zoia

Subject: Determination of the Market Value as of June 30th 2017 of a real estate portfolio consisting of of n. 11 real estate assts intended for commercial use and located on the italian territory and n. 6 real estate assets located on the romanian territory, indicated as owned by GRUPPO IGD S.p.A.

Dear sirs,
in compliance with Your request, REAG – Real Estate Advisory Group carried out the valuation of a real estate portfolio, indicated as owned by GRUPPO IGD S.p.A. (hereinafter the Client), in order to determine the market value as of June 30th 2017.

The appraisal has been completed on the basis of the following assumptions:

- ◆ sale of the real estate complex as a whole (not piecemeal), in the rental situation at the date of the appraisal.

Definitions

In this report, the following listed words have to refer to their proper definitions, except for the different cases mentioned on the report itself. For the definition of all other technical and/or legal terms contained in this report, please refer to the Italian Civil Code and related laws, or to the commonly used meaning.

“Real Estate Portfolio” (hereinafter **“Portfolio”**) represents the ensemble of assets subject to appraisal: land, buildings, building systems and land improvements. Personal Properties and intangible assets were excluded from the appraisal.

“Real Estate Property” (hereinafter **“Property”**) represents the asset subject to appraisal: land, buildings, building systems and land improvements. Personal Properties and intangible assets were excluded from the appraisal.

“Valuation” is defined by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (“RICS”) as: a member’s opinion of the value of a specified interest or interest in a property, at the date of valuation, given in writing. Unless limitations are agreed in the Terms of Engagement this will be provided after an inspection, and any further investigations and enquiries that are appropriate, having regard to the nature of the property and the purpose of the valuation.

“Market Value” (MV) is “(...) the estimated amount for which a property should exchange on the date of valuation, between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm’s-length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion”. (Valuation Standard RICS, January 2014).

“Market Rent” (MR) is “ (...) the estimated amount for which a property, or space within a Property, should lease on the date of valuation between a willing lessor and a willing lessee on

appropriate lease terms, in an arm's-length transaction, after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion". (Valuation Standard RICS, January 2014).

Valuation criteria

Valuations Asset by Asset of the entire portfolio have been carried out considering the conditions set out in drafts of leases and rent of business unit and individual "rent roll" provided by the Ownership, reflecting the rental situation as of June 2017.

For the valuation of the shopping centers having both the part called "Hyper" and the part called "Mall", REAG, as agreed with the client, proceeded to the virtual separation of the properties into two separate entities, Hyper and Mall, making two separate assessments, assumptions and specific valuation criteria.

During the appraisal, REAG followed generally accepted valuation concepts and methods, applying in particular the following valuation methods.

•**Market/Sales Comparison Approach:** is predicated on actual sales transaction data. Sales are adjusted for comparability including time, location, size, condition, utility and intangible benefits.

•**Income Capitalization Approach:** takes two different methodological approaches into consideration:

- Direct Capitalisation: based on capitalisation of future net incomes generated by the property at a rate deduced from the real estate market;
- Discounted Cash Flow Method (DCF) based:
 - on the calculation of future net incomes derived from Property renting for a period of "n." years;
 - on the determination of the Market Value of the property by means of the capitalisation in perpetuity of the net income at the end of this period;

- on the discounted back net incomes (cash flow) as of the evaluation date.

REAG moreover:

- Carried out site inspections on the Properties of Bologna (offices), Crema (Gran Rondò), Asti (I Bricchi), Mondovicino (Mondovi), Chioggia (Clodi), Ravenna (supermarket and shop), Sesto S. Giovanni (Sarca) and Afragola (Le Porte di Napoli) located in Italy and on the Properties of Alexandria, Ploiesti, Slatina, Ramnicu Valcea, located in Romania, to find out all the information (building qualities, preservation condition, etc.) necessary to elaborate the appraisals themselves, in addition to the information given by Client; no site inspections were carried on the other properties, REAG based the appraisals on the informations already known.
- Carried out an analysis of the conditions of the local real estate market, took the economic data detected therein into consideration and adapted it to the specific features of the Properties through appropriate statistical work-ups;
- Determined the building area on the basis of the documents supplied by the Client;
- Considered the draft of the "model" lease agreement, the individual amounts of the fees as indicated in the "rent-roll" and the related clauses (duration, insurance costs, maintenance costs, etc) provided by the Client;
- Determined the value of the Property on the assumption of its highest and best use, that is to say, considering among all legally permitted and financially feasible technical uses, only those that can potentially confer the maximum value to each Property;
- Considered the rental situation at the date of the appraisal and indicated by the Client;

- Specifically excludes the impact of substances such as asbestos, urea-formaldehyde foam insulation, other chemicals, toxic wastes, or other potentially hazardous materials or of structural damage or environmental contamination resulting from earthquakes or other causes;
- No environmental impact study has been ordered made.
- Did not make specific compliance survey and analysis of the property to determine whether or not it is compliant with the various detailed requirements of the law, concerning the possibility for disabled people to enter work places.

Report content

This work, including the final report on the conclusions reached by REAG, comprises:

- a letter of general introduction to the work, identifying the Property appraised, describing the nature and extent of the investigation, presenting and certifying the conclusion reached;
- assumptions and limiting conditions;
- general service conditions

Conclusions

The conclusions out coming from the analysis have been reached by REAG on the basis of the results obtained at the end of all the following activities:

- Site inspections on the Properties;
- Collection, selection, analysis and valuation of the data and documents concerning the Property;
- Performance of proper market researches;
- Technical-financial elaborations;

besides on the basis of the methods and valuation criteria above described.

DUFF & PHELPS
Real Estate Advisory Group

Given the above considerations

It is our opinion that, as of June 30th, 2017, the **Market Value** of the subject Properties can reasonably be expressed as follows:


Euro 612.720.000,00
(Euro Sixhundredtwelvemillionsevenhundredtwentythousand/00)

REAG – Real Estate Advisory Group S.p.A.

Performed by:

Gianluca Melli
Project Manager


Supervised and coordinated by:
Savino Natalicchio
Director Retail Advisory & Val. Dept


Simone Spreafico
Managing Director Advisory & Valuation Dept.

3. GLOSSARY

AGENCY MANAGEMENT

Activities aimed at finding the most profitable tenant mix and negotiating leases for stores at malls.

AVERAGE COST OF DEBT

Refers to the average cost, without taking into account additional borrowing costs like fees and commissions (recurring and non), incurred by a company to service debt.

The calculation takes into account the interest payable matured in the period under examination (relating to short-term loans, mortgages, unsecured loans, IRS differentials, bonds and fees paid on financial leases) and the average stock of long and short term debt recorded at the close of every quarter and at the beginning of the period.

AVERAGE EFFECTIVE COST OF DEBT

Refers to the average cost, taking into account additional borrowing costs like fees and commissions (recurring and non), incurred by a company to service debt. The calculation takes into account the interest payable matured in the period under examination (relating to short-term loans, mortgages, unsecured loans, IRS differentials, bonds and fees paid on financial leases) and the average stock of long and short term debt recorded at the close of every quarter and at the beginning of the period.

CORE BUSINESS FFO

FFO is calculated by subtracting non-cash items (writedowns, fair value adjustments, amortization, depreciation and other), as well as the impact of extraordinary transactions and income generated by property sales from pre-tax profit, net of current tax. It is the indicator that best represents the performance of the Group's core business.

DEVELOPMENT PIPELINE

Program of investments in development.

DIRECT COSTS

Costs directly attributable to the shopping centers.

DIVIDEND YIELD

The dividend yield, or price/dividend ratio, is the company annual dividend payments made or announced divided by closing price of its ordinary shares at the end of the year.

EBIT (Operating profit)

EBIT, or Earnings before Interest and Taxes, differs from EBITDA in that it includes information on amortization, depreciation, changes in the fair value of properties held and provisions for risk.

EBITDA (including core business)

EBITDA, or Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation & Amortization, is the most significant measure of a company's operating performance as it indicates earnings before interest payable, taxes, disposals, income/(loss) from equity investments, non-recurring transactions, amortization, depreciation, provisions, as well as impairment and fair value adjustments. Core business Ebitda refers to

the core business included in the consolidated income statement which does not include the results posted by the “Porta a Mare Project”.

EBITDA MARGIN (including core business)

This indicator is calculated by dividing Ebitda by operating income.

EPRA

European Public Real Estate Association.

EPS / EARNINGS PER SHARE

Net profit divided by the average number of shares outstanding in the year.

ESTIMATED RENTAL VALUE / ERV

The estimated value at market rates for rentable space, according to an independent appraisal based on similar properties in comparable areas.

FACILITY MANAGEMENT

Supply of specialized services to shopping centers such as security, clearing and routine maintenance.

FINANCIAL OCCUPANCY

Calculated as the GLA rented at market rates and expressed as a percentage of the market value of the total GLA rented at market rates.

GENERAL EXPENSES

Corporate costs not attributable to the individual shopping center.

GEARING

The gearing ratio reflects the total debt to total equity ratio, including non-controlling interests, and net of the cash flow hedge reserve. It measures financial leverage which demonstrates the degree to which a company's operations are funded by owner's funds versus borrowings, and facilitates sector benchmark analysis.

GROSS EXIT CAP RATE

The terminal value of the gross revenue (rents, temporary and variable) calculated as a percentage of the exit value.

GROSS INITIAL YIELD

The gross initial yield of an investment is the annualized rental income used in the first year of the DCF model (Discounted Cash Flow) expressed as a percentage of the property's fair value.

GLA / GROSS LEASABLE AREA

The total floor area designed for tenant occupance which includes outside walls.

GROSS MARGIN

The result obtained by subtracting direct costs from revenues

HEDGING

The total amount of mortgage loans hedged with interest rate swaps and bonds divided by the total amount of mortgage loans and bonds.

HYPERMARKET

Property with a sales floor in excess of 2,500 sqm, used for the retail sales of food and non-food products.

INITIAL YIELD

The annualized rental income from a property as a percentage of its valuation at the time of purchase.

INTEREST COVER RATIO (ICR)

Measure of the number of times a company's operating profit covers the interest payable on debt. It is an indicator used to understand a company's solvency and ability to assume debt. It is calculated by dividing EBITDA by the net financial expense.

INTEREST RATE SWAPS / IRS

Financial instrument whereby two parties agree to exchange a certain interest rate stream on a pre-established date. Using to convert floating rate debt into fixed rate debt.

LIKE-FOR-LIKE PORTFOLIO

Real estate assets held in the portfolio for the entire year and the entire prior year.

LIKE FOR LIKE REVENUES

Revenues from rental activities of the assets held in the portfolio for the entire year and the entire prior year. They are separately calculated for Italy and Romania portfolios and they exclude:

- Revenues from assets that have been acquired, sold or subject to remodeling and therefore they have not realized any income in the period;
- missing revenues from instrumental vacancy due to different reasons (ie works carried out to create new layouts);
- exceptional and one-off revenues which would make the comparison less reliable.

LOAN TO VALUE (LTV)

Ratio between the amount borrowed and the market value of freehold properties.

MALL / SHOPPING MALL

Property comprised of many stores plus the common spaces around which they are situated. Usually called a "galleria" in Italian.

MIDSIZE STORE

A property with a sales floor area of 250 to 2,500 sqm used for the retail sales of non-food consumer goods.

NET ASSET VALUE (NAV) AND TRIPLE NET ASSET VALUE (NNNAV)

The equity pertaining to the Group, calculated based on EPRA indications which call for a few adjustments.

Certain items are excluded from the NAV calculation for lack of relevance in a business model with a long term view like the Group's. NNNAV provides more relevant information about the fair value of assets and liabilities. The NAV is adjusted to take into account the fair value of (i) hedges, (ii) debt and (iii) deferred taxes.

It represents the equity pertaining to the Group including in the calculation the fair value of the main assets and liabilities that are not included in the EPRA NAV, namely (i) hedges, (ii) debt and (iii) deferred taxes.

NET DEBT

Net debt shows financial structure and is calculated by adding long-term debt, short-term debt and the current portion of long-term debt included in “Non-current and current financial liabilities (with third parties and related parties)”, net of “Cash and cash equivalents”, “Non-current financial assets” and “Financial receivables and other current financial assets (with third parties and related parties)”.

OCCUPANCY RATE

Gross let surface area as a percentage of properties’ total surface area.

OVER-RENTED

Space rented for an amount exceeding its ERV.

PRE-LET

Lease signed by a tenant before development of the property has been completed.

REAL ESTATE ASSETS

The Group’s freehold properties.

REAL ESTATE PORTFOLIO

The portfolio of freehold and leasehold properties rented out by the IGD Group.

REIT

Real Estate Investment Trust. Comparable to a SIIQ in Italy.

RETAIL PARK

Group of three or more complexes with a combined area of more than 4,500 sqm and shared parking.

REVERSIONARY POTENTIAL YIELD

The net annual rent that a property would generate if it were fully let at going market rates, as a percentage of the property’s value.

SHOPPING CENTER

Real estate complex comprised of a hypermarket and a shopping mall, featuring common areas and services located in a covered area with heating and air conditioning.

SIIQ

Società di Investimento Immobiliare Quotata. Real estate investment model comparable to a REIT. SIIQ rules allow income tax exemptions for publicly held listed companies whose prevalent activity is the rental of properties and equivalent, provided they meet a series of earnings and balance sheet requirements.

STORE

Property for the retail sale of non-food consumer goods.

SUPERMARKET

A property with a sales floor of 250 to 2,500 sqm used for the retail sale of food and non-food products.

TENANT MIX

Set of store operators and brands found within a mall.

UNDER-RENTED

Space rented for an amount less than its ERV.

WACC / WEIGHTED AVERAGE COST OF CAPITAL

The weighted average cost of debt and all other sources of capital, used to calculate the expected return on investments.